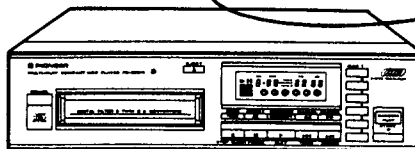


Service Manual

12607



ORDER NO.
ARP1665

MULTI-PLAY COMPACT DISC PLAYER

PD-Z82M

MODEL PD-Z82M HAS FOUR VERSIONS :

Type	Power requirement	Export destination
HEM	AC 220V, 240V (switchable)*	European continent
HB	AC 220V, 240V (switchable)*	United Kingdom
SD	AC 110V, 120V - 127V, 220V, 240V (switchable)	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and general market
HP	AC 220V, 240V (switchable)*	Australia
KU	AC 120V only	U.S.A.

* Change the connection wire from Power switch board assembly to Transformer board assembly.



CONTENTS

1. SAFETY INFORMATION	2	7. P.C. BOARDS CONNECTION DIAGRAM ...	19
2. SPECIFICATIONS	4	8. ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST	30
3. PANEL FACILITIES	5	9. ADJUSTMENTS	33
4. PACKING	8	RÉGLAGE	44
5. EXPLODED VIEWS AND PARTS LIST	9	AJUSTE	55
6. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	15	10. FOR HB, HP AND SD TYPES	66

1. SAFETY INFORMATION

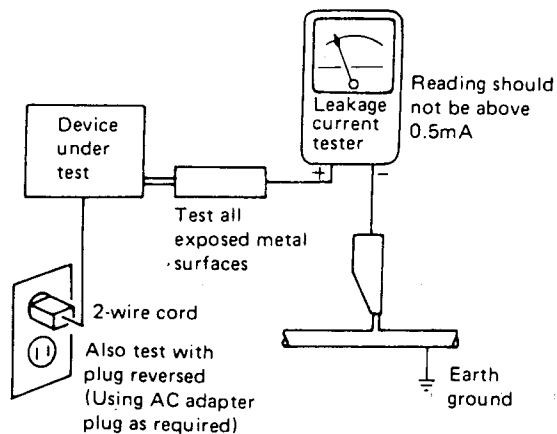
(FOR USA MODEL ONLY)

1. SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

The following check should be performed for the continued protection of the customer and service technician.

LEAKAGE CURRENT CHECK

Measure leakage current to a known earth ground (water pipe, conduit, etc.) by connecting a leakage current tester such as Simpson Model 229-2 or equivalent between the earth ground and all exposed metal parts of the appliance (input/output terminals, screwheads, metal overlays, control shaft, etc.). Plug the AC line cord of the appliance directly into a 120V AC 60Hz outlet and turn the AC power switch on. Any current measured must not exceed 0.5mA.



AC Leakage Test

ANY MEASUREMENTS NOT WITHIN THE LIMITS OUTLINED ABOVE ARE INDICATIVE OF A POTENTIAL SHOCK HAZARD AND MUST BE CORRECTED BEFORE RETURNING THE APPLIANCE TO THE CUSTOMER.

2. PRODUCT SAFETY NOTICE

Many electrical and mechanical parts in the appliance have special safety related characteristics. These are often not evident from visual inspection nor the protection afforded by them necessarily can be obtained by using replacement components rated for voltage, wattage, etc. Replacement parts which have these special safety characteristics are identified in this Service Manual.

Electrical components having such features are identified by marking with a Δ on the schematics and on the parts list in this Service Manual.

The use of a substitute replacement component which does not have the same safety characteristics as the PIONEER recommended replacement one, shown in the parts list in this Service Manual, may create shock, fire, or other hazards.

Product Safety is continuously under review and new instructions are issued from time to time. For the latest information, always consult the current PIONEER Service Manual. A subscription to, or additional copies of, PIONEER Service Manual may be obtained at a nominal charge from PIONEER.

(FOR EUROPEAN MODEL ONLY)

VAROITUS!

LAITE SISÄLTÄÄ LASERDIODIN, JOKA LÄHETTÄÄ NÄKYMÄTÖNTÄ, SILMILLE VAARALLISTA INFRAPUNASÄTEILYÄ LAITTEEN SISÄLLÄ ON LASERDIODIN LÄHEISYYDESSÄ KUVAN 1. MUKAINEN VAROITUSMERKKI.



LASER
Kuva 1
Lasersäteilyn
varoituserkki

WARNING!

DEVICE INCLUDES LASER DIODE WHICH EMITS INVISIBLE INFRARED RADIATION WHICH IS DANGEROUS TO EYES. THERE IS A WARNING SIGN ACCORDING TO PICTURE 1 INSIDE THE DEVICE CLOSE TO THE LASER DIODE.



LASER
Picture 1
Warning sign for
laser radiation

ADVERSEL:

USYNLIG LASERSTRÅLING VED ÅBNING NÅR SIKKERHEDSAFBRYDERE ER UDE AF FUNKTION UNDGÅ UDSÆTTELSE FOR STRÅLING.

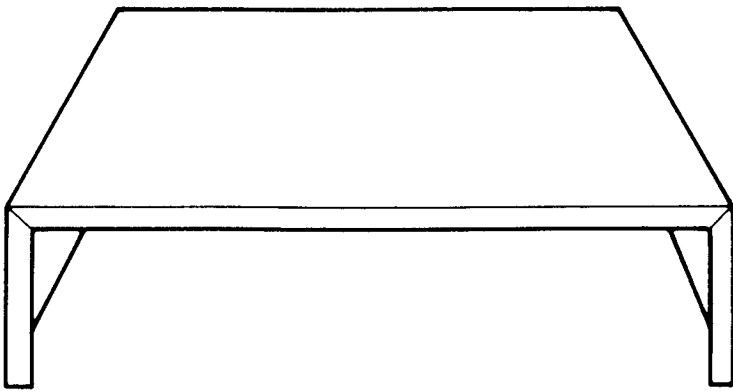
VIKTIGT

APARATEN INNEHÅLLER LASER AV HÖGRE KLASS ÄN 1. INGREPP I APPARATEN BÖR GÖRAS AV SPECIELLT UTBILDAD PERSONAL.

IMPORTANT

PIONEER COMPACT DISC PLAYER APPARATUS CONTAINS LASER OF HIGHER CLASS THAN 1. SERVICING OPERATION OF THE APPARATUS SHOULD BE DONE BY A SPECIALLY INSTRUCTED PERSON.

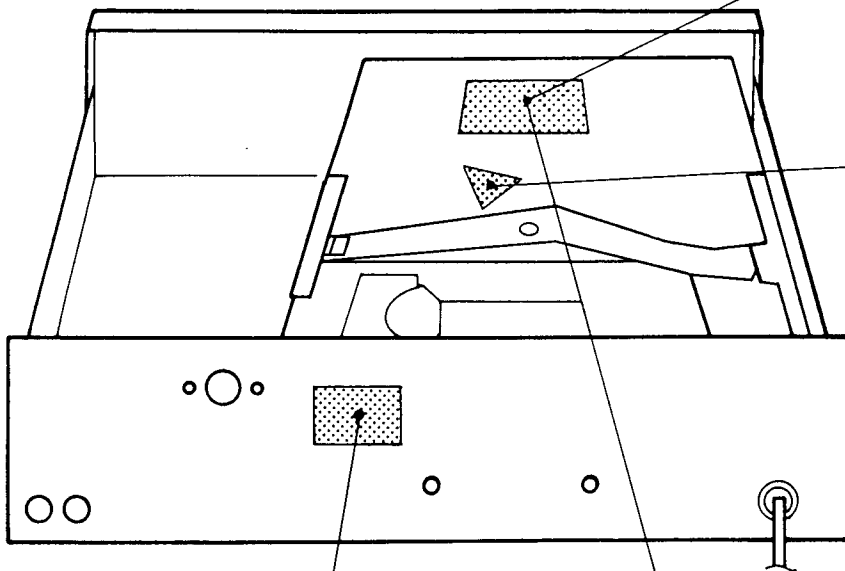
LABEL CHECK



HEM model

CAUTION
 LASER RADIATION WHEN OPEN, AVOID EXPOSURE TO BEAM
 ADVARSEL
 FARE FOR USYNLIG LASERSTRÅLING VED ÅBNING AF DÆKSEL.
 UNDGÅ AT UDSÆTTE ØJENE FOR STRÅLING.
 VORSICHT!
 UNSICHTBARE LASER-STRÅLUNG TRIT AUS, WENN DECKEL
 (ODER KLAPPE) GEÖFFNET IST! NICHT DEM STRAHL AUSSETZEN!
 PRW-175

HEM, HB and HP models



HEM, HB and HP models

**CLASS 1
 LASER PRODUCT**
 VRW-328

HB and HP models

CAUTION
 INVISIBLE LASER
 RADIATION WHEN OPEN,
 AVOID EXPOSURE
 TO BEAM
 PRW1018

Additional Laser Caution

1. Laser Interlock Mechanism
 The ON/OFF (L/H) modes of the loading state detection switches, LPS1 (S701) and LPS2 (S702), are detected with the system microcomputer. The laser diode does not oscillate unless these switches are both ON (L). This is the so called clamped state. Consequently, if these switches are short-circuited on purpose, the interlock becomes invalid. Also, in the test mode (refer to page 33), the interlock mechanism does not operate. When pins ④, ⑤ or ⑧ of CXA1081S (IC1) is short-circuited to GND, or when there is a short-circuit between the respective pins of Q1 (fault condition), the laser diode keeps oscillating.
2. If the fault condition described in 1 is induced with the cover open and with the servo mechanism block removed to be turned over, close viewing of the objective lens with the naked eye will cause exposure to a class 1 or higher laser beam.

2. SPECIFICATIONS

1. General

Type	Compact disc digital audio system
Usable discs	Compact Disc
DA conversion format	16-bit linear
Power requirements	
European models	AC 220V, 50/60Hz
U.K., Australian models	AC 240V, 50/60Hz
U.S., Canadian models	AC 120V, 60Hz
Other models	AC 110/120-127/220/240V (switchable) 50/60Hz
Power consumption	12W
Operating temperature	+5°C - +35°C (+41°F - +95°F)
Weight	4.5kg (9lb 15oz)
External dimensions	360(W) x 325(D) x 90(H) mm 14-3/16(W) x 12-25/32(D) x 3-17/32(H) in

2. Audio section

Frequency response	4Hz-20kHz (± 0.5 dB) (EIAJ)
SN ratio	more than 100dB (EIAJ)
Dynamic range	more than 92dB (EIAJ)
Channel separation	more than 93dB (EIAJ)
Wow and flutter	less than ($\pm 0.001\%$ W.PEAK) (below measurable level) (EIAJ)
Channels	2-channel (stereo)

3. Output Terminal

Audio line output

4. Functions

Number of discs to be stored - maximum 6.

Basic operation keys

- PLAY, PAUSE, STOP/CLEAR

Search function

- Disc selection (6 keys)
- Manual search
- Track search

Programming

- Maximum 32 steps
- Pause
- Direct programming
- Program clear

Timer start

- Timer start play

Repeat functions

- All-discs repeat
- Program repeat
- 1-disc repeat (with program)
- Track repeat (with program)
- Random play repeat

Random Play

- Random play

Switching display

- Time consumed, remaining time, and total time

5. Display

FL tube display

- Passing time display (min, sec)
- Remaining time display
- Total time display
- Disc number, track number
- Program step number
- Program indicator
- Repeat indicator
- Random play indicator
- Play indicator
- Pause indicator
- Disc mark

6. Accessories

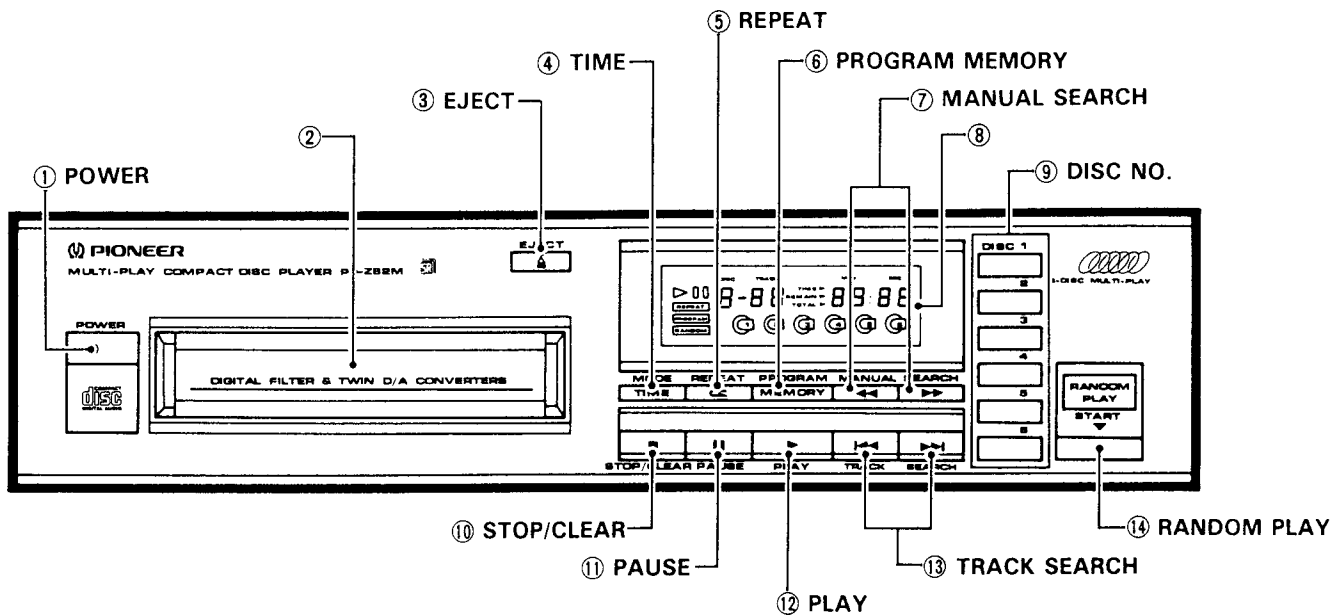
● Six-compact-disc magazine	1
● Control cord	1
● Output cable	1
● Operating instructions	1

NOTE:

Specifications and design subject to possible modification without notice, due to improvements.

3. PANEL FACILITIES

FRONT PANEL



① POWER switch

Press to turn power to the unit ON and OFF.

② Magazine insertion slot

③ EJECT key

Press to eject a magazine. When pressed, any magazine inside is expelled forward.

④ TIME key

- Use to select the method for displaying the playing time on the indicator panel.
Each time the key is pressed, the indication changes from TIME, REMAIN (track remain) and REMAIN (disc remain: TOTAL in that order. (For details concerning the display contents, refer to the explanation about the indicators.)

⑤ REPEAT key (⏮)

Press to perform repeat playback.

- If pressed during normal playback mode, all tracks on all the discs in the magazine will be played back repeatedly.
- If pressed during programmed playback, the programmed tracks will be repeatedly played back in the programmed order.
- In the case of random playback mode, after all the tracks have been played, random playback will start again.

⑥ PROGRAM MEMORY key

Use to program a sequence of tracks.

- Press this key after selecting a desired disc and track with DISC NO. and TRACK SEARCH keys. Tunes will be added to the program in the order in which they are specified.

- If only a DISC NO. key is pressed, all tracks on the specified disc will be added to the program. The letters 'AL' will appear on the indicator.

⑦ MANUAL SEARCH keys

When the player is in playback or pause modes, these keys are pressed to perform fast forward or reverse operations, to allow manual searching. These operations are done only during the time either key is pressed.

[▶▶] : For fast forward operation. If the end of the disc is reached during fast forward operation, 'End' will be displayed and the player will enter the pause mode. [During programmed playback, the player will enter the pause mode right before it reaches the next track (program step).]

[◀◀] : For fast reverse operation. If the beginning of the disc is reached during fast reverse operation, the player will enter the playback mode. [During programmed playback, the player will enter the playback mode right before it reaches the previous track (program step).]


⑧ Indicators

- ▷ (PLAY) : Lights during playback.
- ⏸ (PAUSE) : Lights during pause mode, when playback is temporarily interrupted.
- REPEAT : Lights during repeat playback.
- PROGRAM : Lights after programming (after program has been memorized).
- RANDOM : Lights during random playback.
- DISC : Indicates disc number (1 - 6) during playback or search.
- TRACK : Indicates track number (01 - 99) during playback or search.

TIME/REMAIN/TOTAL

- **TIME** : Changes each time the TIME key is pressed.
- **TIME** : Displays the track number of the track being played and the playback time (minutes and seconds).
- **REMAIN** : Displays the remaining time on the track being played.
When the TIME key is pressed again, the remaining time on the disc will be displayed.
- **TOTAL** : Displays the total number of tracks on one disc (TRACK) and the overall playback time (MIN, SEC).

During programmed playback operation, displays the playing time, the remaining time of the track being played and the total program steps (TOTAL).

- MIN** : Playing or remaining time for the track indicated by the minute.
- SEC** : Playing or remaining time for the track indicated by the second.
- DISC Symbol** () : If a nonexistent disc is searched for, the corresponding disc symbol will go off.

⑨ DISC NO. keys (Disc number 1 – 6)

Use to select disc numbers for playback or programming.

⑩ STOP/CLEAR key ()

Press to stop playback. When pressed, the player goes into stop mode and all operations stop.

When pressed during stop mode, the program stored in memory is cleared.

⑪ PAUSE key ()


Press to temporarily interrupt playback. When pressed again, the pause mode is cancelled and playback resumes.


⑫ PLAY key ()

Press to begin playback, and to cancel the player from the pause mode.

⑬ TRACK SEARCH keys

When the player is in the normal playback, programmed playback or pause modes, these keys are pressed to search for a desired track. Pressing either key causes the player to advance to the next track, or return to the previous track.

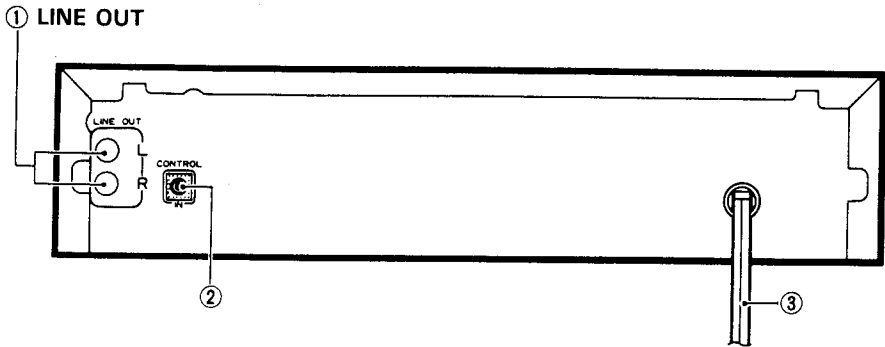
[] : When pressed once, play restarts at to the beginning of the next track on the disc; when pressed continuously, the disc playback shifts to the beginning of succeeding tracks on the disc. (During programmed playback, it moves to the beginning of the next programmed track.)

[] : When pressed once, the disc playback returns to the beginning of the currently playing track; when pressed continuously, the disc playback shifts to the beginning of previous tracks on the disc. (During programmed playback it returns to the beginning of the previous programmed track.)

⑭ RANDOM PLAY key


Press to begin random playback.

REAR PANEL



- ① LINE ONT terminal
- ② CONTROL IN terminal

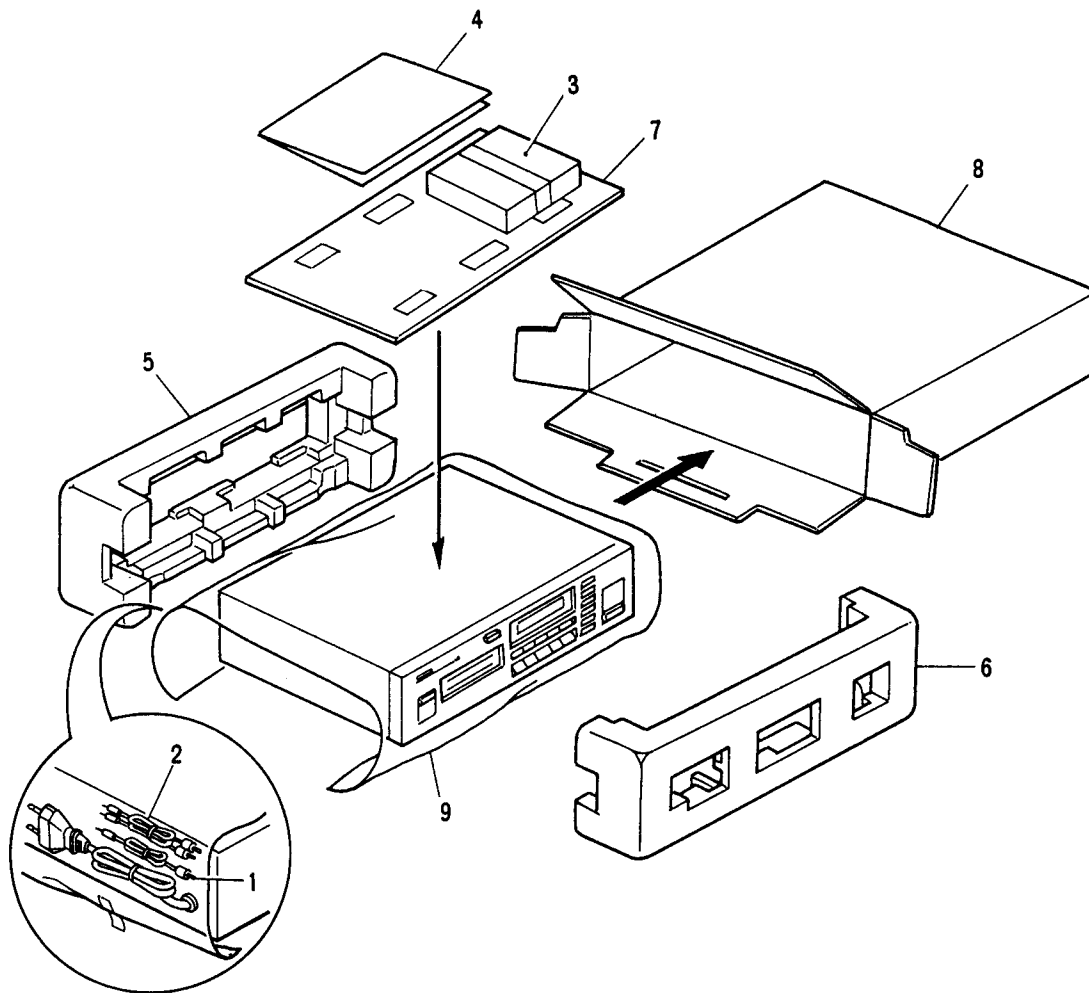
- ③ Power cord

This terminal is for inputting the remote control signals relayed from an amplifier with a sensor for receiving control signals from a remote control unit and carrying the Pioneer  mark. For instructions regarding connection and operation, please refer to the operating instruction manual for your stereo amplifier.

4. PACKING

NOTES:

- Parts without part number cannot be supplied.
- The Δ mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.



Parts List of packing

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
	1	PDE-319	Connection cord with mini plug
	2	PDE1023	Connection cord with pin plug
	3	PXA1179	Magazine assembly
	4	PRE1076	Operating instructions
	5	PHA1026	Protector (R)
	6	PHA1091	Protector (F)
	7	PHC1008	Accessory holder
	8	PHG1280	CD packing case
	9	Z23-007	Mirror mat sheet

5.
5.1

A

B

C

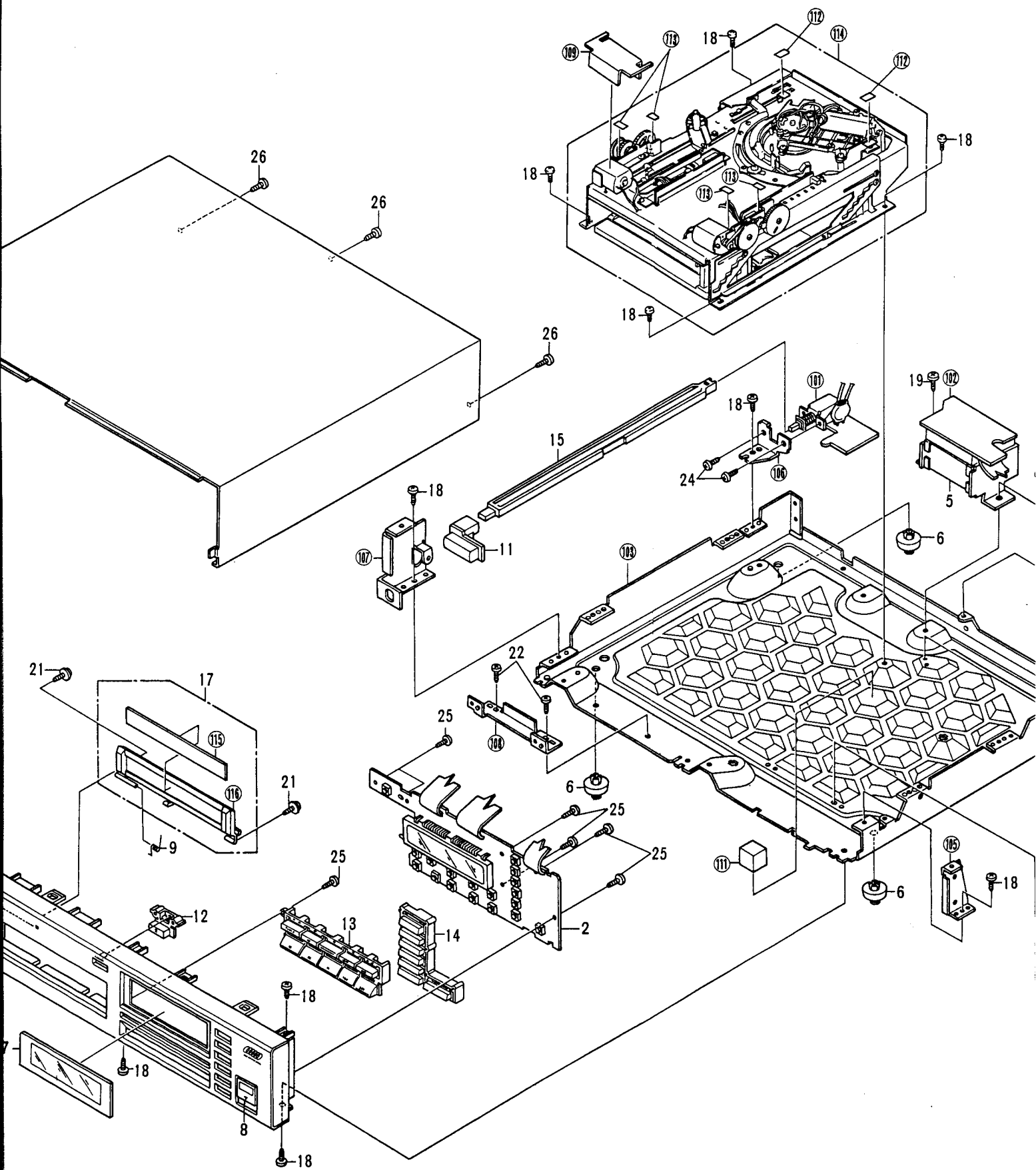
D

2

3

4

IEWS AND PARTS LIST



2

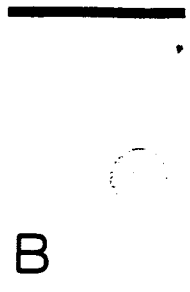
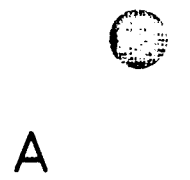
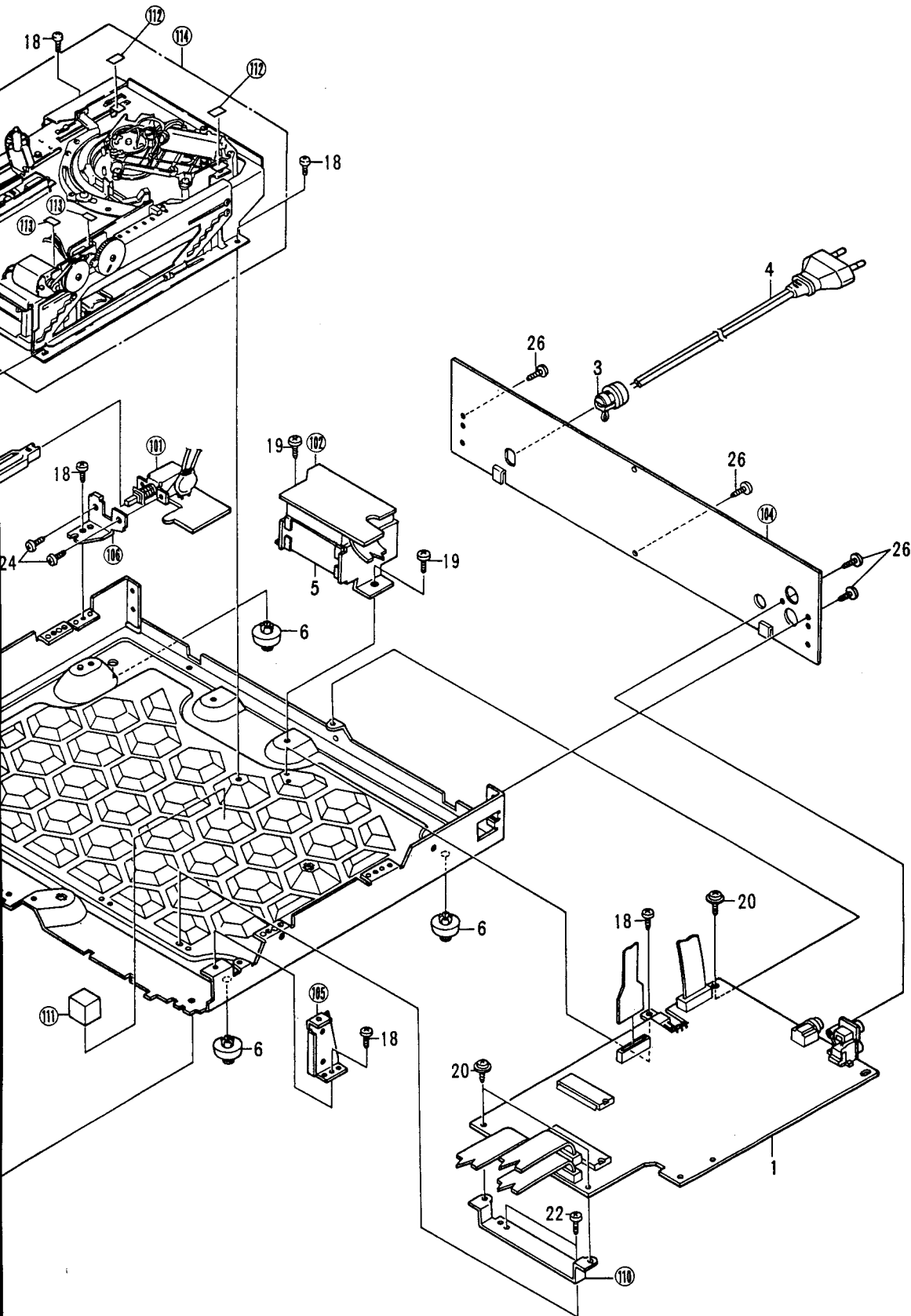
3

4

4

5

6



4

5

6

NOTES:

- Parts without part number cannot be supplied.
- The \triangle mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
- Parts marked by "⊙" are not always kept in stock. Their delivery time may be longer than usual or they may be unavailable.

Parts List of Exterior

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description	Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
\triangle ⊙	1	PWZ1537	Main board assembly		101		Power switch board assembly
⊙	2	PWZ1542	Function board assembly		102		Transformer board assembly
\triangle	3	CM-22B	Strain relief		103		Base
\triangle	4	PDG1008	AC power cord		104		Rear panel
	5	PTT1069	Power transformer (AC220/240V)		105		Angle
	6	PXA1201	Leg assembly		106		Switch angle
	7	PAM1262	Window		107		Front angle (A)
	8	PAM1263	Decoration plate		108		Angle (P)
	9	PBH1022	Door spring		109		Shield plate (M)
	10	PNW1497	Function panel		110		P.C.B angle
	11	PAC1343	Power button		111		Cushion
	12	PAC1344	Eject button		112		Button sheet
	13	PAC1345	Function button		113		Felt
	14	PAC1346	Disc button		114		Multi mechanism assembly
	15	PNY-528	Power SW joint		115		Door name plate
	16	PYY1087	Bonnet		116		Door
	17	PYY1092	Door assembly				
	18	BBZ30P080FZK	Screw				
	19	BBZ40P060FMC	Screw				
	20	IBZ30P060FCC	Screw				
	21	IPZ30P060FMC	Screw				
	22	PCZ30P050FZK	Screw				
	23	PEC-107	Binder				
	24	PMZ30P060FMC	Screw				
	25	PPZ30P100FMC	Screw				
	26	BBZ30P080FCC	Screw				

5.2 MECHANISM SECTION

Parts List of Mechanism Section

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description	Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
	1.	PEB1015	Belt		51.	CGDYX104M25	Ceramic capa
	2.	PNB1028	Stair (L)		52.	PBA-209	Screw
	3.	PNB1138	Stair (R)		53.	PBH1008	Drive spring
	4.	PNW1095	Gear pulley		54.	PBK1010	Spring
	5.	PNW1096	Gear		55.	PEB1072	Belt
Description	6.	PNW1097	Gear		56.	PLA1003	Drive screw
Power switch board assembly	7.	PNW1122	Gear		57.	PLA1004	Guide bar
Transformer board assembly	8.	PNW1098	Idler gear		58.	PNW1062	Chassis
Base	9.	PBH-465	Eject spring		59.	PNW1063	Carriage plate
Rear panel	10.	PBH1014	Lock spring		60.	PNW1066	Pully
Angle	11.	PBH1015	SM spring		61.	PSH1003	Slide switch (I
Switch angle	12.	PBH1018	Stair spring		62.	PXM1001	Spindle motor
Front angle (A)	13.	PBK1009	Drive spring		63.	PWY1008	Pick up assem
Angle (P)	14.	PBP-001	Steel ball $\phi 4$		64.	BPZ20P080FZK	Screw
Shield plate (M)	15.	PNW1099	Rack		65.	PMZ20P030FMC	Screw
P.C.B angle	16.	PNW1253	Drive plate		101.		Main chassis
Cushion	17.	PNW1101	Operation plate		102.		Gear angle (L)
Button sheet	18.	PNW1102	Top guide		103.		Gear angle (R)
Felt	19.	PNW1395	Lock lever		104.		Lever
Multi mechanism assembly	20.	PNY-386	Roller		105.		SM select
Door name plate	21.	PXC-016	Damper assembly		106.		Eject lever
Door	22.	PBA-125	Screw		107.		Drive lever
	23.	PBA1002	Screw		108.		Bottom guide
	24.	PBH1016	Clamper spring (T)		109.		Sub chassis
	25.	PBH1017	Clamper spring (B)		110.		Upper chassis
	26.	PEB1014	Float rubber		111.		Upper guide
	27.	PED1001	Cushion (A)		112.		Switch board a
	28.	PED1002	Cushion (B)		113.		Select board as
	29.	PNW1448	Clamper		114.		Base plate
	30.	PNW1105	Rotary lever		115.		Carriage motor
	31.	PNW1106	Clamper cam		116.		Servo mechanis
	32.	PNW1107	Clamper holder (T)		117.	PLA1023	Roller
	33.	PYY1025	Motor assembly (CARRIAGE, LOADING, DISC SELECT)				
	34.	PNW1108	Clamper holder (B)				
	35.	PNW1110	Pressure cam				
	36.	PNW1111	Upper tray				
	37.	PYY1027	Disc table assembly				
	38.	BBZ20P080FMC	Screw				
	39.	PXM1002	Motor				
	40.	BBZ30P060FMC	Screw				
	41.	PCZ30P040FMC	Screw				
	42.	PEC-107	Binder				
	43.	PMZ20P030FMC	Screw				
	44.	PPZ30P080FMC	Screw				
	45.	WA30F120M100	Washer				
	46.	WA31D054D050	Washer				
	47.	WT12D032D025	Washer				
	48.	WT25D047D025	Washer				
	49.	WT31D054D025	Washer				
	50.	.....	.....		

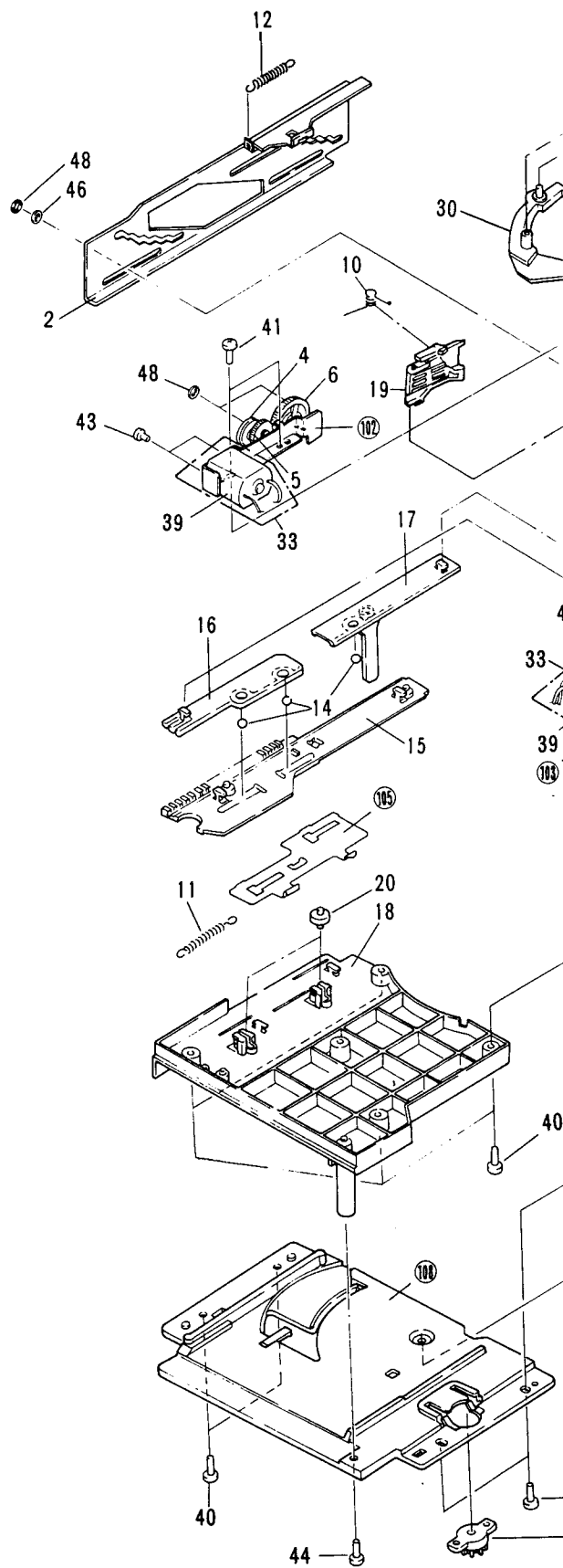
Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
	51.	CGDYX104M25	Ceramic capacitor
	52.	PBA-209	Screw
	53.	PBH1008	Drive spring
	54.	PBK1010	Spring
	55.	PEB1072	Belt
	56.	PLA1003	Drive screw
	57.	PLA1004	Guide bar
	58.	PNW1062	Chassis
	59.	PNW1063	Carriage plate
	60.	PNW1066	Pully
	61.	PSH1003	Slide switch (INSIDE)
	62.	PXM1001	Spindle motor
	63.	PWY1008	Pick up assembly
	64.	BPZ20P080FZK	Screw
	65.	PMZ20P030FMC	Screw
	101.		Main chassis
	102.		Gear angle (L)
	103.		Gear angle (R)
	104.		Lever
	105.		SM select
	106.		Eject lever
	107.		Drive lever
	108.		Bottom guide
	109.		Sub chassis
	110.		Upper chassis
	111.		Upper guide
	112.		Switch board assembly
	113.		Select board assembly
	114.		Base plate
	115.		Carriage motor board
	116.		Servo mechanism assembly
	117.	PLA1023	Roller

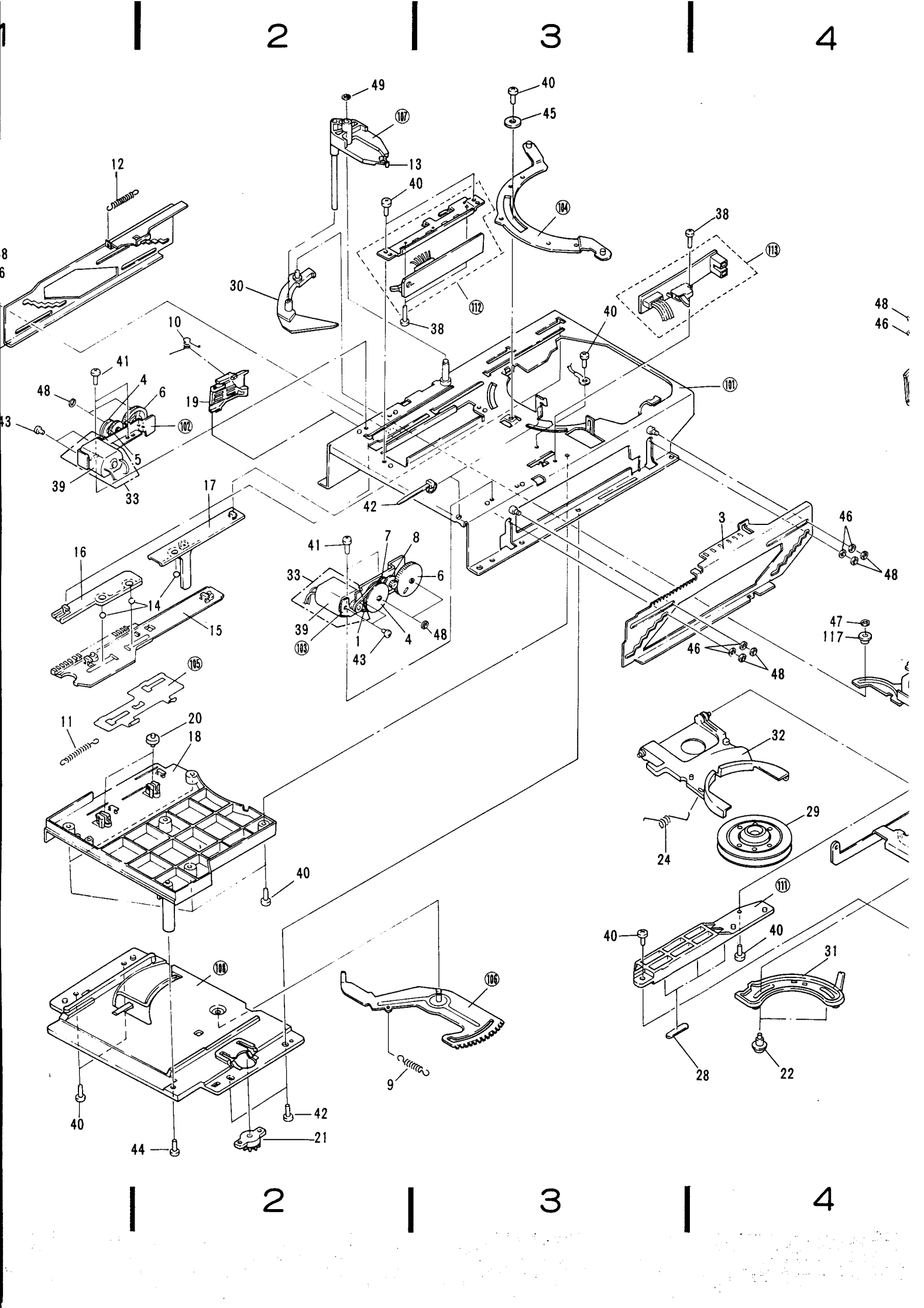
A

B

C

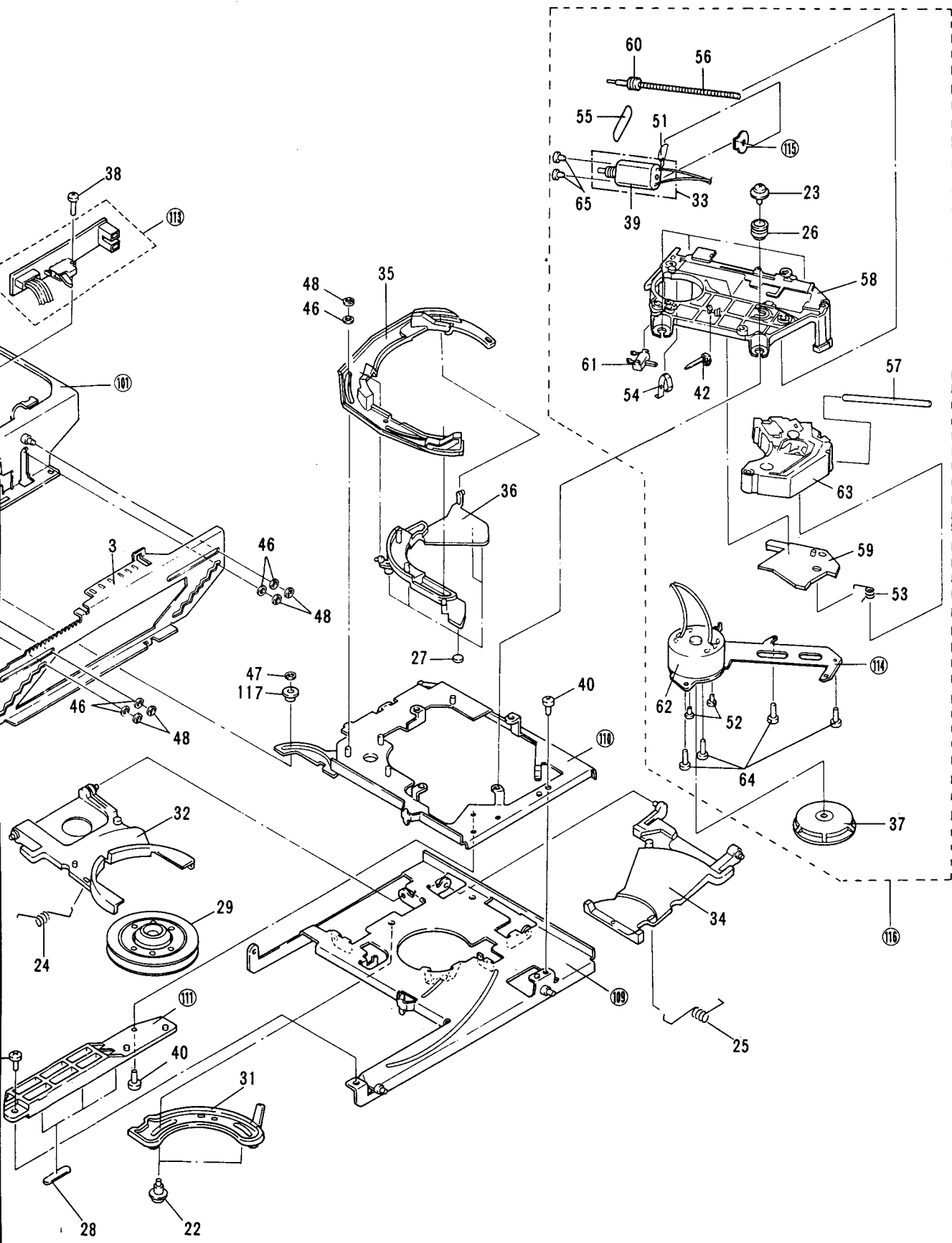
D





4

5



A

E

C

C

4

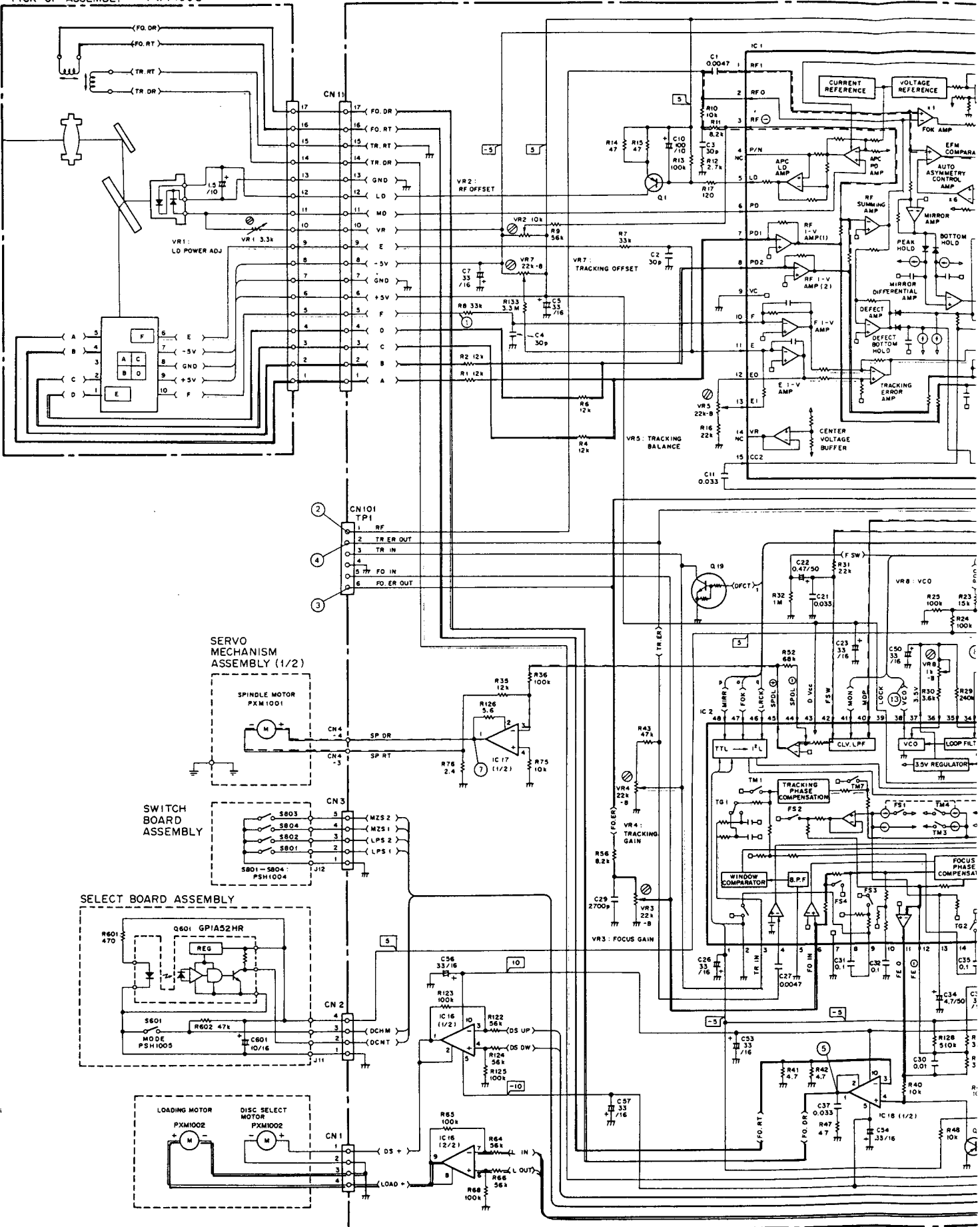
5

6

6. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

PICK UP ASSEMBLY PWY1008

MAIN BOARD ASSEMBLY (PWZ1537)



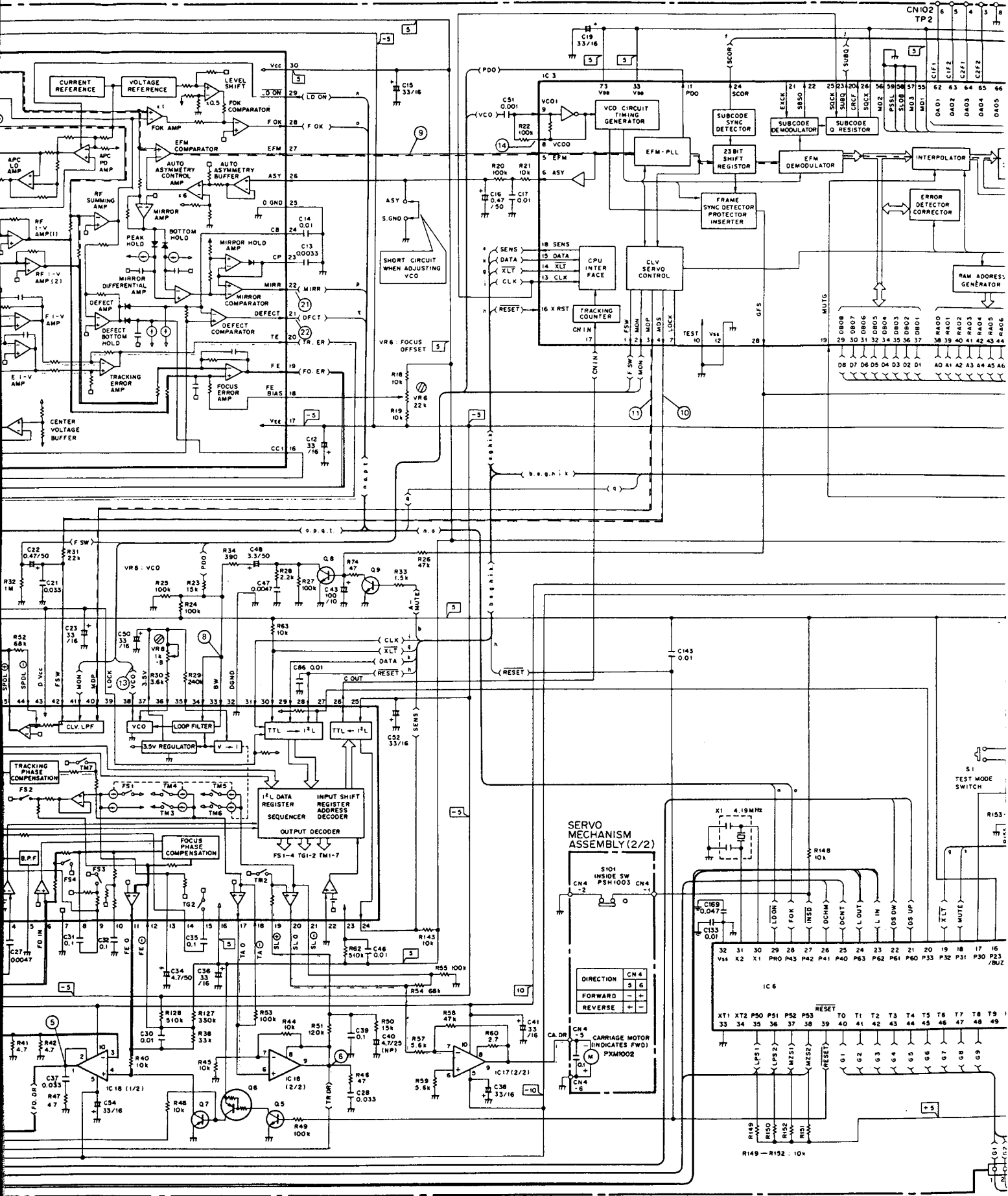
NOTE:

1. RESISTORS:

Indicated in Ω , 1/8W & 1/4W, $\pm 5\%$ tolerance unless otherwise noted k; $k\Omega$, M; $M\Omega$, (F); $\pm 1\%$, (G); $\pm 2\%$, (K); $\pm 10\%$, (M); $\pm 20\%$ tolerance

2. CAPACITORS:

Indicated in capacity (μF)/voltage (V) unless otherwise noted p; pF . Indication without voltage is 50V except electrolytic capacitor.



4. OTHERS:

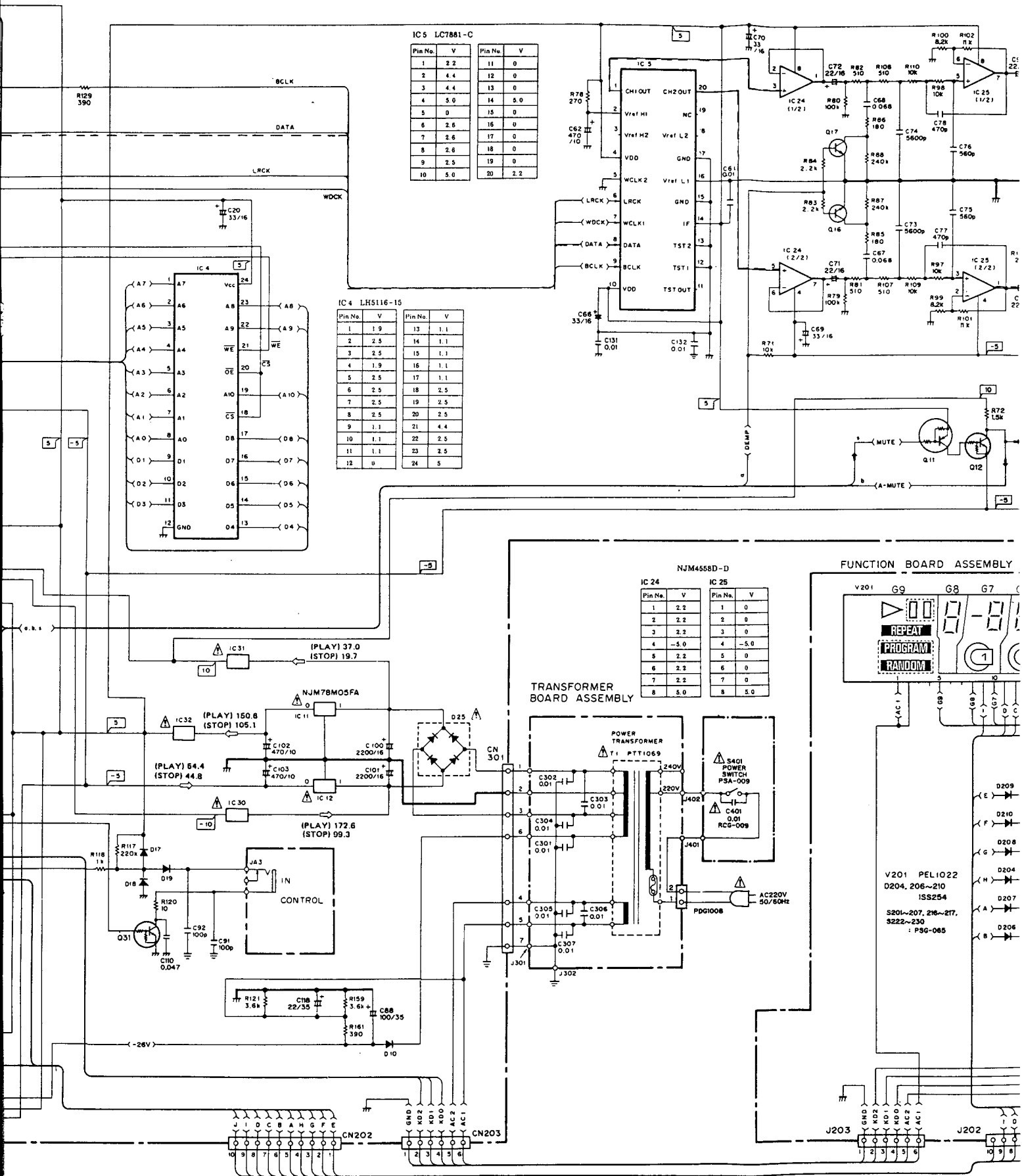
- ➡; Signal route.
- ⊗; Adjusting point.

The Δ mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
 * marked capacitors and resistors have parts numbers.
 The underlined indicates the switch position.

This is the basic schematic diagram, but the actual circuit may vary due to improvements in design.

MAIN BOARD ASSEMBLY

IC1	CXA1081S	IC18 - IC18	TAB410K
IC2	CXA1082BS	IC24, 25	NJM4558D-D
IC3	CXD1130Q2	IC30 - 32	ICP N10
IC4	LH5116-15	Q1	2SA1399
IC5	LC7881-C	Q5, 8, 9, 16, 17	2SC1740S
IC6	PD4150A (uPD78212)	Q8, 11	DTA124E3
IC10	M51955AL	Q7	7SA933S
IC11	NJM78M05FA	Q12, 19, 31	DTC124E5
IC12	NJM79M05FA		



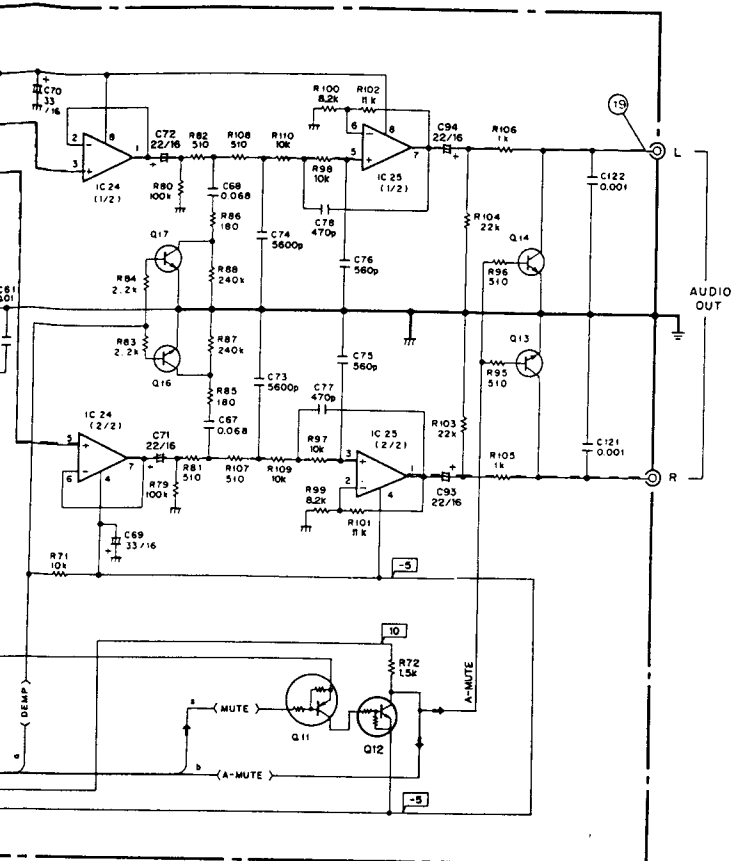
MAIN BOARD ASSEMBLY
 IC1 CXA1081S
 IC2 CXA1082BS
 IC3 CXD1130QZ
 IC4 LH5118-1S
 IC5 LC7881-C
 IC6 PD4150A (PD76212)
 IC10 M51955AL
 IC11 NJM79M05FA
 IC12 NJM79M05FA

IC18 - IC18
 T8410K
 IC24, 26 NJM45580-D
 IC30 - 32 ICP N10
 Q1 2SA1399
 Q5, 8, 9, 16, 17
 2SC1740S
 Q8, 11 DTA124ES
 Q7 2SA933S
 Q12, 19, 31
 DTC124ES

Q13, 14 2SD130Z
 D10 15R139-100
 D17 - 19 1SS254
 D26 WL02ML-5004
 S1 PSG-064
 VR2 VRT86VS103
 VR3 - VR7 VRT86VS223

VR8 VRT56VS102
 X1 V551014
 X2 PSS-012

DC voltage of Semiconductors (at PLAY state)



IC1 CXA1081S

Pin No.	V	Pin No.	V
1	0	16	-3
2	1.3	17	-5
3	0	18	0
4	2.4	19	0
5	2.8	20	0
6	-4.8	21	-4.9
7	0	22	0
8	0	23	-1
9	0	24	-2.1
10	0	25	0
11	0	26	2.5
12	-1.2	27	2.4
13	-0.1	28	5
14	0	29	0
15	-3.1	30	5

IC3 CXD1130QZ

Pin No.	V	Pin No.	V	Pin No.	V	Pin No.	V
1	2.5	26	5	51	2.3	76	2.3
2	5	27	2.5	52	0	77	2.3
3	2.5	28	5	53	2.2	78	1.2
4	2.8	29	1.1	54	2.2	79	2.5
5	2.4	30	1.1	55	5	80	2.5
6	2.5	31	1.1	56	0		
7	5	32	1.1	57	0		
8	2.4	33	5	58	0		
9	2.4	34	1.1	59	0		
10	0	35	1.1	60	1.3		
11	1.8	36	1.1	61	1.3		
12	0	37	1.1	62	0		
13	5	38	2.5	63	0		
14	5	39	2.5	64	0		
15	5	40	2.5	65	0		
16	5	41	2.5	66	0		
17	0	42	1.9	67	0		
18	5	43	2.5	68	2.5		
19	0	44	2.5	69	2.5		
20	5	45	1.9	70	2.3		
21	0	46	2.5	71	5		
22	0	47	2.5	72	0		
23	2.0	48	2.5	73	5		
24	0	49	4.2	74	0		
25	5	50	2.5	75	2.4		

IC2 CXA1082BS

Pin No.	V	Pin No.	V
1	-5	25	-5
2	0	26	0
3	0	27	5
4	0	28	5
5	0	29	5
6	0	30	5
7	0	31	5
8	0	32	0
9	0	33	2.5
10	0	34	2.5
11	0.2	35	2.3
12	0	36	2.3
13	0.2	37	3.5
14	0	38	2.4
15	0	39	5
16	5	40	2.5
17	0	41	5
18	0	42	2.5
19	0	43	5
20	0	44	0
21	0	45	0.45
22	0	46	2.5
23	-4.1	47	5
24	5	48	0

IC6 PD4150A

Pin No.	V	Pin No.	V	Pin No.	V
1	-13.4	30	5.0	51	0
2	-17.8	37	5.0	52	5.0
3	-11.95	38	5.0	53	-5.0
4	-12.55	39	0	54	-19.7
5	0	30	2.3	55	-7.4
6	5.0	31	2.5	56	-26.1
7	5.0	32	0	57	-5.0
8	2.0	33	0	58	-22.8
9	5.0	34	5.0	59	-7.8
10	0	35	0	60	-12.7
11	5.0	36	0	61	-4.2
12	5.0	37	0	62	-5.75
13	0	38	5.0	63	-9.6
14	0	39	5.0	64	5.0
15	0	40	-23.3		
16	0	41	-23.3		
17	5.0	42	-23.3		
18	0	43	-23.3		
19	5.0	44	-23.3		
20	5.0	45	-23.3		
21	0	46	-23.3		
22	0	47	-23.0		
23	0	48	-22.9		
24	0		-25.3		
25	5.0	50	5.0		

IC16 TA8410K

Pin No.	V
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	0
5	-9.6
6	0
7	0
8	0
9	0
10	9.8

IC18 TA8410K

Pin No.	V
1	-1.1
2	-1.1
3	-0.2
4	-0.2
5	-9.6
6	0
7	0
8	0
9	0
10	9.8

IC10 M51955AL

Pin No.	V
1	5.0
2	1.7
3	0
4	0
5	5.0

IC11 NJM79M05FA

Pin No.	V
(IN) 1	9.8
(GND) 2	0
(OUT) 3	5.0

IC12 NJM79M05FA

Pin No.	V
(GND) 1	0
(IN) 2	-9.6
(OUT) 3	-5.0

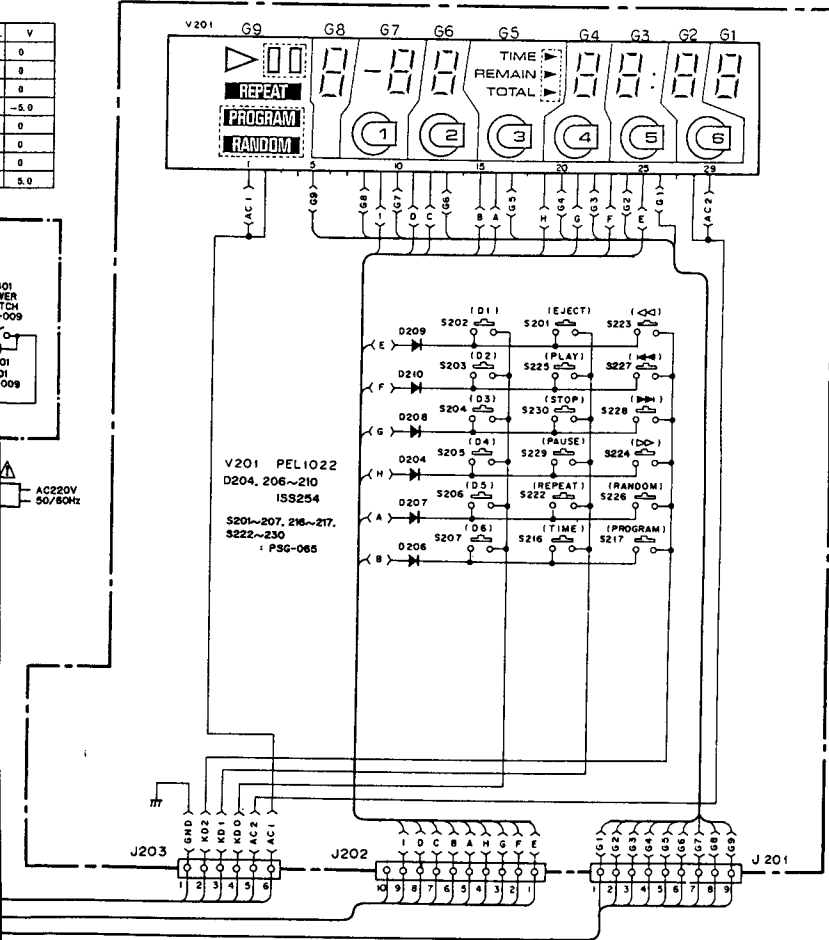
Transistors

Q No.	V	V	V
Q1	3.9	2.0	3.2
Q5	0	0	0.7
Q8	5.0	5.0	0
Q7	0	-0.2	5.0
Q8	0	0	0.7
Q9	0	0.7	-5.0
Q11	5.0	5.0	0
Q12	-5.0	-5.0	5.0
Q13	0	0	-5.0
Q14	0	0	-5.0
Q16	0	0	-5.0
Q17	0	0	-5.0
Q19	0	0	-4.9
Q31	0	0	5.0

Diodes

D No.	Anode	Cathode	V	
D10		-25.8	1.0	
D17	5.0	5.0		
D18	0	5.0		
D19	5.0	4.8		
D25	1)	-9.8	2)	0
	3)	-9.7	4)	0
D304		-12.5	3.4	
D305		-5.05	4.3	
D307		-8.0	4.0	
D308		-24.2	3.6	
D309		-12.65	3.3	
D210		-11.8	3.7	

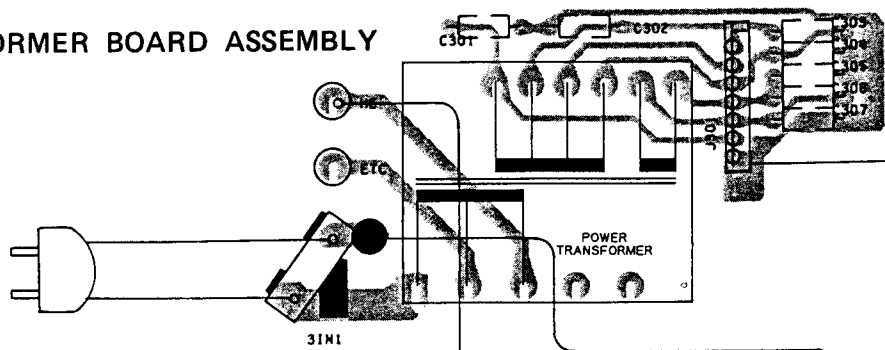
FUNCTION BOARD ASSEMBLY (PWZ1542)



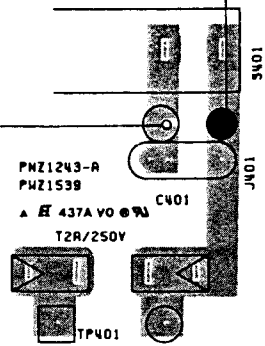
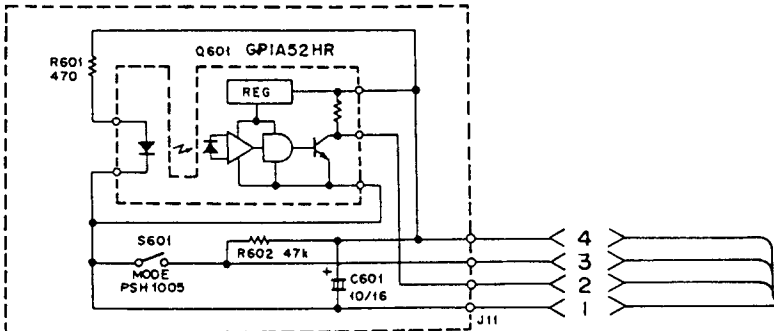
- FOCUS SERVO LOOP
- SIGNAL LINE
- TRACKING SERVO LOOP
- CARRIAGE SERVO LOOP
- LOADING MOTOR
- SPINDLE SERVO LOOP

7. P.C. BOARDS CONNECTION DIAGRAM

TRANSFORMER BOARD ASSEMBLY

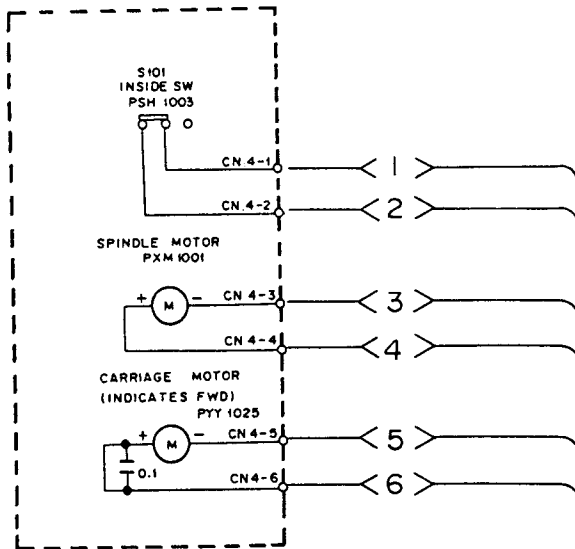


SELECT BOARD ASSEMBLY

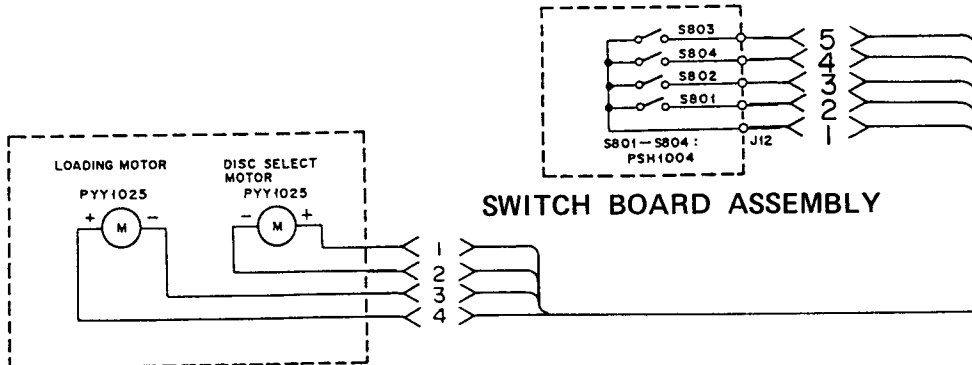


POWER SUPPLY BOARD A

SERVO MECHANISM ASSEMBLY



SWITCH BOARD ASSEMBLY



A

B

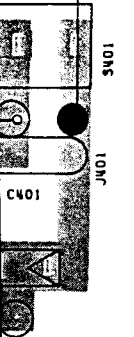
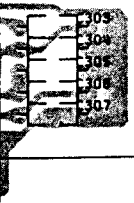
C

D

1

2

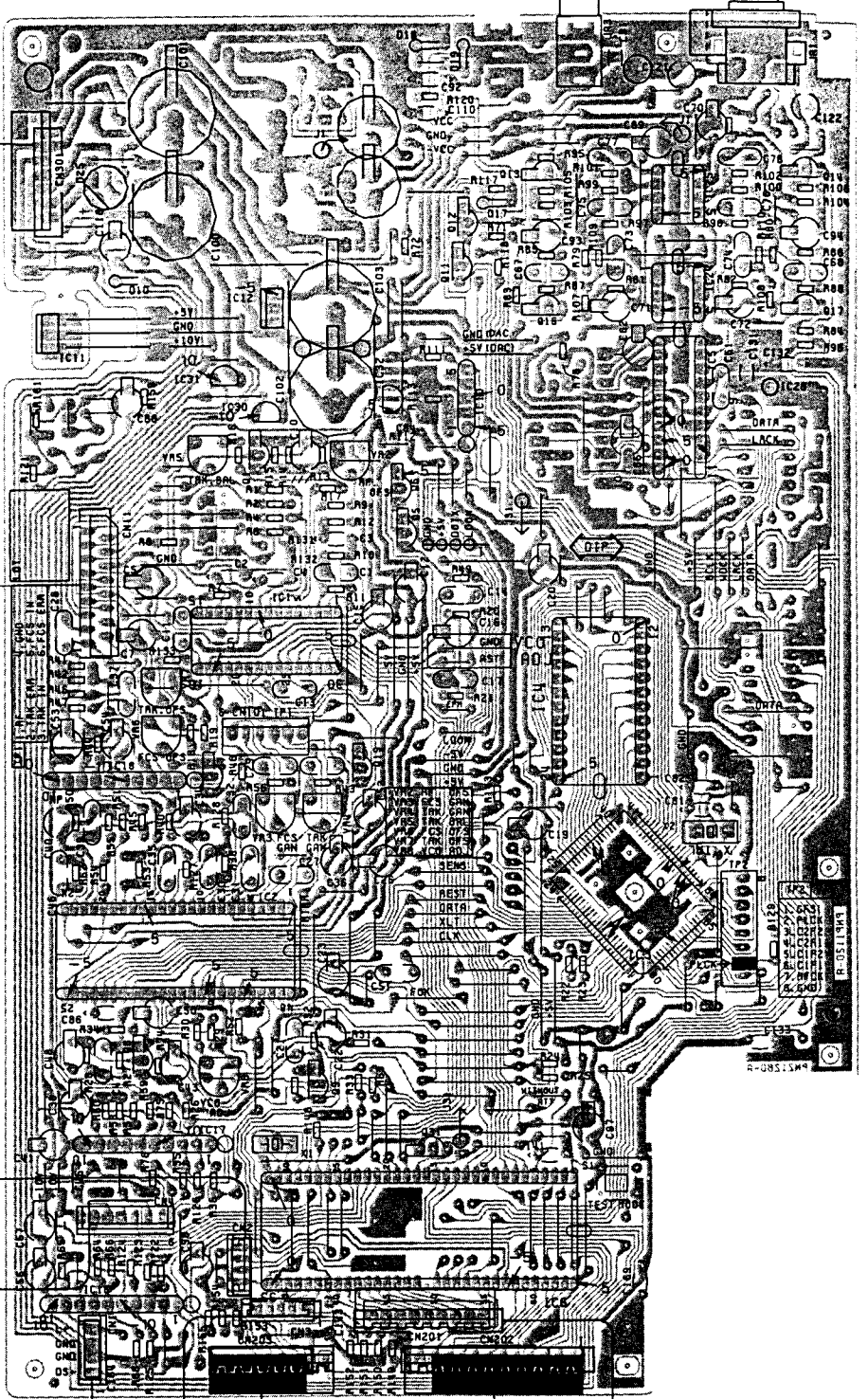
3



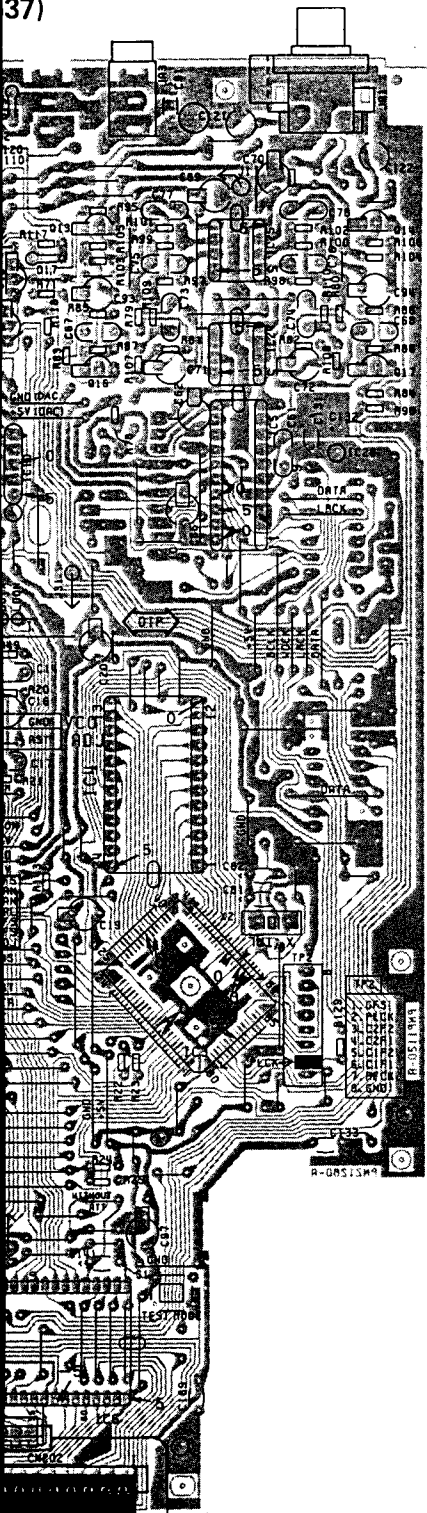
POWER SWITCH BOARD ASSEMBLY

⊕ MAIN BOARD ASSEMBLY (PWZ1537)

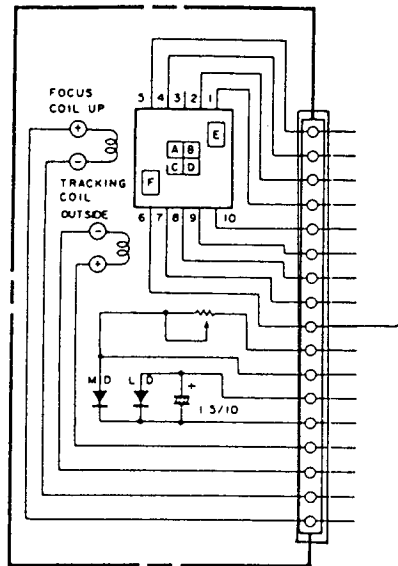
- Q13 Q14
- IC25
- Q12
- Q11
- IC24
- IC12
- Q16 Q17
- IC11
- IC5
- IC31
- IC10 IC32
- IC30
- Q1 VR5
- VR2
- Q6
- Q5
- IC1
- IC4
- VR7
- VR6
- Q7 Q19
- IC18
- VR3 VR4
- IC3
- IC2
- Q8
- Q9 VR8
- IC17 Q31
- IC6
- IC16



37)



PICK-UP ASSEMBLY (PWY1008)



IC1 CXA1081S

Pin No	V	Pin No	V
1	0	16	-3
2	1.3	17	-5
3	0	18	0
4	2.4	19	0
5	2.8	20	0
6	-4.8	21	-4.9
7	0	22	0
8	0	23	-1
9	0	24	-2.1
10	0	25	0
11	0	26	2.5
12	-1.2	27	2.4
13	-0.1	28	5
14	0	29	0
15	-3.1	30	5

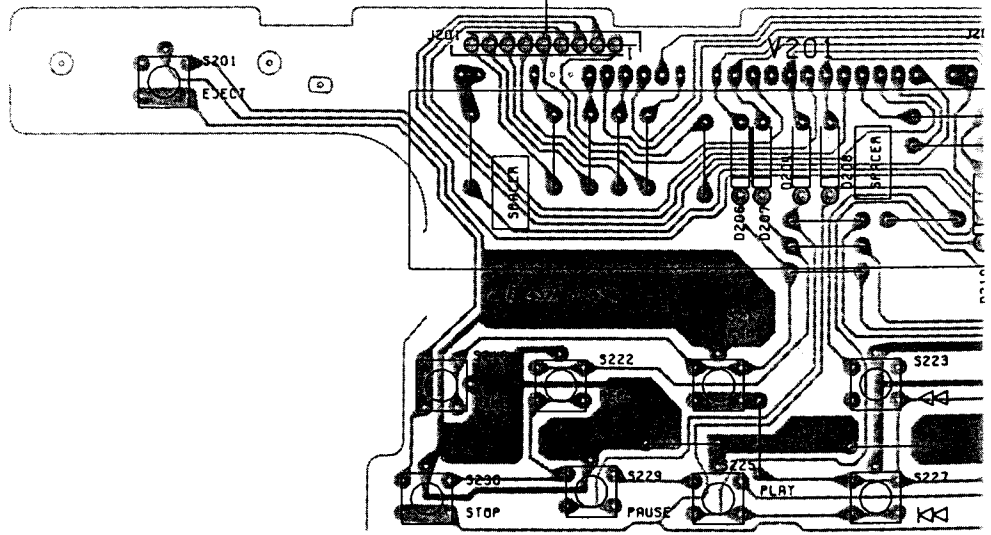
IC3 CXD1130QZ

Pin No	V	Pin No	V
1	2.5	11	1.6
2	5	12	0
3	2.5	13	5
4	2.8	14	5
5	2.4	15	5
6	2.5	16	5
7	5	17	0
8	2.4	18	5
9	2.4	19	0
10	0	20	5
11	1.6	21	0
12	0	22	0
13	5	23	2.0
14	5	24	0
15	5	25	5

IC2 CXA10828S

Pin No	V	Pin No	V
1	-5	25	-5
2	0	26	0
3	0	27	5
4	0	28	5
5	0	29	5
6	0	30	5
7	0	31	5
8	0	32	0
9	0	33	2.5
10	0	34	2.5
11	0.2	35	2.3
12	0	36	2.3
13	0.2	37	3.5
14	0	38	2.4
15	0	39	5
16	5	40	2.5
17	0	41	5
18	0	42	2.5
19	0	43	5
20	0	44	0
21	0	45	0.45
22	0	46	2.5
23	-4.1	47	5
24	5	48	0

FUNCTION BOARD ASSEMB (PWZ1542)



IC 6 PD4150A

V	Pin No.	V	Pin No.	V	Pin No.	V
1.1	1	-13.4	26	5.0	51	0
1.1	2	-17.8	27	5.0	52	5.0
1.1	3	-11.96	28	5.0	53	-5.0
1.1	4	-12.55	29	0	64	-19.7
1.1	5	0	30	2.3	55	-7.4
2.5	6	5.0	31	2.5	56	-20.1
2.5	7	5.0	32	0	57	-5.0
2.5	8	2.0	33	0	58	-22.8
4.4	9	5.0	34	5.0	59	-7.8
2.5	10	0	35	0	60	-12.7
2.5	11	5.0	36	0	61	-4.2
5	12	5.0	37	0	62	-5.75
	13	0	38	5.0	63	-9.6
	14	0	39	5.0	64	5.0
	15	0	40	-23.3		
	16	0	41	-23.3		
	17	5.0	42	-23.3		
	18	0	43	-23.3		
	19	5.0	44	-23.3		
	20	5.0	45	-23.3		
	21	0	46	-23.3		
	22	0	47	-23.0		
	23	0	48	-22.9		
	24	0	49	-25.3		
	25	5.0	50	5.0		

IC 10 M51955AL

Pin No.	V
1	5.0
2	1.7
3	0
4	0
5	5.0

IC 12 NJM79M05FA

Pin No.	V
(GND)1	0
(IN)2	-9.8
(OUT)3	-5.0

IC 11 NJM78M05FA

Pin No.	V
(IN)1	9.8
(GND)2	0
(OUT)3	5.0

IC 16 TA8410K

Pin No.	V
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	0
5	-9.8
6	0
7	0
8	0
9	0
10	9.8

IC 18 TA8410K

Pin No.	V
1	-1.1
2	-1.1
3	-0.2
4	-0.2
5	-9.8
6	0
7	0
8	0
9	0
10	9.8

IC 17 TA8410K

Pin No.	V
1	-1.05
2	-1.15
3	0
4	0
5	-9.8
6	0
7	0
8	-0.8
9	-0.6
10	9.8

NJM4558D-D

Pin No.	V
1	2.2
2	2.2
3	0
4	-5.0
5	2.2
6	2.2
7	2.2
8	5.0

Pin No.	V
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	-5.0
5	0
6	0
7	0
8	5.0

Transistors

Q No.	E	C	B
Q1	3.9	2.0	3.2
Q5	0	0	0.7
Q6	5.0	5.0	0
Q7	0	-0.2	5.0
Q8	0	0	0.7
Q9	0	0.7	-5.0
Q11	5.0	5.0	0
Q12	-5.0	-5.0	5.0
Q13	0	0	-5.0
Q14	0	0	-5.0
Q16	0	0	-5.0
Q17	0	0	-5.0
Q19	0	0	-4.9
Q21	0	0	5.0

Diodes

D No.	Anode	Cathode
D10	-25.6	1.0
D17	9.0	5.0
D18	0	5.0
D19	5.0	4.8
D25	1) -9.8	2) 0
	3) -9.7	4) 0
D204	-12.5	3.4
D205	-5.65	4.3
D207	-8.0	4.0
D208	-24.2	3.0
D209	-12.65	3.3
D210	-11.8	3.7

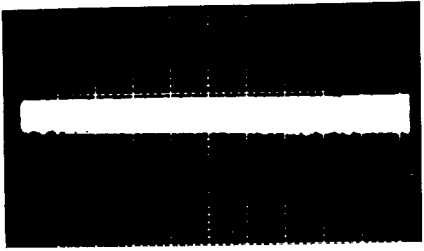
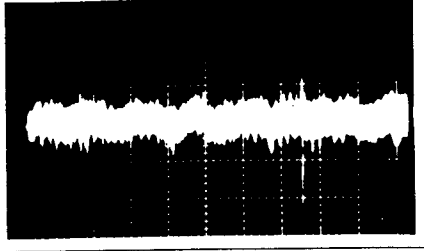
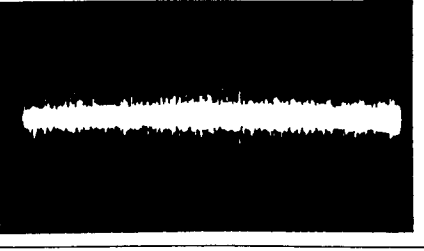
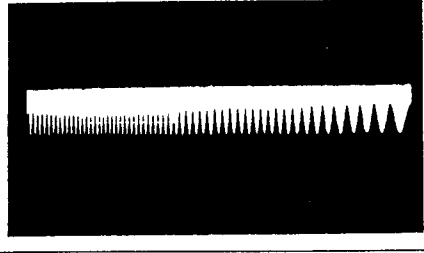

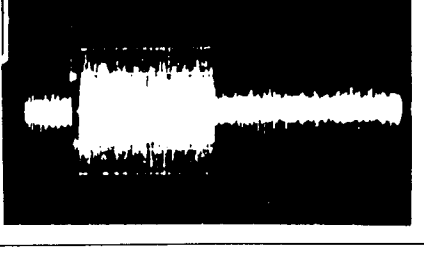
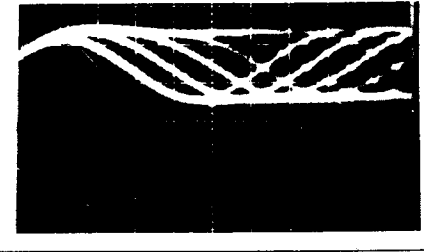
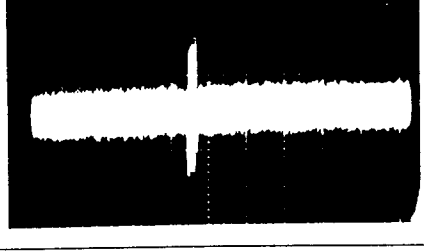
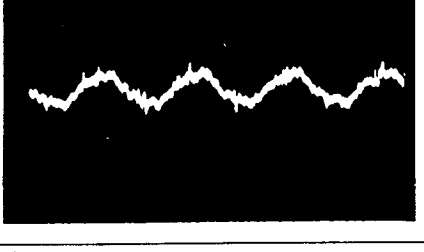
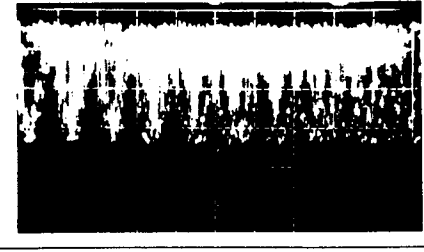

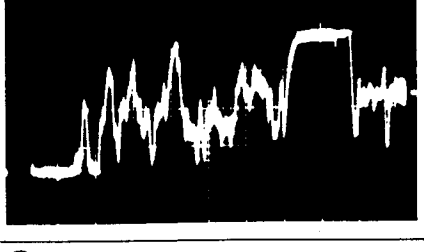

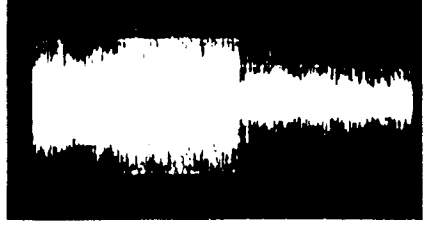

Anode → Cathode

P.C.B. pattern diagram indication	Corresponding part symbol	Part name	P.C.B. pattern diagram indication	Corresponding part symbol	Part name
		Transistor			Ceramic capacitor
		FET			Mylar capacitor
		Diode			Styrol capacitor
		Zenner diode			Electrolytic capacitor (Non polarized)
		LED			Electrolytic capacitor (Noiseless)
		Varactor			Electrolytic capacitor (Polarized)
		Tact switch			Electrolytic capacitor (Polarized)
		Inductor			Power capacitor
		Coil			Semi-fixed resistor
		Transformer			Resistor array
		Filter			Resistor
					Resonator
					Thermistor

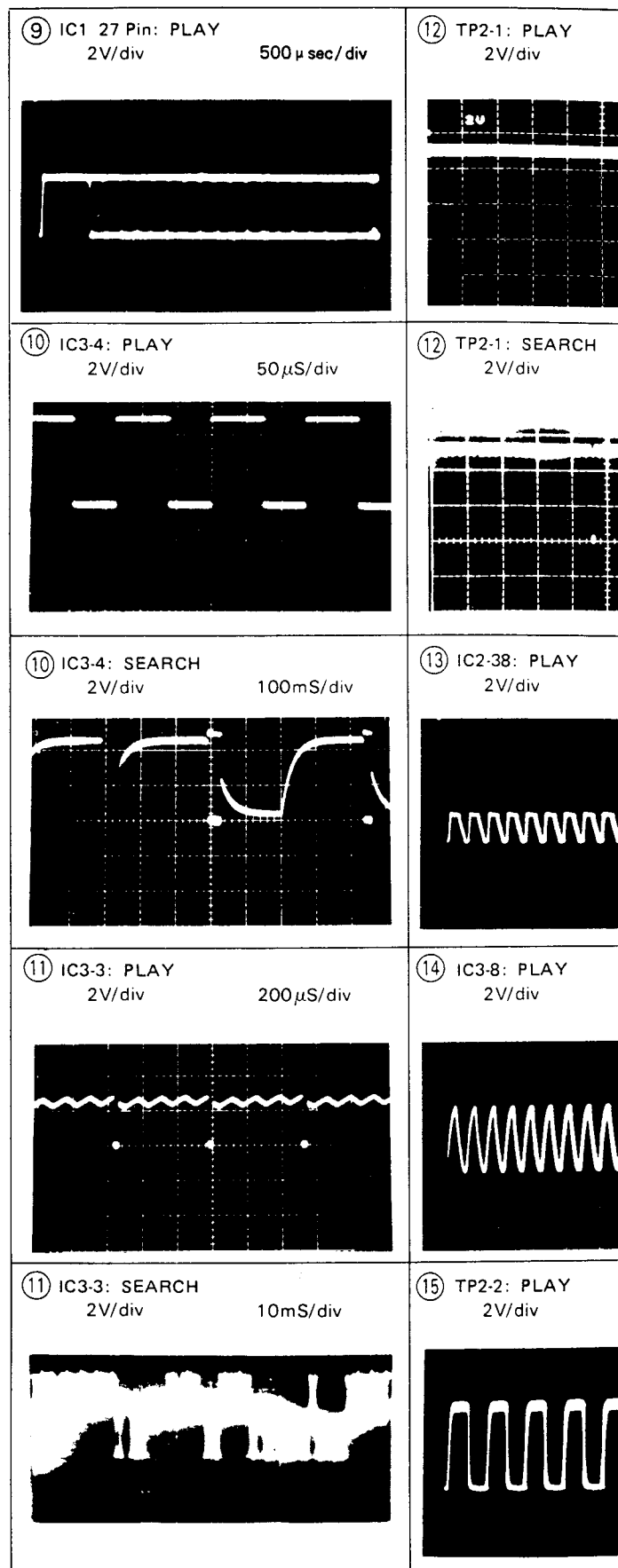
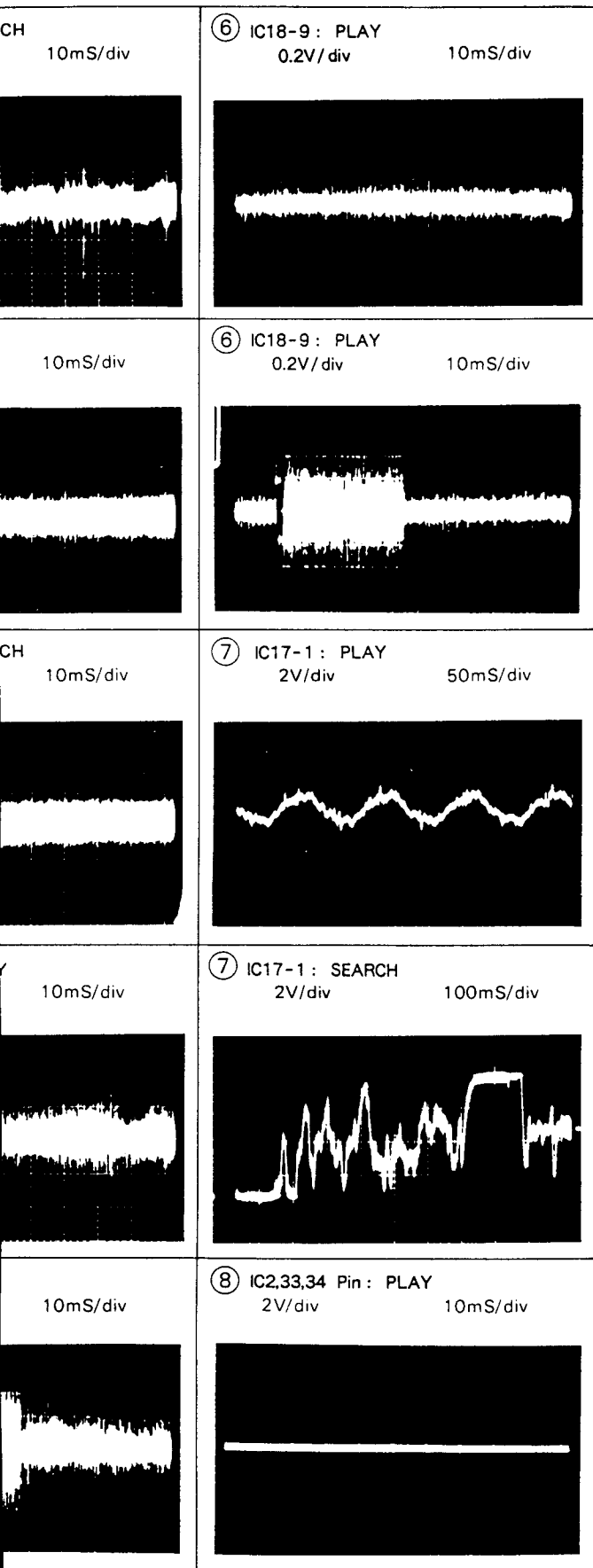
1. This P.C.B. connection diagram is viewed from the parts mounted side.
2. The parts which have been mounted on the board can be replaced with those shown with the corresponding wiring symbols listed in the above Table.
3. The capacitor terminal marked with shows negative terminal.
4. The diode marked with shows cathode side.
5. The transistor terminal marked with shows emitter.

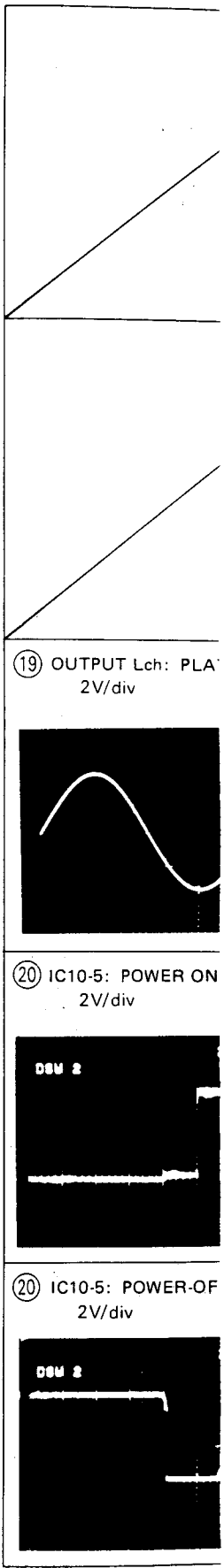
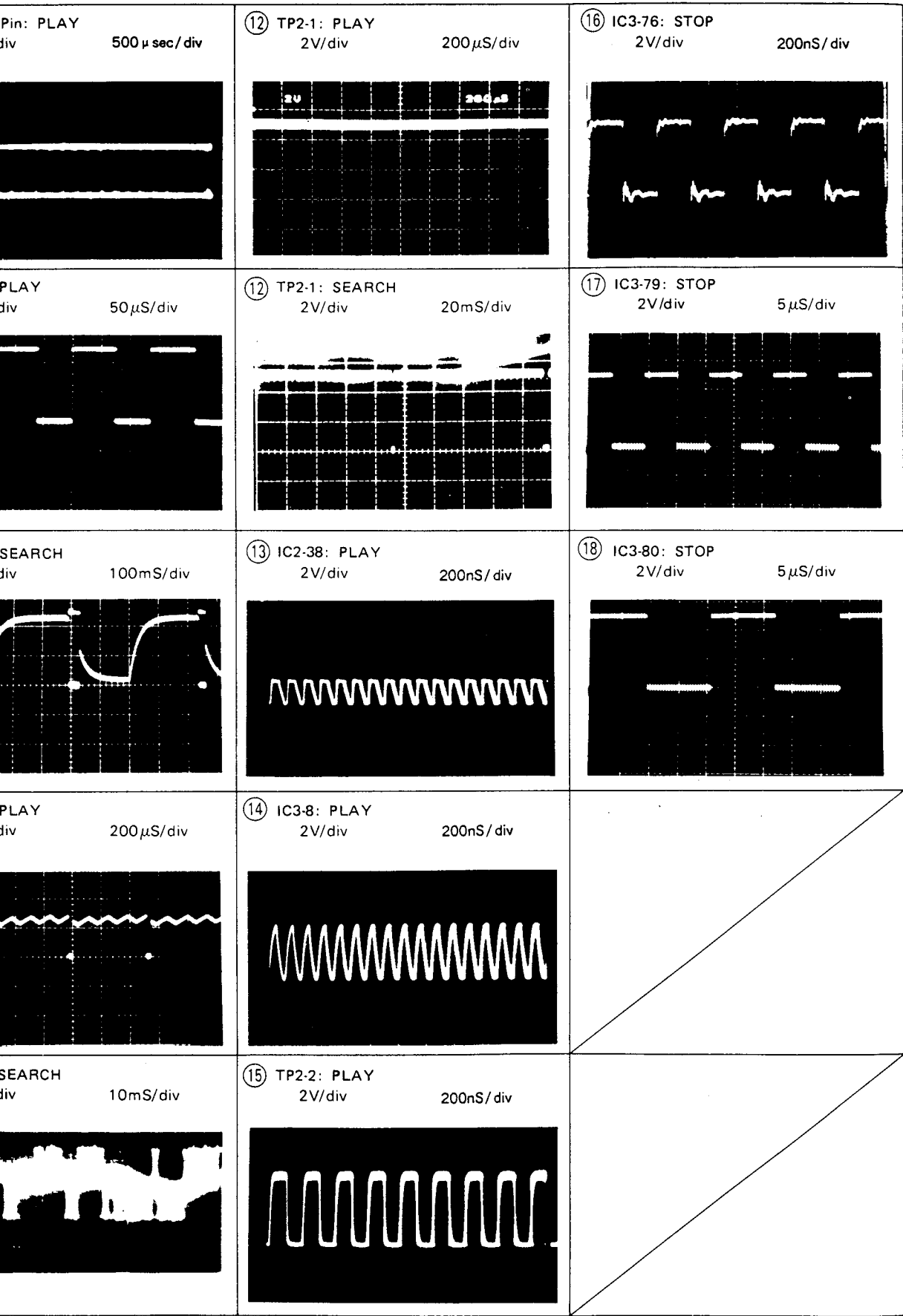
WAVEFORMS

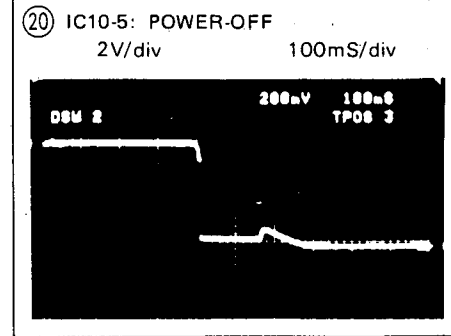
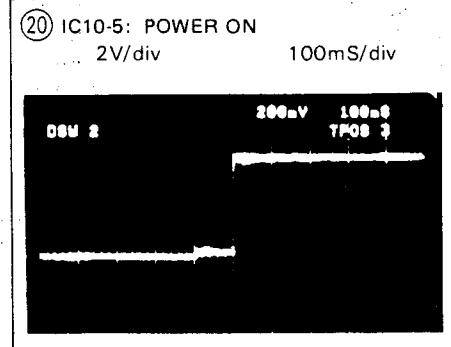
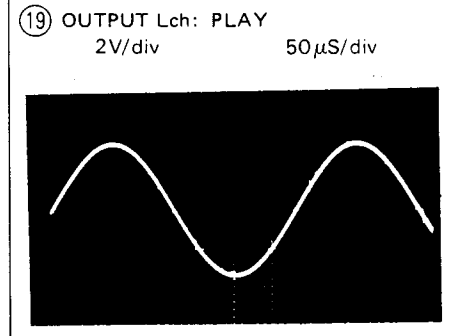
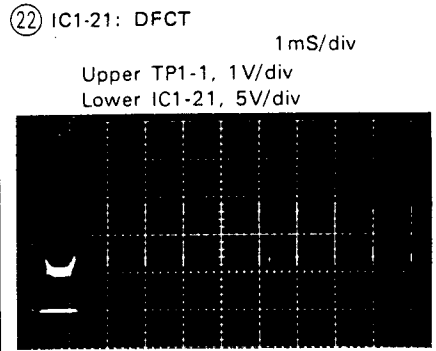
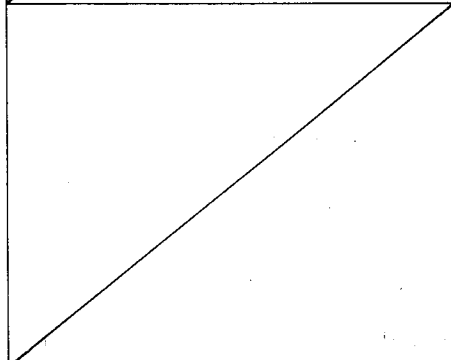
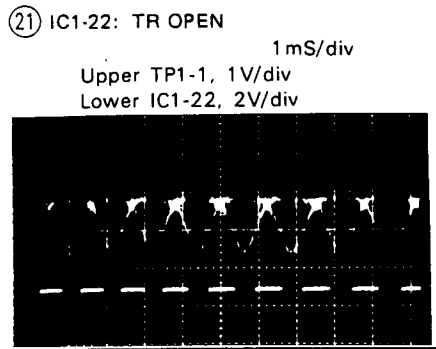
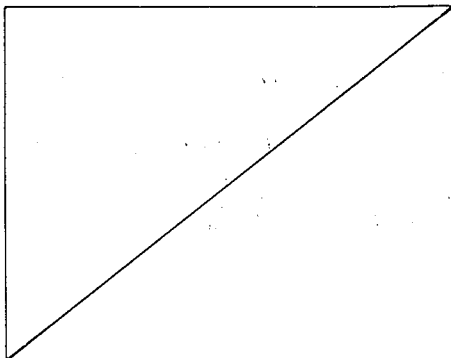
NOTE: The encircled numbers denote measuring points in the circuit and pattern diagrams.

<p>① CN11-5 Pin : PLAY MODE 100mV/div 5m sec/div</p> 	<p>③ TP1-6 Pin: SEARCH 500mV/div 10mS/div</p> 	<p>⑥ IC18-9 : PLAY 0.2V/div 10mS/div</p> 
<p>① CN11-5 Pin: SEARCH MODE 100mV/div 5m sec/div</p> 	<p>④ TP1-2 Pin: PLAY 1V/div 10mS/div</p> 	<p>⑥ IC18-9 : PLAY 0.2V/div 10mS/div</p> 
<p>② TP1-1 Pin: PLAY 1V/div 200n sec/div</p> 	<p>④ TP1-2 Pin: SEARCH 1V/div 10mS/div</p> 	<p>⑦ IC17-1 : PLAY 2V/div 50mS/div</p> 
<p>② TP1-1 Pin: SEARCH 500mV/div 5m sec/div</p> 	<p>⑤ IC18-1 : PLAY Y 0.2V/div 10mS/div</p> 	<p>⑦ IC17-1 : SEARCH 2V/div 100mS/div</p> 
<p>③ TP1-6 Pin: PLAY 500mV/div 10m sec/div</p> 	<p>⑤ IC18-1 : PLAY 0.2V/div 10mS/div</p> 	<p>⑧ IC2,33,34 Pin: PLAY 2V/div 10mS/div</p> 

NOTE: The encircled numbers denote measuring points in the circuit and pattern diagrams.







8. ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST

NOTES:

- Parts without part number cannot be supplied.
- Parts marked by "⊙" are not always kept in stock. Their delivery time may be longer than usual or they may be unavailable.
- The Δ mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
- When ordering resistors, first convert resistance values into code form as shown in the following examples.

Ex. 1 When there are 2 effective digits (any digit apart from 0), such as 560 ohm and 47k ohm (tolerance is shown by J = 5%, and K = 10%).

560Ω	56 × 10 ¹	561.....	RD1/4PS	⊙	⊙	⊙	J
47kΩ	47 × 10 ³	473.....	RD1/4PS	⊙	⊙	⊙	J
0.5Ω	0R5.....		RN2H	⊙	⊙	⊙	K
1Ω	010.....		RS1P	⊙	⊙	⊙	K

Ex. 2 When there are 3 effective digits (such as in high precision metal film resistors).

5.62kΩ	562 × 10 ¹	5621.....	RN1/4SR	⊙	⊙	⊙	F
--------	-----------------------	-----------	---------	---	---	---	---

Miscellaneous Parts

P.C. BOARD ASSEMBLIES

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
Δ ⊙	Main board assembly	PWZ1537
⊙	Function board assembly	PWZ1542
	Power switch board assembly	
	Transformer board assembly	
	Switch board assembly	
	Select board assembly	

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	Q6, Q11	DTA124ES
	Q12, Q19, Q31	DTC124ES
	Q1	2SA1399
	Q7	2SA933S
	Q5, Q8, Q9, Q16, Q17	2SC1740S
	Q13, Q14	2SD1302
Δ	D25	WL02ML-5004
Δ	D10	1SR139-100
	D17-D19	1SS254

OTHERS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	Pick-up assembly	PWY1008
Δ	Strain relief	CM-22B
Δ	AC power cord	PDG1008
Δ	Power transformer	PTT1069
	Motor assembly (DISC SELECT, DISC LOADING, CARRIAGE)	PYY1025
	Motor (DISC SELECT, DISC LOADING, CARRIAGE)	PXM1002
	Spindle motor	PXM1001
	Slide switch (INSIDE SW)	PSH1003

⊙ Main Board Assembly (PWZ1537)

SEMICONDUCTORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	IC1	CXA1081S
	IC2	CXA1082BS
	IC3	CXD1130Q
Δ	IC30-IC32	ICP-N10
	IC5	LC7881
	IC4	LH5116-15
	IC10	M51955AL
	IC24, IC25	NJM4558D
Δ	IC11	NJM78M05FA
Δ	IC12	NJM79M05FA
	IC6	PD4150A
Δ	IC16-IC18	TA8410K

SWITCH

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	S1 Tact switch	PSG-064

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	C2-C4, C81, C82	CCCCH300J50
	C91, C92	CCCCL101J50
	C40	CEANP4R7M25
	C16, C22	CEASR47M50
	C10, C43, C62	CEAS101M10
	C88	CEAS101M35
	C71, C72, C93, C94	CEAS220M16
	C100, C101	CEAS222M16
	C118	CEAS220M35
	C48	CEAS3R3M50
	C5, C7, C12, C15, C19, C20, C23, C26, C36, C38, C41, C50, C52-C54, C56, C57, C66, C69, C70, C97, C98	CEAS330M16
	C34	CEAS4R7M50
	C102, C103	CEAS471M10
	C61, C86, C131-C133, C141, C143	CKCYF103Z50
	C110, C169	CKCYF473Z50
	C30, C51, C121, C122	CQMA102K50

may be longer than usual or they may be unavail-

e of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when

shown in the following examples.

560 ohm and 47k ohm (tolerance is shown by J =

J
J

film resistors).

□ F

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	Q6, Q11	DTA124ES
	Q12, Q19, Q31	DTC124ES
	Q1	2SA1399
	Q7	2SA933S
	Q5, Q8, Q9, Q16, Q17	2SC1740S
	Q13, Q14	2SD1302
	D25	WL02ML-5004
	D10	1SR139-100
	D17-D19	1SS254

ITCH

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	S1 Tact switch	PSG-064

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	C2-C4, C81, C82	CCCCH300J50
	C91, C92	CCCSL101J50
	C40	CEANP4R7M25
	C16, C22	CEASR47M50
	C10, C43, C62	CEAS101M10
	C88	CEAS101M35
	C71, C72, C93, C94	CEAS220M16
	C100, C101	CEAS222M16
	C118	CEAS220M35
	C48	CEAS3R3M50
	C5, C7, C12, C15, C19, C20, C23, C26, C36, C38, C41, C50, C52-C54, C56, C57, C66, C69, C70, C97, C98	CEAS330M16
	C34	CEAS4R7M50
	C102, C103	CEAS471M10
	C61, C86, C131-C133, C141, C143	CKCYF103Z50
	C110, C169	CKCYF473Z50
	C30, C51, C121, C122	CQMA102K50

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.	Pow
	C14, C17, C46	CQMA103K50	SWIT
	C31, C32, C35, C39	CQMA104K50	Mark
	C29	CQMA272J50	△
	C13	CQMA332J50	
	C11, C21, C28, C37	CQMA333K50	
	C77, C78	CQMA471J50	CAP/
	C1, C27, C47	CQMA472J50	Mark
	C75, C76	CQMA561J50	△
	C73, C74	CQMA562J50	
	C67, C68	CQMA683J50	

RESISTOR

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.	Tran
	VR2 Semi-fixed resistor (10kΩ)	VRTB6VS103	CAP/
	VR3-VR7 Semi-fixed resistor (22kΩ)	VRTB6VS223	Mark
	VR8 Semi-fixed resistor (2.2kΩ)	VRTS6VS102	Swit
	R30 Metal film resistor	RN1/6PQ3601F	SWIT
	Other resistors	RD1/6PM□□□J	Mark

OTHERS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.	Sele
	JA1 2P pin jack	PKB1009	SEMI
	JA3 Remote control jack	RKN1004	Mark
	X2 Crystal resonator	PSS-012	
	X1 Ceramic resonator	VSS1014	

◎Function Board Assembly (PWZ1542)

SEMICONDUCTORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.	SWIT
	D204, D206-D210	1SS254	Mark

SWITCHES

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.	CAP/
	S201-S207, S216, S217, S222-S230 Tact switch	PSG-065	Mark

OTHERS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.	RESI
	V201 Fluorescent indicator tube	PEL1022	Mark

Description	Part No.
C46 C35, C39	CQMA103K50 CQMA104K50 CQMA272J50 CQMA332J50 CQMA333K50
C28, C37	CQMA471J50 CQMA472J50 CQMA561J50 CQMA562J50 CQMA683J50

Description	Part No.
Semi-fixed resistor (10k Ω)	VRTB6VS103
Semi-fixed resistor (22k Ω)	VRTB6VS223
Semi-fixed resistor (2.2k Ω)	VRTS6VS102
Metal film resistor	RN1/6PQ3601F
Other resistors	RD1/6PM□□□J

Description	Part No.
2P pin jack	PKB1009
Remote control jack	RKN1004
Crystal resonator	PSS-012
Ceramic resonator	VSS1014

Power Switch Board Assembly

Description	Part No.
C21-D210	1SS254

Description	Part No.
S216, S217, Tact switch	PSG-065

Description	Part No.
Fluorescent indicator tube	PEL1022

Power Switch Board Assembly

SWITCH

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
△	S401 Power switch	PSA-009

CAPACITOR

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
△	C401	RCG-009

Transformer Board Assembly

CAPACITORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	C301, C303	CKPYF103Z50
	C302, C304—C307	CKPYX103N25

Switch Board Assembly

SWITCHES

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	S801—S804 Slide switch (LOADING POSITION, MAGAZINE)	PSH1004

Select Board Assembly

SEMICONDUCTOR

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	Q601	GP1A52HR

SWITCH

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	S601 Slide switch (MODE)	PSH1005

CAPACITOR

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	C601	CEAL100M16

RESISTORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	All resistors	RD1/6PM□□□J

9. ADJUSTMENTS

The adjustment items of this model should be performed in the order as shown below.

• **Adjustment and check Items**

1. Tracking offset, focus offset and RF offset adjustments
2. RF level adjustment
3. LD (Laser Diode) output power confirmation
4. Focus lock and spindle lock confirmation
5. Grating adjustment
6. Tracking balance adjustment
7. Tangential adjustment
8. Focus gain adjustment
9. Tracking gain adjustment
10. VCO free-run frequency adjustment
11. Method to confirm S character (FOCUS ERROR)

• **Measuring Equipment**

1. Dual trace oscilloscope
2. Laser power meter
3. Test disc (YEDS7)
4. Tracking balance adjustment filter
5. Loop gain adjustment filter
6. Signal generator
7. Frequency counter
8. Other general tools

• **Test Mode**

Test Mode setting and cancellation procedures

- (1) To set the Test Mode, turn the POWER switch of the player (S401) ON pushing the TEST MODE SWITCH (S1).
- (2) To cancel the Test Mode, simply turn the POWER switch of the player OFF.

The various key functions in the Test Mode are listed in Table 9-1.

• **Adjusting Points**

- VR1: Laser power
- VR7: Tracking offset (TRK.OFS)
- VR3: Focus gain (FCS.GAN)
- VR4: Tracking gain (TRK.GAN)
- VR5: Tracking balance (TRK.BAL)
- VR6: Focus offset (FCS.OFS)
- VR8: VCO adjustment (VCO.ADJ)
- VR2: RF offset (RF.OFS)

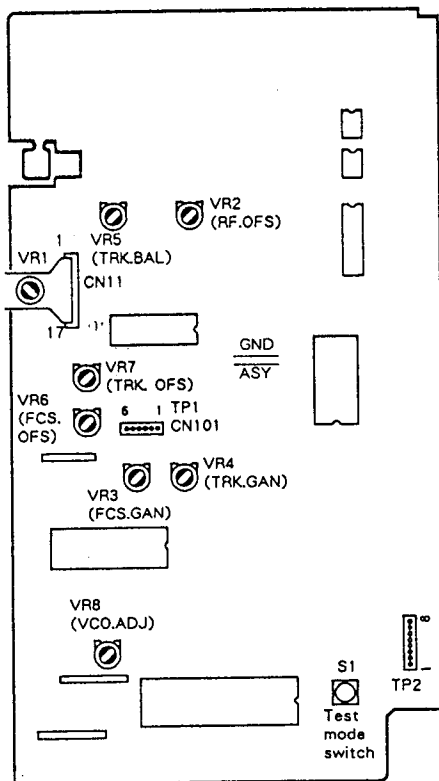


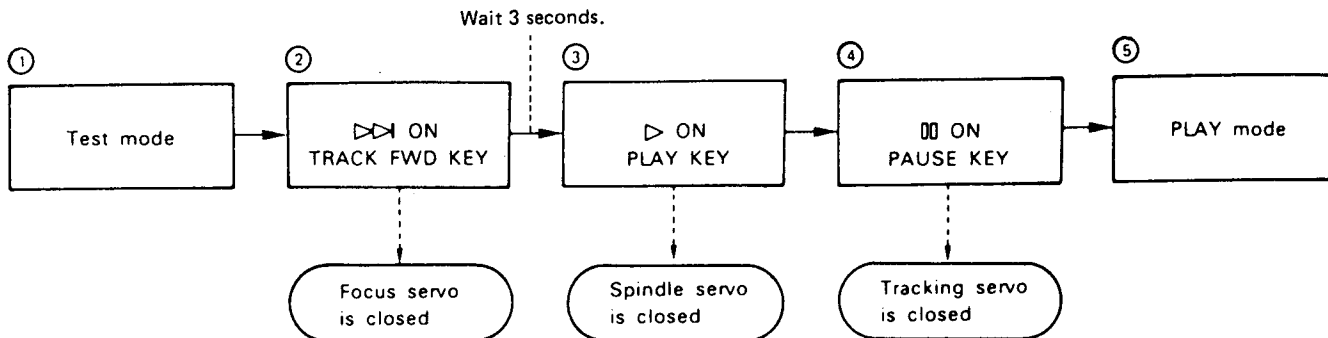
Fig. 9-1 Adjusting point

In the Test Mode, each servo circuit can be closed and opened by separate operations. Consequently, each servo must be closed one at a time (in serial sequence) to set PLAY mode.

Note that PLAY mode is not activated by simply pressing the PAUSE key (⏸) in the Test Mode.

Example: Switching from STOP to PLAY mode.

* The each servo mechanisms operate in a serial sequence in the Test Mode.

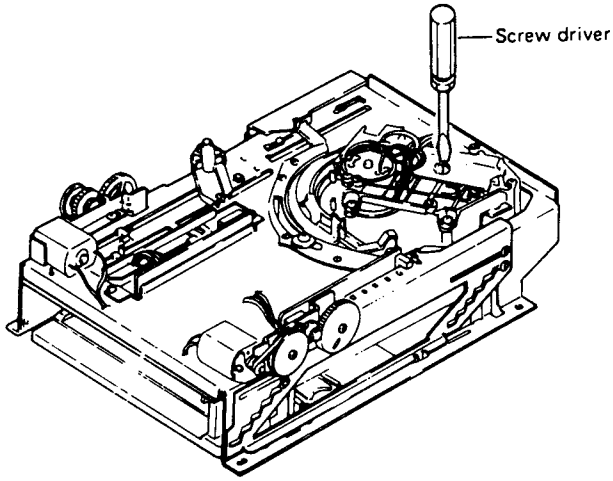
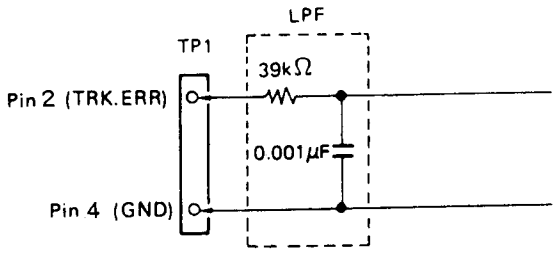


• Key Functions in Test Mode

Symbol	Key name	Function during test mode	Description
▷◁	TRACK FWD	Focus servo is closed.	Laser diode lights up. Actuator is moved up/down, then focus servo is closed.
▷	PLAY	Spindle servo is closed.	Spindle starts to rotate and the servo is closed when it turns into the CLV-A servo mode.
⏸	PAUSE	Tracking servo is closed/opened.	Performs toggle operation. Closing the tracking servo and becomes PLAY mode by depressing the key (Focus servo and spindle servo must be closing), and PAUSE indicator lights up. Tracking servo opens by depressing the key again.
▷◁	MANUAL SEARCH REV	Carriage moves in reverse direction. (towards disc center)	Carriage is moved towards disc center at a fast speed of about 3 cm/sec. Since there is no safety mechanism to stop the carriage, release the key when the carriage reaches the end.
▷▷	MANUAL SEARCH FWD	Carriage moves in forward direction. (towards disc end)	Carriage is moved towards disc end at a fast speed of about 3 cm/sec. Since there is no safety mechanism to stop the carriage, release the key when the carriage reaches the end.
□	STOP	STOP	All servos are opened.
⏏	EJECT	(CD Magazine) EJECT	CD Magazine is ejected. However, pickup does not return to the park position. Moreover, even when disc is closed the pickup remains as is.

Table 9-1

Step No.	Oscilloscope Setting		Test Points	Adjusting Points	Check items/ Adjustment specifications	Adjustment procedure
	V	H				
1 TRACKING OFFSET, FOCUS OFFSET AND RF OFFSET ADJUSTMENT						
			TP1 PIN 2 (TRK.ERR) TP1 PIN 6 (FCS.ERR) TP1 PIN 1 (RF OUTPUT)	VR5 (TRK.BAL) VR7 (TRK.OFS) VR6 (FCS.OFS) VR2 (RF.OFS)	45° 0V±50 mV FOCUS offset 0V±50 mV RF offset 100 mV±50 mV	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Set to TEST mode. (See page 33.) • Turn VR5 TRK.BAL (Tracking balance) volume clockwise 45° from the center. • Adjust with VR7 TRK.OFS (Tracking offset) volume so that the voltage of pin 2 TRK.ERR (Tracking error) of TP1 becomes 0V±50 mV. • Adjust VR6 FCS.OFS (focus offset) so that the FCS.ERR (focus error) voltage at TP1 pin 6 becomes 0V±50 mV. • Adjust VR2 RF.OFS (RF offset) so that the RF output voltage at TP1 PIN 1 becomes 100 mV±50 mV.
2 RF LEVEL ADJUSTMENT						
			TP1 Pin 1 (RF)	VR1 Laser power	1.5Vp-p ^{+0.2} ₋₀ V	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Set to TEST mode. (See page 33.) • Play TEST disc and connect probe of an oscilloscope to pin 1 RF (RF output) of TP1 and measure the P-P voltage of RF waveform. • Adjust VR1 (Laser power) so that the value is within 1.5Vp-p^{+0.2}₋₀ V.
3 LD (LASER DIODE) OUTPUT POWER CONFIRMATION						
					Confirmation: less than 0.13 mW	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Set to TEST mode. (See page 33.) • Press TRACK FWD key (▷▷) and turn ON LD (laser diode). • Place sensor of the laser power meter immediately above the object lens and confirm that the output power of the LD is less than 0.13 mW.
4 FOCUS LOCK AND SPINDLE LOCK CONFIRMATION						
	0.5V/div	100 msec/div	TP1 Pin 1 (RF output)		RF output exists Normal rotation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Set TEST disc. • Set to TEST mode. (See page 33.) • Shift the pickup close to the center of the disc by pressing the MANUAL SEARCH FWD key (▷▷). * Note that this step must be performed. • Observe pin 1 RF (RF output) of TP1 with an oscilloscope and confirm that the RF signal is output after pressing the TRACK FWD key (▷▷). • Press PLAY key (▷) and be sure that the disc rotates in normal direction at almost the specified speed (as it is close to the center of the disc, the rotating speed is around 30 rpm) and not rotates abnormally or inversely.

Step No.	Oscilloscope Setting		Test Points	Adjusting Points	Check items/ Adjustment specifications	Adjustment procedure					
	V	H									
5 GRATING ADJUSTMENT											
						<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Set to TEST mode. (See page 33.) • Shift the pickup close to the center of the disc by pressing MANUAL SEARCH FWD key (▷▷) so that the grating adjustment screw of the pickup can be seen through the oval hole of the upper side of the servo mechanism. • Insert the (-) screwdriver into the adjusting hole from the upper side of the mechanism as shown in Fig. 9-2, and confirm that the grating screw turns. • Press TRACK FWD key (▷▷) and PLAY key (▷) sequentially and close the focus servo and spindle servo. (Do not close the tracking servo.) • Observe the waveform of pin 2 TRK.ERR (Tracking error) of TP1 with an oscilloscope. At this point, insert a 4 kHz cutoff low-pass filter. (Fig. 9-3) 					
						 <p style="text-align: center;">Fig. 9-2</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Fig. 9-3</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 15%;">0.5V/div</td> <td style="width: 15%;">5 ms/div</td> <td style="width: 15%;">TP1 Pin 2 TRK.ERR</td> <td style="width: 15%;">Grating Grating</td> <td style="width: 15%;">Null point Maximum amplitude</td> </tr> </table>	0.5V/div	5 ms/div	TP1 Pin 2 TRK.ERR	Grating Grating	Null point Maximum amplitude
0.5V/div	5 ms/div	TP1 Pin 2 TRK.ERR	Grating Grating	Null point Maximum amplitude							
						<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Turn the (-) screwdriver and find null point. (Photo. 9-1) • Then, turn slowly the (-) screwdriver counterclockwise from the null point and adjust at the point where the waveform (Tracking error signal) firstly becomes maximum amplitude. (See Photo. 9-3.) <p>Note: If the (-) screwdriver is pressed strongly, the pickup moves toward disc center, accordingly adjustment becomes difficult.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Finally, be sure to confirm that the tracking error signal (at this time, 4 kHz of cutoff low-pass filter is not inserted) when the pickup is moved toward the disc center and the P-P voltage of the tracking error signal at the outer circumference of the disc are not varied greatly. When the level is deviated over $\pm 10\%$, adjust again by turning grating screw to the maximum error amplitude point. 					

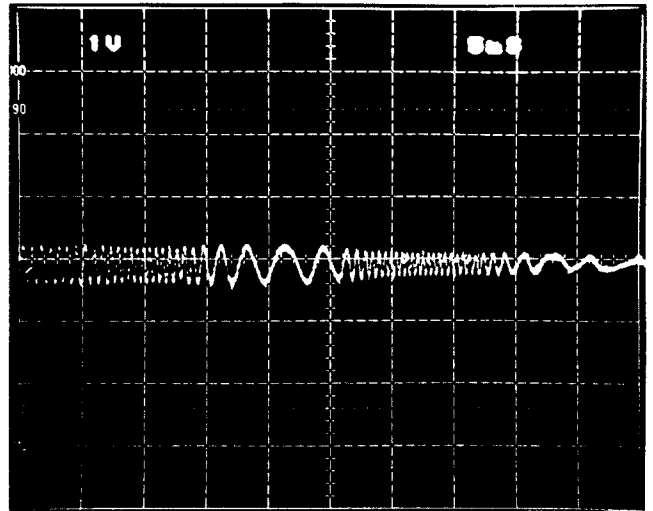


Photo. 9-1 Null point

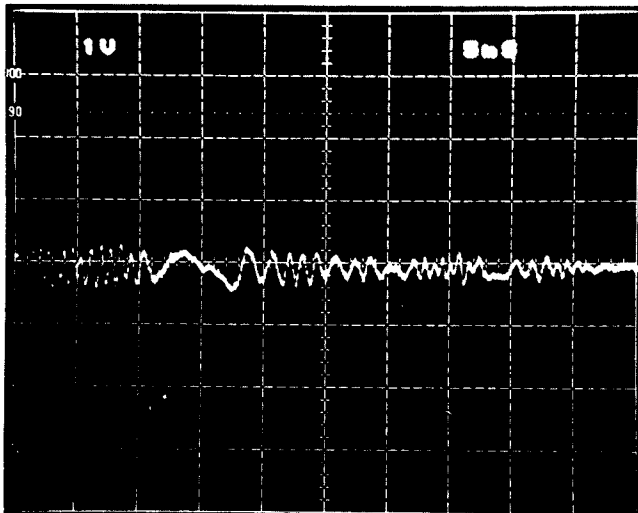


Photo. 9-2 Waveform of not null point

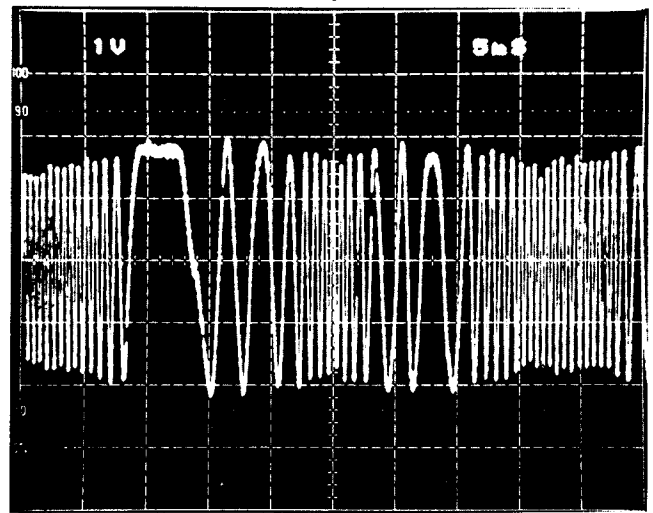
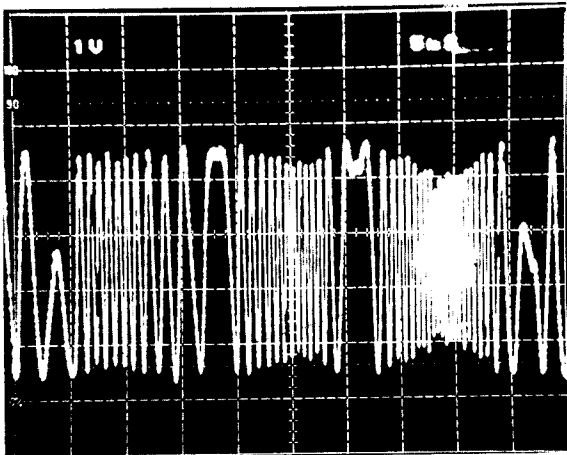
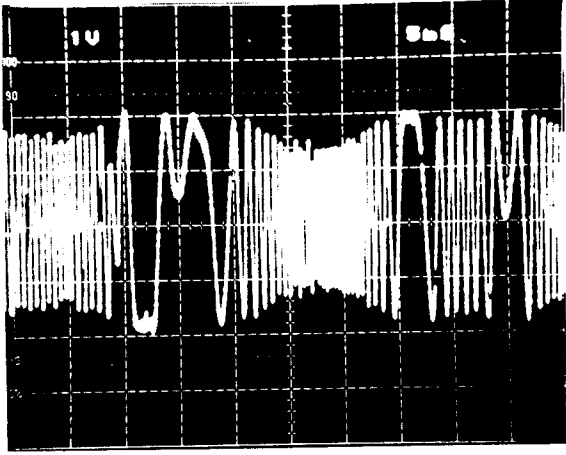
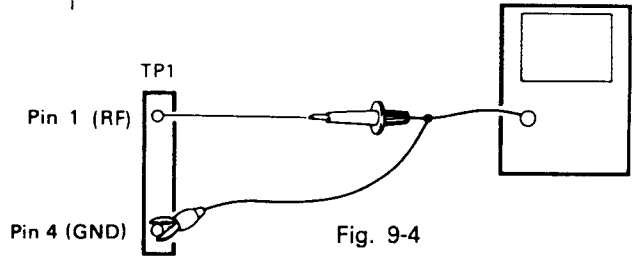
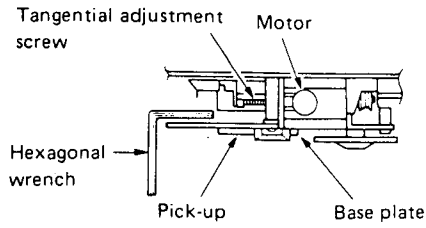


Photo. 9-3 Maximum amplitude

Step No.	Oscilloscope Setting		Test Points	Adjusting Points	Check items/ Adjustment specifications	Adjustment procedure
	V	H				
6 TRACKING BALANCE ADJUSTMENT						
	0.5V/div	5 msec /div	TP1 Pin 2 (TRK.ERR)	VR5 (TRK.BAL)	(TRK.ERR)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Set the TEST disc. • Set to TEST mode. (See page 33.) • Shift the carriage close to the center of the disc by pressing MANUAL SEARCH FWD key (▶▶). • Press TRACK FWD key (▶▶), and PLAY key (▶) to start turning the disc. • Observe pin 2 TRK.ERR (Tracking error) of TP1 with an oscilloscope and adjust with VR5 TRK.BAL (Tracking balance) volume so that the DC component of the tracking error disappears. <p>Note: Before proceeding with the above adjustments, be sure to adjust the tracking error offset.</p>
						
			<p>Photo. 9-4 DC component exists</p>		<p>Photo. 9-5 DC component not exist</p>	

Step No.	Oscilloscope Setting		Test Points	Adjusting Points	Check items/ Adjustment specifications	Adjustment procedure
	V	H				
7 TANGENTIAL ADJUSTMENT						
		200nS	TP1 Pin 1 (RF output)	Tangential adjustment screw	Best eye pattern	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Set the TEST disc. • Set to TEST mode. (See page 33.) • Shift the pickup close to the center of the disc by pressing MANUAL SEARCH FWD key (▷▷). • Press TRACK FWD key (▷▷), PLAY key (▷) and PAUSE key (⏏) sequentially, and close all the servos. (Pause indicator lights up.) • Observe pin 1 RF (RF output) of TP1 with an oscilloscope and adjust with the tangential screw so that the eye pattern becomes clear. (Fig. 9-4) • The adjusting point is the middle point between the point where the eye pattern becomes deteriorate by turning the tangential screw clockwise and the point where the eye pattern becomes deteriorate by turning the tangential screw counterclockwise. As a criterion, observe that the overall waveform is clear and one of the diamond shapes within the eye pattern (Photo. 9-6), and adjust at as an optimum point where the diamond shape is seen relatively fine line.
						 <p style="text-align: center;">Fig. 9-4</p> <p>Note: During the adjustment, hold hexagonal wrench to upward so as to keep the pickup body not goes down.</p>



In the figure below, the top and bottom is opposite to that of the actual product.

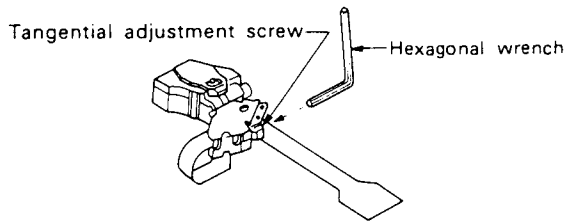


Fig. 9-5 Tangential adjustment

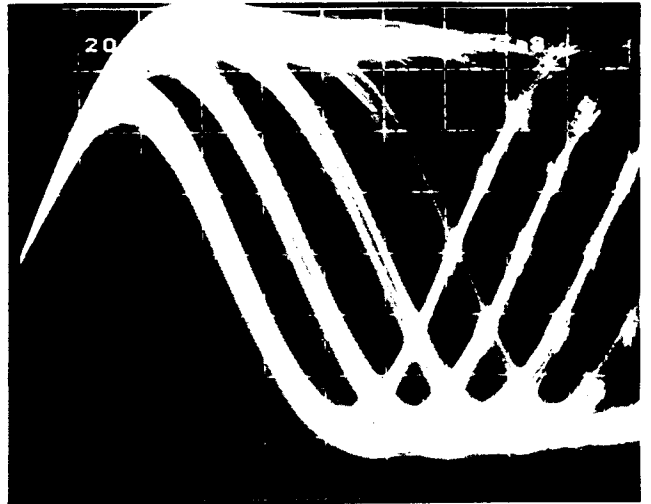
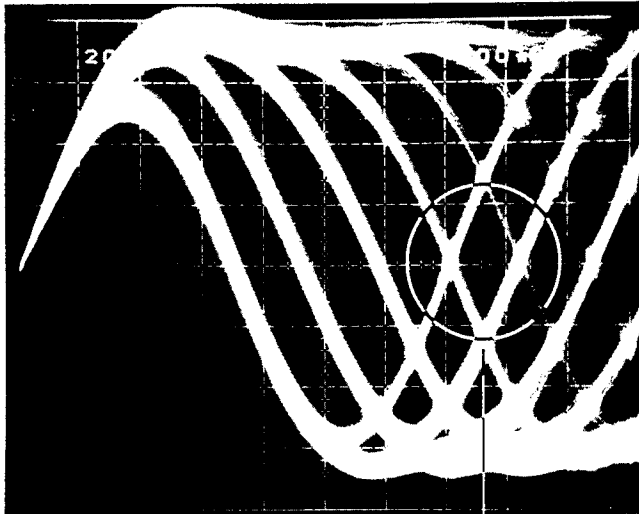


Photo. 9-7



Part to be observed

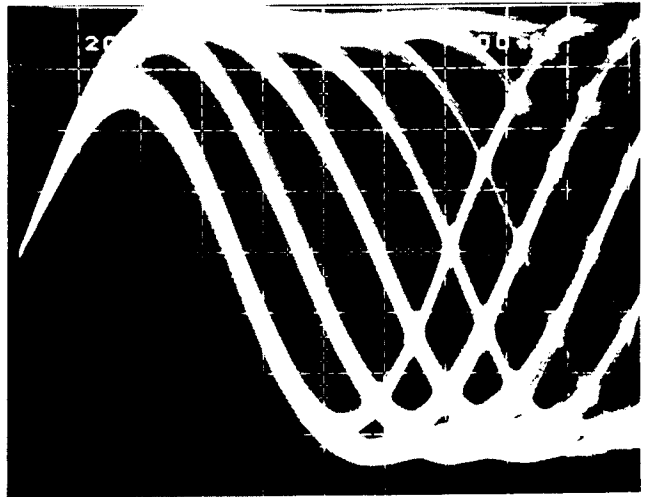


Photo. 9-8

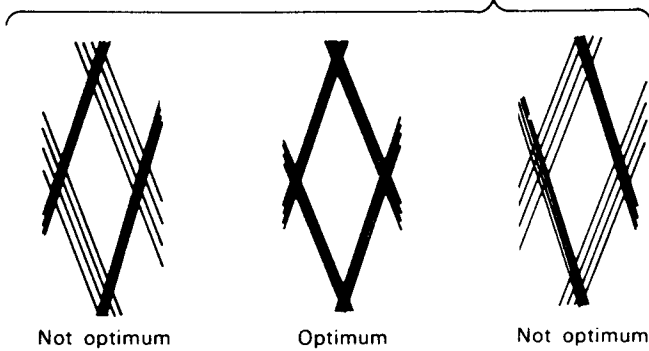


Photo. 9-6

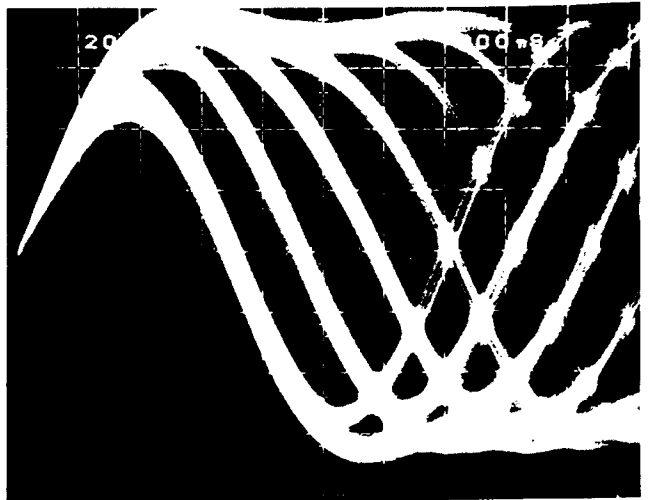


Photo. 9-9

Step No.	Oscilloscope Setting		Test Points	Adjusting Points	Check items/ Adjustment specifications	Adjustment procedure
	V	H				
8 FOCUS GAIN ADJUSTMENT						
	20mV/div.5/mV/div. CH1 (X), CH2 (Y) (Probe 10 : 1)	X axis TP1 Pin 5 (FCS.IN) Y axis TP1 Pin 6 (FCS.ERR)	VR3 (FCS.GAN)	Phase difference 90°	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In the POWER OFF state, connect an oscilloscope and oscillator as shown in Fig. 9-6. Set to PLAY mode. Turn the POWER of oscillator ON and output 1.2kHz 1 Vp-p. Note: (Depending upon oscillators, some of them output DC when their power turned ON. Therefore, it is desirable to connect oscillator after turning the power ON.) Adjust with VR3 FCS.GAN (Focus gain) volume so that the lissajous figure of the oscilloscope becomes horizontal circle (Phase difference 90°). 	<p style="text-align: center;">Fig. 9-6</p>



Photo. 9-10 High gain

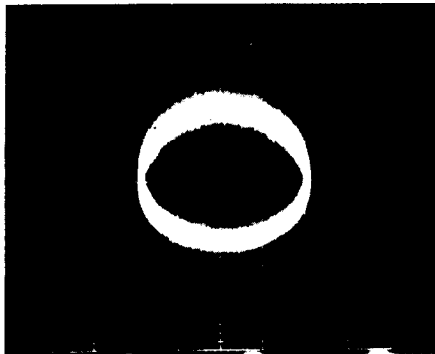


Photo. 9-11 Optimum gain



Photo. 9-12 Low gain

Step No.	Oscilloscope Setting		Test Points	Adjusting Points	Check items/ Adjustment specifications	Adjustment procedure
	V	H				
9 TRACKING GAIN ADJUSTMENT						
	50 mV/div. 5mV/div. CH1 (X), CH2 (Y) (Probe 10 : 1)	X axis TP1 Pin 3 (TRK.IN) Y axis TP1 Pin 2 (TRK.ERR)	VR4 (TRK.GAN)	Phase difference 90°	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In the POWER OFF state, connect an oscilloscope and oscillator as shown in Fig. 9-7. Set to PLAY mode. Turn the POWER of oscillator ON and output 1.2 kHz 2 Vp-p. <p>Note: (Depending upon oscillators, some of them output DC when their power turned ON. Therefore, it is desirable to connect oscillator after turning the power ON.)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adjust with VR4 TRK GAN (Tracking gain) volume so that the lissajous figure of the oscilloscope becomes horizontal circle (phase difference 90°). 	

Fig. 9-7



Photo. 9-13 High gain

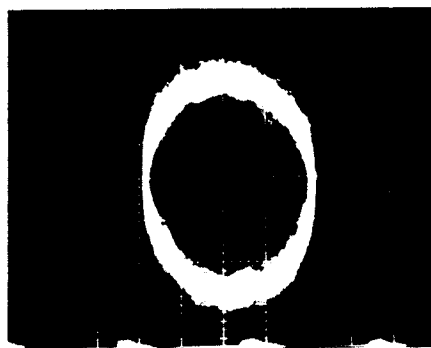


Photo. 9-14 Optimum gain

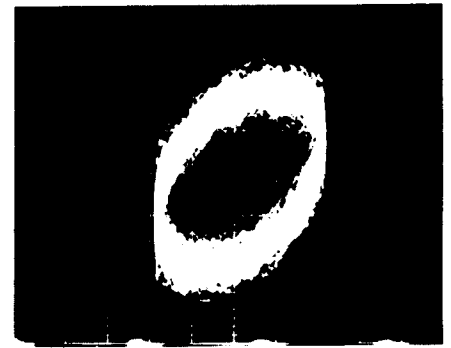


Photo. 9-15 Low gain

Step No.	Oscilloscope Setting		Test Points	Adjusting Points	Check items/ Adjustment specifications	Adjustment procedure
	V	H				
10	VCO FREE RUN FREQUENCY ADJUSTMENT					
			TP2 Pin 2	VR8 (VCO.ADJ)	4.275 ±0.025 MHz	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Set to TEST mode. (See page 33.) • Short-circuit between ASY and GND jumper with grating driver, etc. (Fig. 9-1) • Connect frequency counter, which is measurable over 10 MHz, to pin 2 of TP2. • Adjust with VR8.VCO ADJ (VCO adjustment) volume so that the value of frequency counter becomes 4.275±0.025 MHz.
11	METHOD TO CONFIRM S CHARACTER (FOCUS ERROR)					
						<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Set to TEST mode. (See page 33.) • Short-circuit between pin 5 FCS. IN (Focus in) of TP1 and GND. • Press TRACK FWD key (▷) and observe the waveform of pin 6 FCS.ERR (Focus error) of TP1 at that time with an oscilloscope.

9. RÉGLAGE

Les réglages pour ce modèle doivent être réalisés dans l'ordre indiqué ci-dessous.

• Réglages et vérifications à effectuer

1. Réglages de l'offset de centrage de piste, de l'offset de focalisation et de l'offset RF.
2. Réglage du niveau RF
3. Vérification de la puissance de sortie de la diode laser (LD)
4. Vérification du verrouillage de focalisation et du verrouillage de moyeu
5. Réglage du réseau
6. Réglage de l'équilibrage de centrage de piste
7. Réglage tangentiel
8. Réglage du gain de focalisation
9. Réglage du gain de centrage de piste
10. Réglage de la fréquence propre du VCO
11. Méthode de contrôle de la caractéristique S (erreur de focalisation)

• Matériel de mesure

1. Oscilloscope double trace
2. Appareil de mesure pour puissance laser
3. Disque d'essai (YEDS7)
4. Filtre de réglage pour équilibrage de centrage de piste
5. Filtre de réglage pour gain de boucle
6. Générateur de signal
7. Fréquencemètre
8. Outillage général divers

• Mode d'essai

Méthodes de réglage et d'annulation du mode d'essai

- (1) Pour régler le mode d'essai, placer l'interrupteur d'alimentation (POWER) du lecteur (S401) sur la position de marche (ON) en appuyant sur l'interrupteur de mode d'essai (TEST MODE SWITCH) (S1).
- (2) Pour annuler le mode d'essai, amener simplement l'interrupteur d'alimentation (POWER) du lecteur sur la position d'arrêt (OFF).

Les différentes fonctions des touches dans le mode d'essai sont indiquées dans le tableau 9-1.

• Points de réglage

- VR1: Puissance laser
- VR7: Décalage de centrage de piste (TRK.OFS)
- VR3: Gain de focalisation (FCS.GAN)
- VR4: Gain de centrage de piste (TRK.GAN)
- VR5: Equilibrage de centrage de piste (TRK.BAL)
- VR6: Décalage de focalisation (FCS.OFS)
- VR8: Réglage du VCO (VCO.ADJ)
- VR2: Offset RF (RF.OFS)

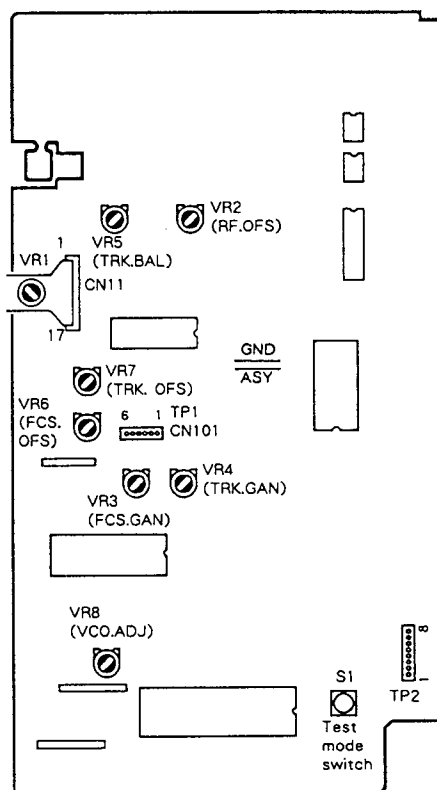


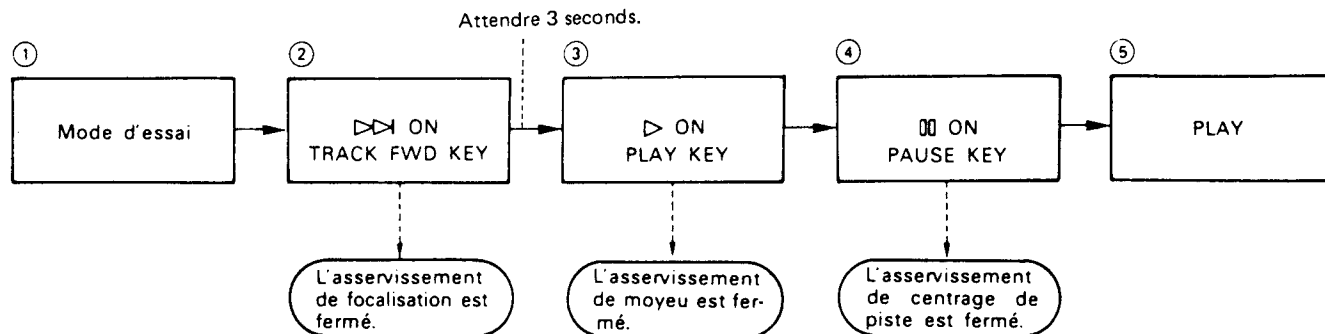
Fig. 9-1 Point de réglage

Dans le mode d'essai (Test Mode), chaque circuit asservi peut être fermé ou ouvert au moyen d'opérations séparées. En conséquence, les asservissements doivent être fermés l'un après l'autre (séquentiellement) pour régler le mode de lecture (PLAY).

Note: Le mode de lecture (PLAY) n'est pas simplement mis en oeuvre par l'enfoncement de la touche PAUSE (⏸) dans le mode d'essai.

Exemple: Commutation du mode d'arrêt (STOP) au mode de lecture (PLAY).

* Dans le mode d'essai (Test Mode), chaque servomécanisme agit séquentiellement.



• Fonction des touches dans le mode d'essai (Test Mode)

Symbole	Désignation de touche	Fonction pendant le mode d'essai	Description
▷▷	TRACK FWD	Asservissement de focalisation fermé	La diode laser s'allume. Le moteur d'asservissement se déplace vers le haut/bas, puis l'asservissement de focalisation est fermé.
▷	PLAY	Asservissement de moyeu fermé	Le moyeu commence à tourner et l'asservissement est fermé lorsqu'il passe dans le mode CLV-A.
⏸	PAUSE	Asservissement de centrage de piste ouvert/fermé	Réalise l'opération de bascule. Fermeture de l'asservissement de centrage de piste et passage en mode de lecture (PLAY) en appuyant sur la touche (l'asservissement de focalisation et l'asservissement de moyeu doivent se fermer); le voyant de PAUSE s'allume. L'asservissement de centrage de piste s'ouvre par une nouvelle pression sur la touche.
◁	MANUAL SEARCH REV	Le chariot se déplace en arrière (vers le centre du disque).	Le chariot se déplace vers le centre du disque à une vitesse élevée d'environ 3 cm/s. Comme il n'y a pas de dispositif de sécurité, relâcher la touche dès que le chariot arrive en fin de course.
▷▷	MANUAL SEARCH FWD	Le chariot se déplace en avant (vers le centre du disque).	Le chariot se déplace vers la fin du disque à la vitesse élevée d'environ 3 cm/s. Comme il n'y a pas de dispositif de sécurité, relâcher la touche dès que le chariot arrive en fin de course.
□	STOP	Arrêt	Tous les asservissements sont ouverts
⏏	EJECT	Ejection du magasin de disque compact	Le magasin du disque compact est éjecté. Néanmoins, la tête de lecture ne revient pas sur sa position de repos. De plus, même lorsque le disque est enfermé, la tête de lecture demeure tel quel.

Tableau 9-1

Pas No.	Réglage de l'oscilloscope		Points d'essai	Points de réglage	Points de contrôle/spécifications de réglage	Méthode de réglage
	V	H				
1. REGLAGES DE L'OFFSET DE CENTRAGE DE PISTE, DE L'OFFSET DE FOCALISATION ET DE L'OFFSET RF						
			TP1 broche 2 (TRK.ERR)	VR5 (TRK.BAL) VR7 (TRK.OFS)	45° 0V±50 mV	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Régler le mode d'essai (TEST). (Voir page 44) • Tourner le potentiomètre VR5 TRK.BAL (équilibrage de centrage de piste) de 45° depuis le centre dans le sens des aiguilles d'une montre. • Ajuster le potentiomètre VR7 TRK.OFS (décalage de centrage de piste) de façon à ce que la tension à la broche 2 TRK.ERR (erreur de centrage de piste) de TP1 devienne égale à 0V±50 mV. • Régler VR6 FCS.OFS (offset de focalisation) de manière à ce que la tension de FCS.ERR (erreur de focalisation) relevée sur la broche 6 de TP1 soit de 0V±50 mV. • Régler VR2 RF.OFS (offset HF) de manière à ce que la tension de RF OUTPUT (sortie HF) relevée sur la broche 1 de TP1 soit de 100 mV±50 mV.
			TP1 BROCHE 6 (FCS.ERR)	VR6 (FCS.OFS)	Offset de focalisation 0V±50 mV	
			TP1 BROCHE 1 (RF OUTPUT)	VR2 (RF.OFS)	Offset RF 100 mV±50 mV	
2. REGLAGE DU NIVEAU RF						
			TP1 Broche 1 (RF)	VR1 Puissance laser	1.5Vp-p ^{+0.2} ₋₀ V	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Régler le mode d'essai (TEST). (Voir page 44) • Reproduire le disque d'essai (TEST) et raccorder la sonde d'un oscilloscope à la broche 1 RF (sortie RF) de TP1 et mesurer la tension C-C de la forme d'onde RF. • Régler la puissance laser de façon que la tension soit de 1.5Vp-p^{+0.2}₋₀V.
3. CONTRÔLE DE LA PUISSANCE DE SORTIE DE LA DIODE LASER (LD)						
					Confirmation: moins de 0,13 mW	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Régler le mode d'essai (TEST). (Voir page 44) • Appuyer sur la touche de centrage de piste arrière (TRACK FWD) (⏪) et enclencher la diode laser (LD). • Placer le capteur de l'instrument destiné à mesurer la puissance laser au dessus de l'objectif et vérifier que la puissance de sortie de la diode laser (LD) est inférieure à 0,13 mW.
4. CONTRÔLE DU VERROUILLAGE DE FOCALISATION ET DU VERROUILLAGE DE MOYEU						
	0.5 V/div.	100 ms/div.	TP1 broche 1 (sortie RF)		Présence de sortie RF Rotation normale	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mettre en place le disque d'essai (TEST). • Régler le mode d'essai (TEST). (Voir page 44) • Déplacer la tête de lecture à proximité du centre du disque en appuyant sur la touche de recherche [MANUAL SEARCH FWD (⏪)]. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cette étape doit absolument être réalisée. • Observer le signal RF à la broche 1 de TP1 (sortie RF) au moyen d'un oscilloscope et vérifier que le signal RF sorte après l'enfoncement de la touche d'avance de piste TRACK FWD (⏩). • Appuyer sur la touche de lecture (PLAY) (▶) et s'assurer que le disque tourne en sens normal avec approximativement la vitesse spécifiée (étant près du centre du disque, la vitesse de rotation est d'environ 30 tr/mn), sans anomalie ni inversion du sens de rotation.

Pas No.	Réglage de l'oscilloscope		Points d'essai	Points de réglage	Points de contrôle/spécifications de réglage	Méthode de réglage
	V	H				

5. RÉGLAGE DE LA MIRE

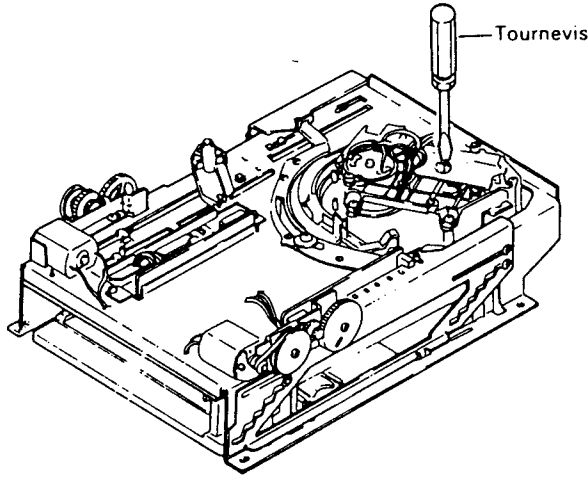


Fig. 9-2

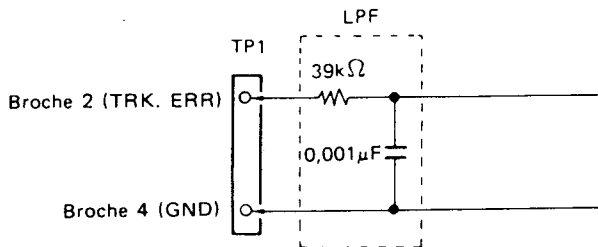


Fig. 9-3

- Régler le mode d'essai (TEST). (Voir page 44)
- Amener la tête de lecture à proximité du centre du disque en appuyant sur la touche de recherche manuelle avant (MANUAL SEARCH FWD) (▷▷), de façon à ce que la vis de réglage du réseau de la tête de lecture puisse être vue à travers le trou oval situé à la partie supérieure de l'asservissement.
- Introduire le tournevis (—) dans le trou de réglage depuis la partie supérieure du mécanisme, comme illustré à la figure 9-2, puis vérifier que la vis de réseau tourne.
- Appuyer séquentiellement sur les touches de piste avant TRACK FWD (▷▷) et de lecture (PLAY) (▷), et fermer les asservissements de focalisation et de moyeu. (Ne pas fermer l'asservissement de centrage de piste.)
- Observer la forme d'onde à la broche 2 TRK.ERR (erreur de centrage de piste) de TP1 au moyen d'un oscilloscope. Introduire alors un filtre de coupure passe-bas 4 kHz. (Figure 9-3)

0,5 V/div.	5 ms/div.	TP1 Broche 2 TRK.ERR	Réseau Réseau	Point zéro Amplitude maximum
------------	-----------	----------------------------	------------------	---------------------------------

- Faire tourner un le tournevis (—) et rechercher le point zéro. (Photo 9-1)
- Tourner ensuite lentement dans le sens contraire des aiguilles d'une montre le tournevis (—) depuis le point zéro et l'ajuster sur le point où la forme d'onde (signal d'erreur de centrage de piste) présente une première amplitude maximum. (Voir photo 9-3.)

Note:

Si le tournevis (—) est appuyé avec force, la tête de lecture se déplace vers le centre du disque et le réglage devient difficile à effectuer.

- Finalement, s'assurer que le signal d'erreur de centrage de piste (cette fois-ci le filtre de coupure passe-bas à 4 kHz n'est pas introduit) n'a pas beaucoup varié lorsque la tête de lecture est déplacée vers le centre du disque, et aussi que la tension C-C du signal de centrage de piste n'a pas non plus beaucoup varié sur la circonférence extérieure du disque. Lorsque le niveau varie de plus de ±10%, recommencer le réglage en tournant la vis de réseau jusqu'au point d'amplitude d'erreur maximum.

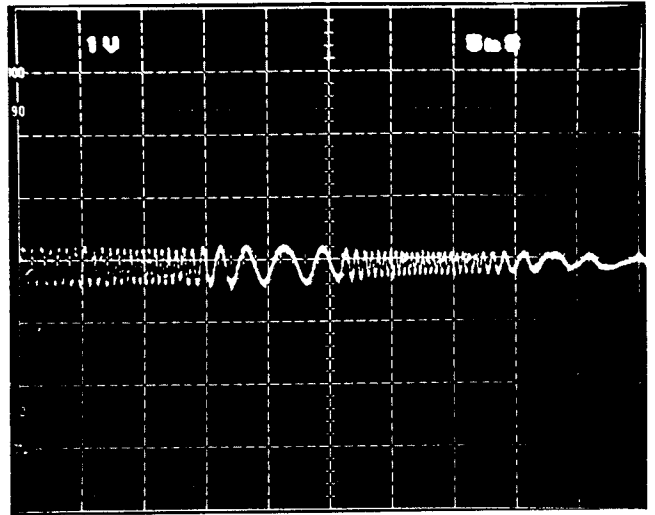


Photo. 9-1 Point zéro

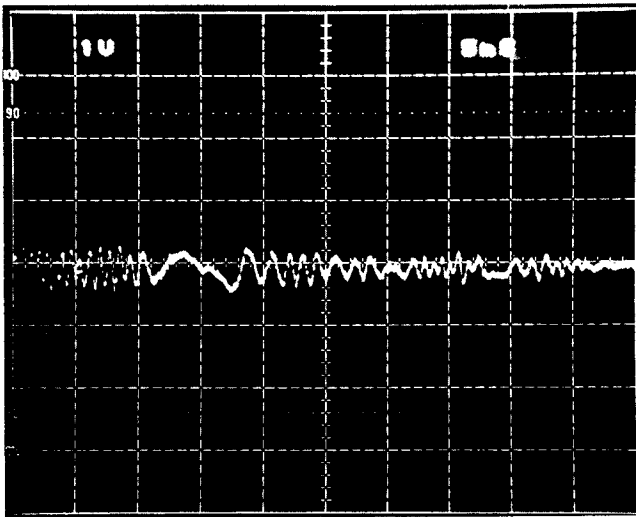


Photo. 9-2 Forme d'onde hors du point zéro

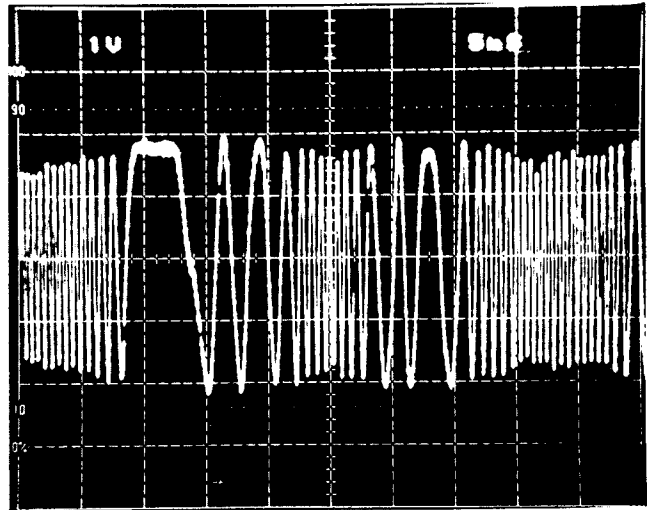
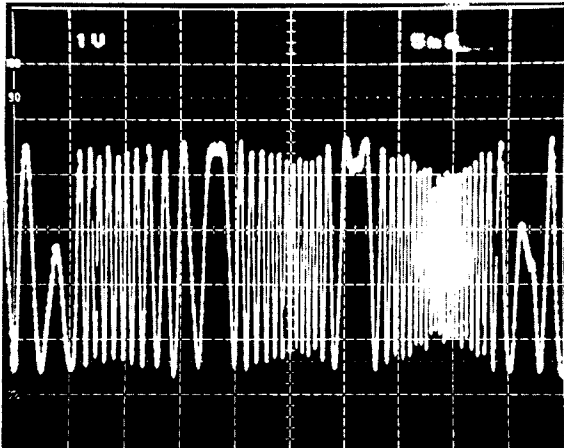
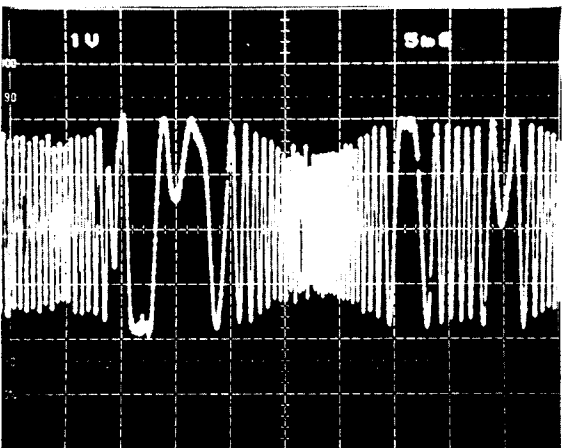
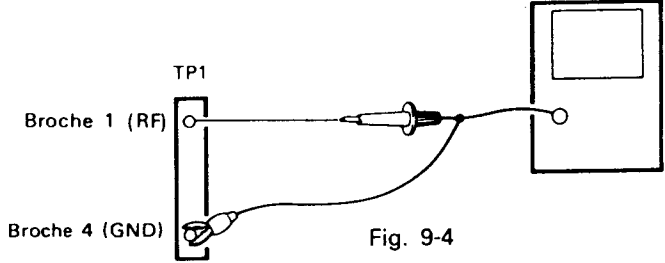
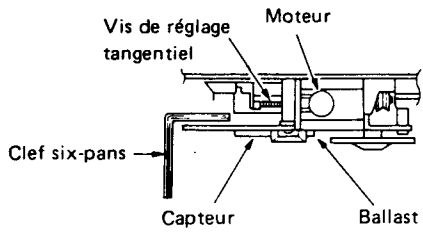


Photo. 9-3 Amplitude maximum

Pas No.	Réglage de l'oscilloscope		Points d'essai	Points de réglage	Points de contrôle/spécifications de réglage	Méthode de réglage
	V	H				
6. RÉGLAGE DE L'ÉQUILIBRAGE DE CENTRAGE DE PISTE						
	0,5 V/div.	5 ms/div.	TP1 Broche 2 (TRK.ERR)	VR5 (TRK.BAL)	TRK.ERR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mettre en place le disque d'essai (TEST). • Régler le mode d'essai (TEST). (Voir page 44) • Amener la tête de lecture à proximité du centre du disque en appuyant sur la touche de recherche manuelle avant (MANUAL SEARCH FWD) (>>). • Appuyer sur la touche de piste avant (TRACK FWD) (>>) et sur la touche de lecture (PLAY) (>) pour faire tourner le disque. • Observer la broche 2 TRK.ERR (erreur de centrage de piste) de TP1 au moyen d'un oscilloscope et ajuster au moyen du potentiomètre VR5 TRK.BAL (équilibrage de centrage de piste) de façon à ce que la composante continue de l'erreur de centrage de piste disparaisse. <p>Note: Avant de procéder aux ajustements ci-dessus, veiller à régler le décalage d'erreur de piste.</p>
						
			<p>Photo. 9-4 Présence de la composante continue</p>		<p>Photo. 9-5 Absence de la composante continue</p>	

Pas No.	Réglage de l'oscilloscope		Points d'essai	Points de réglage	Points de contrôle/spécifications de réglage	Méthode de réglage
	V	H				
7. RÉGLAGE TANGENTIEL						
		200 ns	TP1 Broche 1 (sortie RF)	Vis de réglage tangentiel	Mire Best Eye	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mettre en place le disque d'essai (TEST) • Régler le mode d'essai (TEST). (Voir page 44) • Amener la tête de lecture à proximité du centre du disque en appuyant sur la touche de recherche manuelle avant (MANUAL SEARCH FWD) (↶). • Appuyer séquentiellement sur les touches d'avance de piste (TRACK FWD) (↷), de lecture (PLAY) (▶) et de pause (PAUSE) (⏸), et fermer tous les asservissements. (Le voyant de pause s'allume.) • Observer le signal RF à la broche 1 (sortie RF) de TP1 au moyen d'un oscilloscope et régler au moyen de la vis tangentielle, de façon à ce que la mire Best Eye devienne claire. (Figure 9-4) • Le point de réglage se situe au milieu entre le point où la mire se détériore en tournant la vis tangentielle dans le sens des aiguilles d'une montre et le point où la mire se détériore en tournant la vis tangentielle dans le sens inverse des aiguilles d'une montre. Comme critère, observer que la forme d'onde globale soit claire et que l'une des formes de losange se situe dans la mire (Photo 9-6); réaliser le réglage en un point optimum où la forme de losange apparaît avec des traits relativement fins.
						 <p style="text-align: center;">Fig. 9-4</p>
						<p>Note: Pendant le réglage, tenir la clef six-pans vers le haut de façon à ce que le corps de la tête de lecture ne descende pas.</p>



Dans l'illustration ci-dessous, le dessus et le dessous de l'appareil sont en réalité à l'envers.

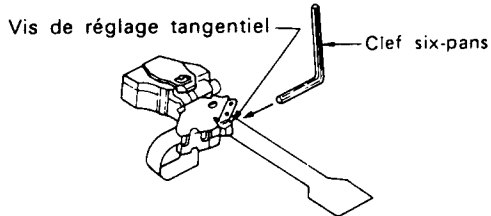


Fig. 9-5 Réglage tangentiel

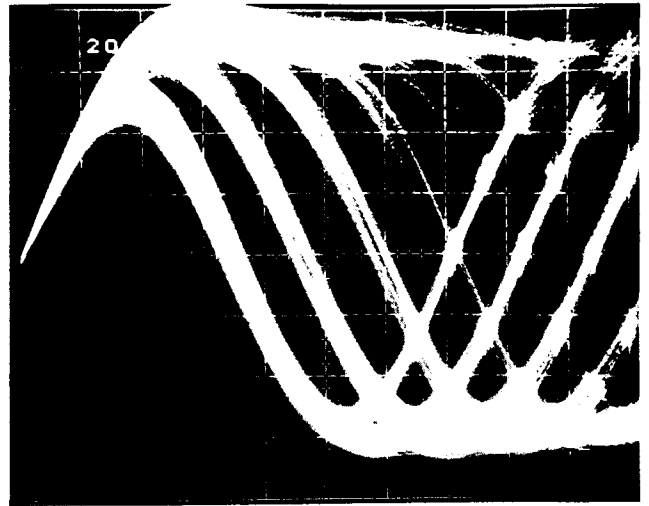
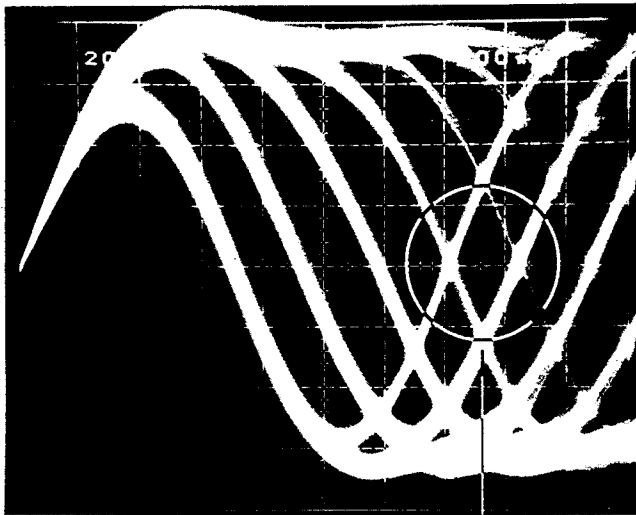


Photo. 9-7



Partie à observer

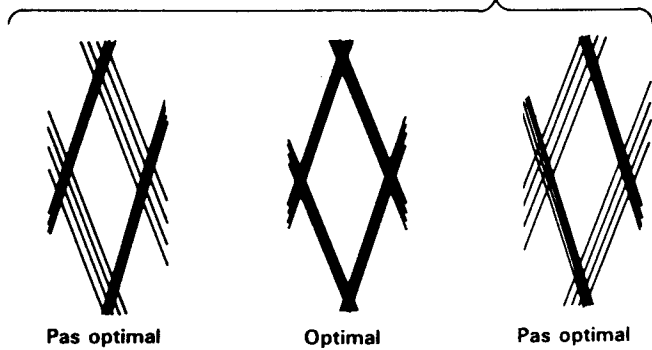


Photo. 9-6

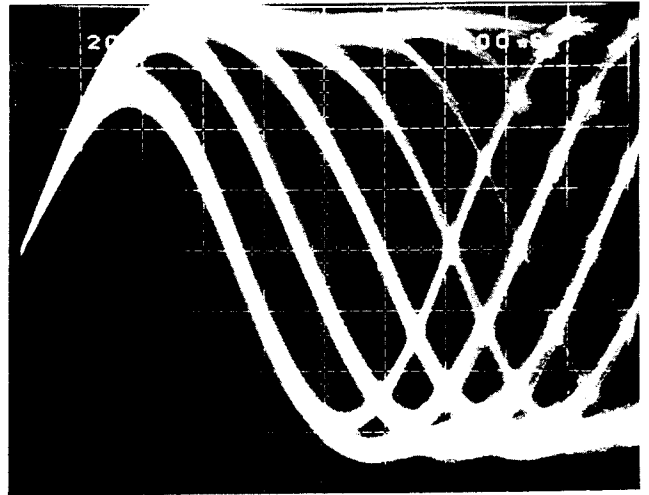


Photo. 9-8

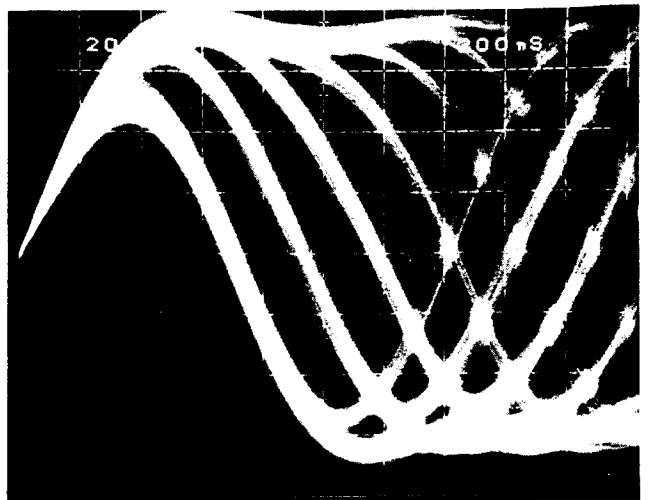


Photo. 9-9

Pas No.	Réglage de l'oscilloscope		Points d'essai	Points de réglage	Points de contrôle/spécifications de réglage	Méthode de réglage
	V	H				
8. RÉGLAGE DU GAIN DE FOCALISATION						
	20 mV/div. 5 mV/div. Canal 1(X). Canal 2(Y) (Sonde 10:1)		Axe X TP1 Broche 5 (FCS.IN) Axe Y TP1 Broche 6 (FCS.ERR)	VR3 (FCS.GAN)	Différence de phase 90°.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • L'alimentation étant coupée (POWER OFF), raccorder un oscilloscope et un oscillateur de la manière indiquée à la figure 9-6. • Régler le mode de lecture (PLAY). • Enclencher l'alimentation de l'oscillateur et délivrer un signal de 1,2kHz à 1 Vc-c. <p>Note: (En fonction de l'oscillateur utilisé, certains appareils fournissent un courant continu lors de leur enclenchement. Par conséquent, il est préférable de raccorder l'oscillateur après avoir enclenché son alimentation.)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ajuster le potentiomètre VR3 FCS.GAN (gain de focalisation) de façon à ce que la figure de Lissajou observée sur l'oscilloscope devienne un cercle horizontal (déphasage 90°).
						<p>Fig. 9-6</p>



Photo. 9-10 Gain élevé

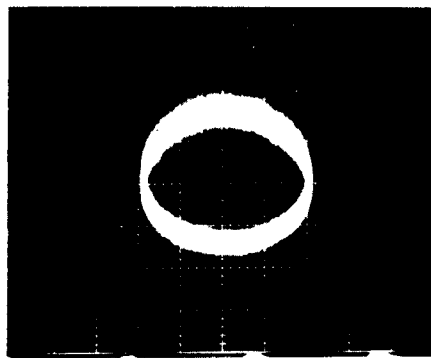


Photo. 9-11 Gain optimum



Photo. 9-12 Gain réduit

Pas No.	Réglage de l'oscilloscope		Points d'essai	Points de réglage	Points de contrôle/spécifications de réglage	Méthode de réglage
	V	H				
9. RÉGLAGE DU GAIN DE CENTRAGE DE PISTE						
	50 mV/div. 5 mV/div. Canal 1 (X), Canal 2 (Y) (Sonde 10:1)		Axe X TP1 Broche 3 (TRK.IN) Axe Y TP1 Broche 2 (TRK.ERR)	VR4 (TRK.GAN)	Déphasage 90°	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • L'alimentation étant coupée (POWER OFF), raccorder un oscilloscope et un oscillateur de la manière indiquée à la figure 9-7. • Régler le mode d'essai (TEST). (Voir page 44) • Appuyer séquentiellement sur les touches d'avance de piste (TRACK FWD) (▷), de lecture (PLAY) (▷) et de pause (PAUSE) (⏏), puis enclencher chaque asservissement de focalisation, moyeu et centrage de piste. <p>Enclencher l'alimentation de l'oscillateur et fournir un signal de 1,2 kHz à 2 Vc-c.</p> <p>Note: (En fonction de l'oscillateur utilisé, certains appareils fournissent un courant continu lors de leur enclenchement. Par conséquent, il est préférable de raccorder l'oscillateur après avoir enclenché son alimentation.)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ajuster le potentiomètre VR4 TRK GAN (gain de centrage de piste) de façon à ce que la figure de Lissajou sur l'oscilloscope devienne un cercle horizontal (déphasage 90°).
						Fig. 9-7




Photo. 9-13 Gain élevé



Photo. 9-14 Gain optimum



Photo. 9-15 Gain réduit

Pas No.	Réglage de l'oscilloscope		Points d'essai	Points de réglage	Points de contrôle/ spécifications de réglage	Méthode de réglage
	V	H				
10. RÉGLAGE DE LA FRÉQUENCE PROPRE DU VCO						
			TP2 Broche 2	VR8 (VCO.ADJ)	4.275 ±0.025 MHz	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Régler le mode d'essai (TEST). (Voir page 44) • Court-circuiter entre les ponts ASY et GND au moyen de l'outil de réseau, etc. (Figure 9-1) • Raccorder un fréquencemètre capable de mesurer au-dessus de 10 MHz à la broche 2 de TP2. • Ajuster le potentiomètre VR8 VCO ADJ (réglage du VCO) de façon à ce que la valeur indiquée par le fréquencemètre devienne égale à 4,275±0,025 MHz.
11. MÉTHODE DE CONTRÔLE DE LA CARACTÉRISTIQUE S (ERREUR DE FOCALISATION)						
						<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Régler le mode d'essai (TEST). (Voir page 44) • Réaliser un court-circuit entre la broche 5 FCS.IN (entrée de focalisation) de TP1 et la terre GND. • Appuyer sur la touche d'avance de piste (TRACK FWD) () et observer simultanément la forme d'onde à la broche 6 FCS.ERR (erreur de focalisation) de TP1 au moyen d'un oscilloscope.

9. AJUSTE

Los items de ajuste de este modelo deberán ser efectuados en el orden mostrado abajo.

• Items de ajuste y comprobación

1. Ajuste de desviación de seguimiento, foco y RF.
2. Ajuste del nivel de RF
3. Confirmación de la alimentación de salida de LD (diodo láser)
4. Confirmación de enclavamiento del enfoque y del eje
5. Ajuste del retículo
6. Ajuste del equilibrio de seguimiento
7. Ajuste tangencial
8. Ajuste de la ganancia de enfoque
9. Ajuste de la ganancia de seguimiento
10. Ajuste de la frecuencia propia de VCO
11. Método para confirmar el carácter S (error de enfoque)

• Equipo de medición

1. Osciloscopio de doble traza
2. Medidor de alimentación del láser
3. Disco de prueba (YEDS7)
4. Filtro de ajuste de equilibrio de seguimiento
5. Filtro de ajuste de ganancia de bucle
6. Generador de señal
7. Contador de frecuencia
8. Otras herramientas generales

• Modo de prueba

Ajuste del modo de prueba y los procedimientos de cancelación

- (1) Para disponer el modo de prueba, coloque en ON el interruptor POWER del reproductor (S401) mientras presiona el interruptor TEST MODE (S1). (terminales del modo de ajuste).
- (2) Para cancelar el modo de prueba, simplemente gire el interruptor de POWER del reproductor a OFF.

Las varias funciones de tecla en el modo de prueba están enlistadas en la Tabla 9-1.

• Puntos de ajuste

- VR1: Alimentación del láser
- VR7: Desviación del seguimiento (TRK.OFS)
- VR3: Ganancia de enfoque (FCS.GAN)
- VR4: Ganancia de seguimiento (TRK.GAN)
- VR5: Equilibrio de seguimiento (TRK.BAL)
- VR6: Desviación de enfoque (FCS.OFS)
- VR8: Ajuste de VCO
- VR2: Compensación de RF (RF.OFS)

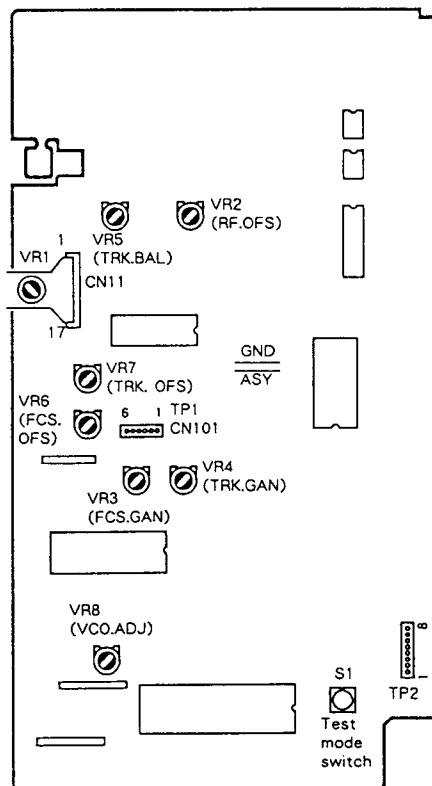


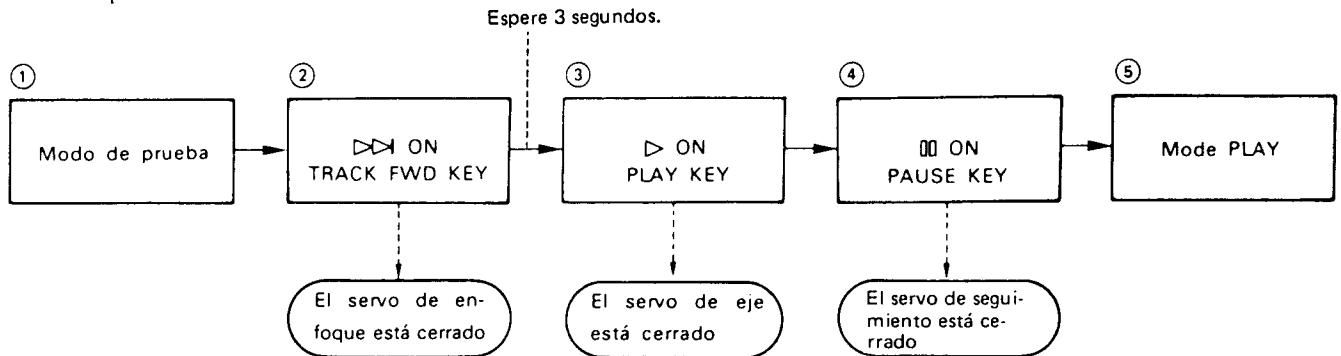
Fig. 9-1 Punto de ajuste

En el modo de prueba, cada servocircuito puede ser cerrado y abierto por operaciones separadas. Consecuentemente, cada servo deberá ser cerrado uno a la vez (en secuencia en serie) para ajustar el modo de PLAY (reproducción).

Fijese que el modo de PLAY no se activa simplemente presionando la tecla de PAUSE (pausa) (⏸) en el modo de prueba.

Ejemplo: Conmutando del modo de STOP (parado) a PLAY.

* Cada servomecanismo funciona en una secuencia en serie en el modo de prueba.

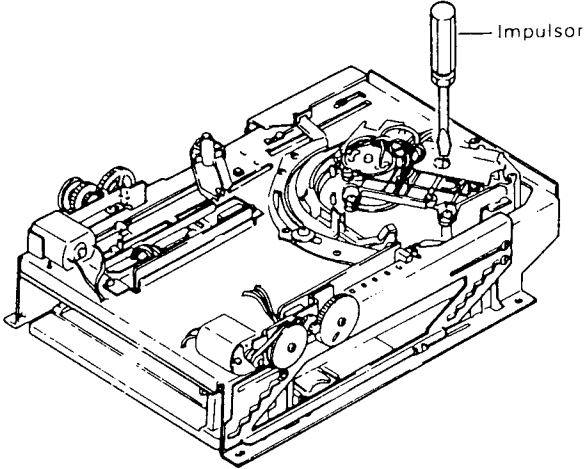
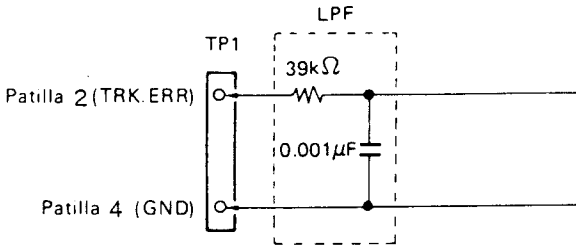


• Funciones de tecla en el modo de prueba

Símbolo	Nombre de tecla	Función durante el modo de prueba	Descripción
▷▷	TRACK FWD	El servo de enfoque está cerrado.	El diodo láser se enciende. El actuador se mueve arriba/abajo, luego se cierra el servo de enfoque.
▷	PLAY	El servo de eje está cerrado.	El eje comienza a rotar y se cierra el servo cuando se convierte en el modo de servo CLV-A.
⏸	PAUSE	El servo de seguimiento está cerrado/abierto	Ejecuta la operación de conexión oscilante. Cuando se cierra el servo de seguimiento y se pone en el modo de PLAY presionando esta tecla (el servo de enfoque y el del eje deberán estar cerrados), y el indicador de pausa se enciende. El servo de seguimiento se abre presionando de nuevo la tecla.
◁◁	MANUAL SEARCH REV	El carro se mueve en la dirección inversa (hacia el centro del disco)	El carro se mueve hacia el centro del disco a una alta velocidad de como 3 cm/seg. Ya que no existe un mecanismo de seguridad para detener el carro, libere la tecla cuando el carro llegue al final.
▷▷	MANUAL SEARCH FWD	El carro se mueve en la dirección hacia delante. (hacia el final del disco)	El carro se mueve hacia el final del disco a una alta velocidad de como 3 cm/seg. Ya que no existe un mecanismo de seguridad para detener el carro, libere la tecla cuando el carro llegue al final.
□	STOP	PARADO	Todos los servos están abiertos.
⏏	EJECT	(Cargador de discos compactos)	El cargador de discos compactos. Sin embargo, el captador no regresa a su posición de aparcamiento. Además, aun cuando se cierra el disco el captador permanece tal como está.

Tabla 9-1

No. de paso	Ajuste del osciloscopio		Puntos de prueba	Puntos de ajuste	Items de verificación/ Especificaciones de ajuste	Procedimiento de ajuste
	V	H				
1 AJUSTES DE COMPENSATION DE SEGUIMIENTO, FOCO Y RF						
			Patilla 2 de TP1 (TRK. ERR)	VR5 (TRK.BAL) VR7 (TRK.OFS)	45° 0V±50 mV	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ajuste el modo de prueba. (Vea la página 55.) Gire el volumen de TRK.BAL (Equilibrio de seguimiento) de VR5 en el sentido de las manecillas del reloj 45° del centro. Ajuste VR7 TRK.ERR (de seguimiento) de modo que el voltaje en TRK.ERR (desviación de seguimiento) de la patilla 2 de TP1 se ponga en 0V±50 mV.
			Patilla 6 de TP1 (FCS. ERR)	VR6 (FCS. OFS)	Compens. de foco 0V ± 50mV	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ajuste VR6 FCS.OFS (compensación de foco) de modo que el voltaje de FCS.ERR (error de foco) en la patilla 6 de TP1 sea 0V ± 50mV.
			Patilla 1 de TP1 (RF OUTPUT)	VR2 (RF OFS)	Compens. de RF 100mV ± 50mV	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ajuste VR2 RF.OFS (compensación de RF) de modo que el voltaje de salida de RF en la patilla 1 de TP1 sea 100 mV ± 50 mV.
2 AJUSTE DEL NIVEL DE RF						
			Patilla 1 de TP1 (RF)	Alimentación del laser VR1	1.5Vp-p ^{+0.2} ₋₀ V	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ajuste el modo de TEST. (Vea la página 55.) Reproduzca el disco de TEST y conecte la sonda de un osciloscopio a la RF de la patilla 1 (Salida de RF) de TP1 y mida el voltaje de P-P de la forma de onda de RF. Ajuste UR1 (alimentación del láser) que el valor sea 1.5Vp-p^{+0.2}₋₀ V.
3 CONFIRMACION DE ALIMENTACION DE ALIDA DE LD (DIODO LASER)						
					Confirmación Menos de 0,13 mW	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ajuste el modo de prueba. (Vea la página 55.) Presione la tecla de TRACK FWD (>>) y encienda el LD (Diodo láser). Ubique el sensor del medidor de potencia del láser inmediatamente arriba del objetivo, y confirme que la potencia de salida del LD sea menos de 0,13 mW.
4 CONFIRMACION DE BLOQUEO DE ENFOQUE Y DEL EJE						
	0.5V/div	100 mseg/div	Patilla 1 de TP1 (Salida de RF)		Existe salida de RF Rotación normal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ajuste del disco de TEST. Ajuste del modo de TEST. (Vea la página 55.) Cambie el captador cerca del centro del disco presionando la tecla de MANUAL SEARCH FWD (>>). Tenga en cuenta que este paso deberá ser ejecutado. Observe RF (Radio frecuencia) de la patilla 1 de TP1 con un osciloscopio y confirme que se saque la señal de RF después de presionar la tecla de TRACK.ERR (>>). Presione la tecla de PLAY (>) y asegúrese que el disco rota en la dirección normal casi a la velocidad especificada (tal como está cerca del centro del disco, la velocidad de rotación es alrededor de 30 rpm) y que no rote anormalmente o inversamente.

No. de paso	Ajuste del osciloscopio		Puntos de prueba	Puntos de ajuste	Items de verificación/ Especificaciones de ajuste	Procedimiento de ajuste
	V	H				
5	AJUSTE DE LA MIRA					
					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ajuste el mode TEST. (Vea la página 55.) • Cambie el captador cerca del centro del disco presionando la tecla de MANUAL SEARCH FWD (↶) de modo que el tornillo de ajuste de retículo del captador pueda ser visto a través del orificio oval en el lado superior del servomecanismo. • Inserte el tornillo (—) en el orificio del lado superior o del mecanismo como se muestra en la Fig. 9-2, y confirme que gira el tornillo de retículo. • Presione la tecla de TRACK FWD (↷) y la tecla de PLAY (▶) secuencialmente y cierre el servo de enfoque y el del eje. (No cierre el servo de seguimiento.) • Observe la forma de onda en TRCK ERR (Error de seguimiento) de la patilla 2 de TP1 con un osciloscopio. Luego inserte un filtro de paso bajo de corte. (Fig. 9-3) 	
					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gire el tornillo (—) y encuentre el punto cero (Foto. 9-1) • Luego, gire lentamente el tornillo (—) hacia el sentido contrario del reloj desde el punto cero y ajuste en el punto donde la forma de onda (señal de error de seguimiento) primeramente se ponga a una amplitud máxima. (Vea Foto 9-3) 	
	0.5V/div	5 ms/div	TRK.ERR de la patilla 2 de TP1	Retículo	Punto cero	
					Amplitud máxima	
						<p>Nota:</p> <p>Si el tornillo (—) se presiona fuertemente, el captador se mueve hacia el centro del disco, por consiguiente el ajuste resulta difícil.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Finalmente, asegúrese de confirmar que la señal de error de seguimiento (en este momento, no se ha insertado el filtro de paso bajo de corte de 4 kHz) cuando el captador se mueve hacia el centro del disco y el voltaje de P-P de la señal de error de seguimiento en la circunferencia exterior del disco no haya variado considerablemente. Cuando se desvia el nivel arriba de $\pm 10\%$, ajuste de nuevo girando el tornillo de retículo a un punto de amplitud de error mínimo.

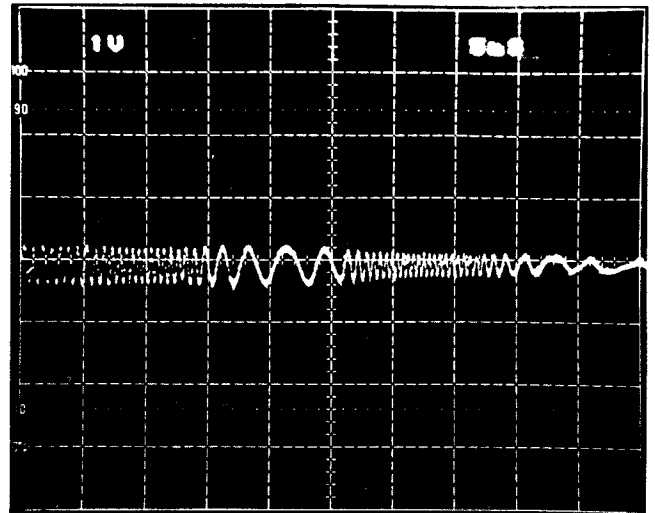


Foto. 9-1 Punto cero

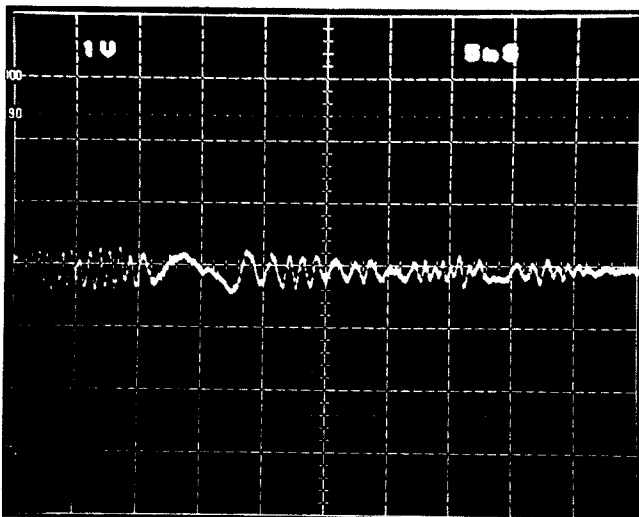


Foto. 9-2 Forma de onda de un punto no cero

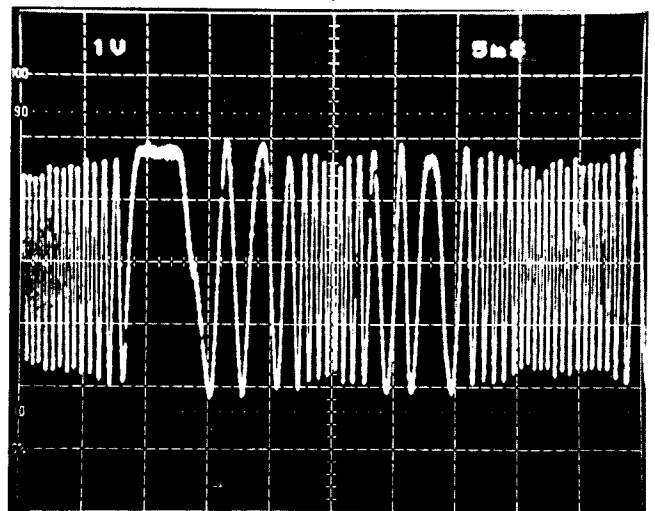
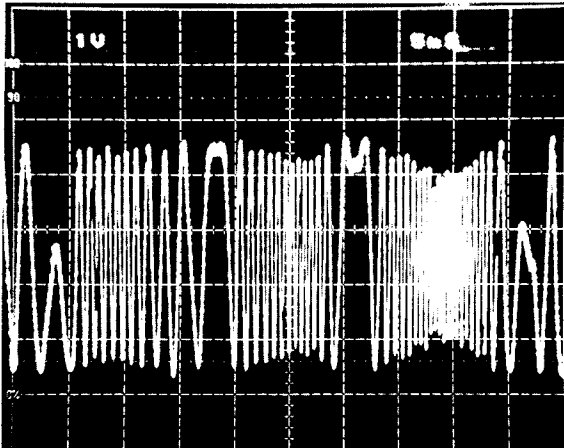
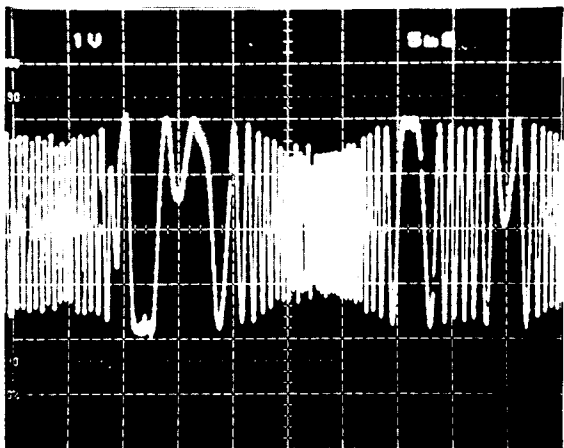
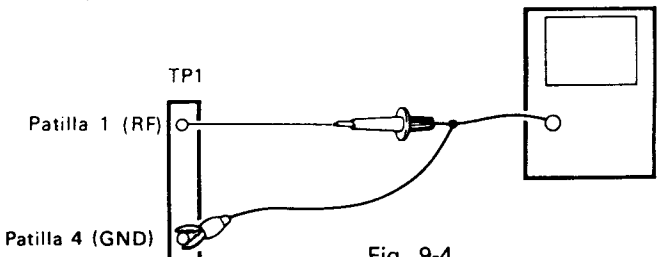
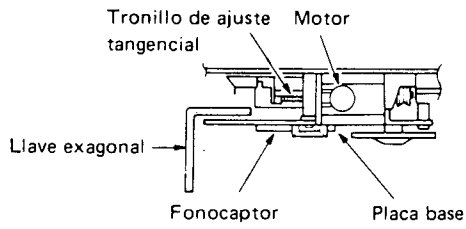


Foto. 9-3 Amplitud máxima

No. de paso	Ajuste del osciloscopio		Puntos de prueba	Puntos de ajuste	Items de verificación/ Especificaciones de ajuste	Procedimiento de ajuste
	V	H				
6 AJUSTE DE EQUILIBRIO DE SEGUIMIENTO						
	0,5V/div	5 mseg /div	Patilla 2 de TP1 (TRK.ERR)	VR5 (TRK.BAL)	TRK.ERR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ajuste el disco de TEST. • Ajuste el mode de TEST. (Vea la página 55.) • Cambie el captador cerca del centro del disco presionando la tecla de MANUAL SEARCH FWD (>>). • Presione la tecla de TRACK FWD (>>>) y la tecla de PLAY (▷) para comenzar a voltear el disco. • Observe TRK.ERR (Error de seguimiento) de la patilla 2 de TP1 con un osciloscopio y ajuste con el volumen de TRK.BAL (Equilibrio de seguimiento) de VR5 de modo que la componente de CC del error de seguimiento desaparezca. <p>Nota: Antes de realizar los ajustes indicados arriba, asegúrese de compensar el error de seguimiento.</p>
						
					Foto. 9-4 Existe componente de CC	Foto. 9-5 No existe componente de CC

No. de paso	Ajuste del osciloscopio		Puntos de prueba	Puntos de ajuste	Items de verificación/ Especificaciones de ajuste	Procedimiento de ajuste
	V	H				
7 AJUSTE TANGENCIAL						
		200 nS	Patilla 1 de TP1 (Salida de RF)	Tornillo de ajuste de la tangencial	Mejor imagen de prueba	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ajuste el disco de TEST. • Ajuste el mode de TEST. (Vea la página 55.) • Cambie el carro cerca del centro del disco presionando la tecla de MANUAL SEARCH FWD (>>). • Presione la tecla de TRAK FWD (>>>), la tecla de PLAY (>) y la tecla de PAUSE (∞) secuencialmente, y cierre todos los servos. (El indicador de pausa se enciende.) • Observe el RF de la patilla 1 (Salida de RF) de TP1 con un osciloscopio y ajuste con el tornillo de la tangencial de modo que la imagen de prueba resulte nítida. (Fig. 9-4) • El punto de ajuste es el punto medio entre el punto donde la imagen de prueba se deteriora girando el tornillo de la tangencial en el sentido de las manecillas del reloj, y el punto donde la imagen de prueba se deteriora girando el tornillo de la tangencial en contra del sentido de las manecillas del reloj. Como un criterio, observe que la forma de onda en conjunto sea nítida y que una de las figuras de diamante esté dentro de la imagen de prueba (Foto. 9-6), y ajuste al punto óptimo donde la forma de diamante se vea relativamente como una línea fina.
						 <p style="text-align: center;">Fig. 9-4</p> <p>(Nota) Durante el ajuste, sostenga la llave hexagonal hacia arriba para evitar que el cuerpo del captador vaya hacia abajo.</p>



En la figura siguiente, las partes superior e inferior son opuestas a las del producto real.

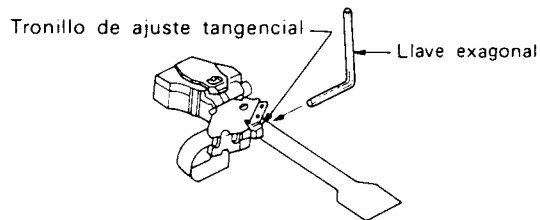


Fig. 9-5 Ajuste tangencial

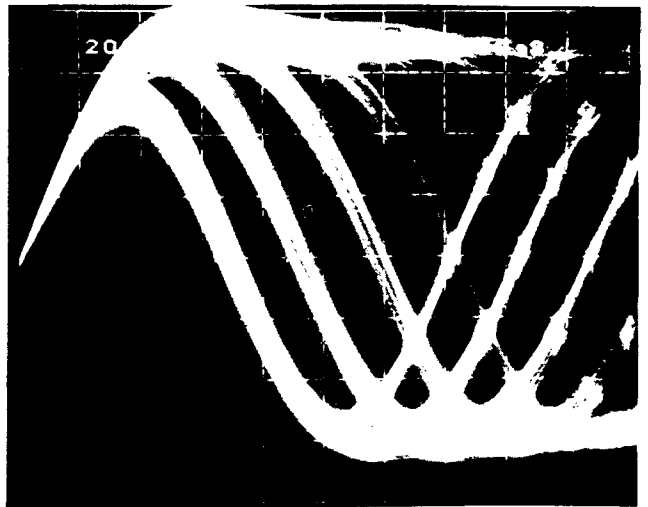
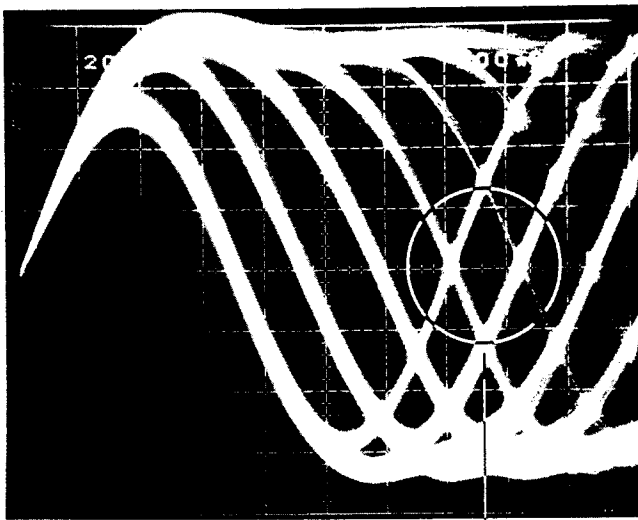


Foto. 9-7



Parte a ser observada

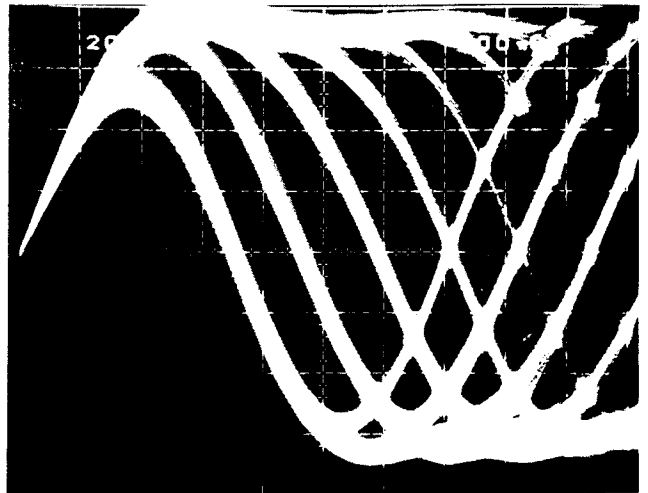


Foto. 9-8

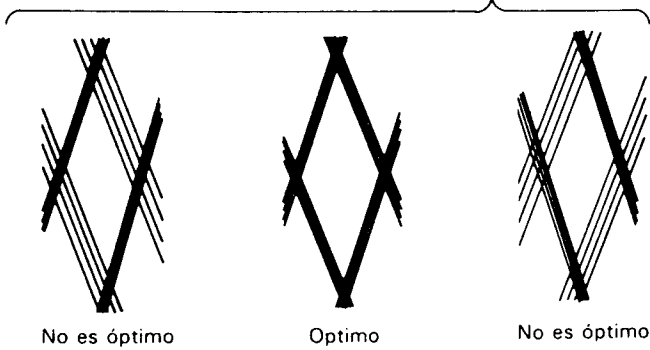


Foto. 9-6

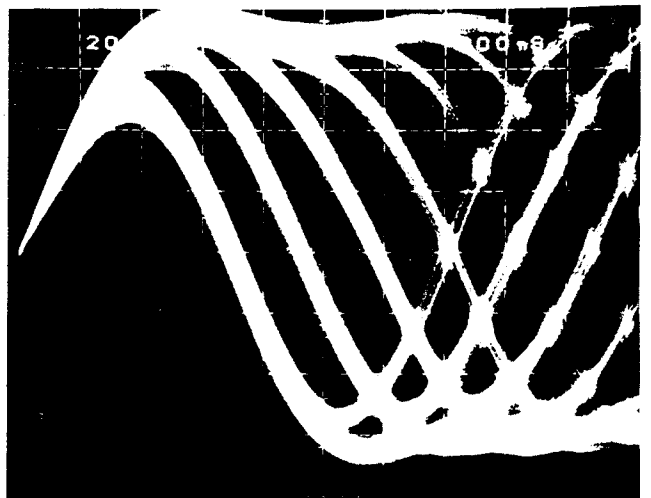


Foto. 9-9

No. de paso	Ajuste del osciloscopio		Puntos de prueba	Puntos de ajuste	Items de verificación/ Especificaciones de ajuste	Procedimiento de ajuste
	V	H				
8 AJUSTE DE GANANCIA DE ENFOQUE						
	20 mV/div.5/mV/div. CH1 (X), CH2 (Y) (SONDA 10:1)		Eje X Patilla 5 de TP1 (FCS.IN) Eje Y Patilla 6 de TP1 (FCS.ERR)	VR3 (GANACIA FCS)	Diferencia de fase 90°	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • En el estado de POWER OFF (apagado), conecte el osciloscopio y el oscilador como se muestra en la Fig. 9-6. • Ajuste el modo de PLAY. • Encienda el power del oscilador y extraiga 1,2kHz 1 Vp-p. <p>Nota: (Dependiendo en los osciladores, algunos de ellos producen CC cuando son encendidos. Por lo tanto, es conveniente conectar el oscilador después del encendido.)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ajuste con el volumen de FCS.GAN (Ganancia de enfoque) de VR3 de modo que la figura de Lissajous del osciloscopio a ser un círculo horizontal (90° de diferencia de fase).

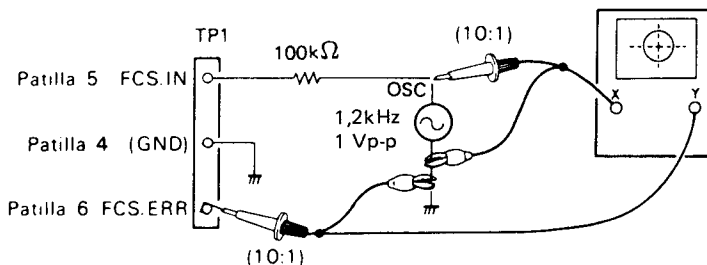


Fig. 9-6



Foto. 9-10 Alta ganacia

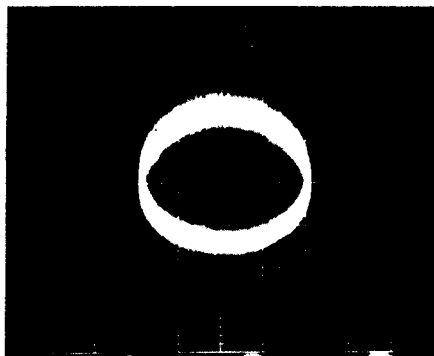


Foto. 9-11 Ganacia óptima

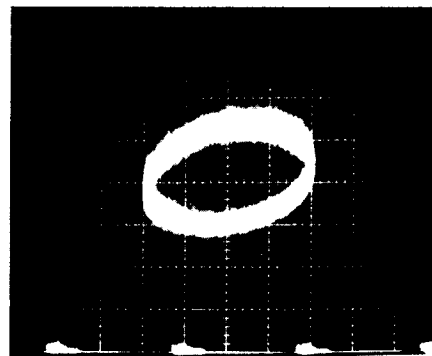





Foto. 9-12 Baja ganancia

No. de paso	Ajuste del osciloscopio		Puntos de prueba	Puntos de ajuste	Items de verificación/ Especificaciones de ajuste	Procedimiento de ajuste
	V	H				
9 AJUSTE DE GANANCIA DE SEGUIMIENTO						
	50 mV/div. 5 mV/div. CN1 (X), CH2 (Y) (SONDA 10:1)		Eje X Patilla 3 de TP1 (TRK.ERR) Eje Y Patilla 2 de TP1 (TRK.ERR)	VR4 (TRK.GAN)	90° de diferencia	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • En el estado de POWER OFF (apagado), conecte un osciloscopio y un oscilador como se muestra en la Fig. 9-7. • Ajuste el modo de TEST. (Vea la página 55.) • Presione la tecla de TRACK FWD (), la tecla de PLAY (), y la tecla de PAUSE () secuencialmente, y encienda el servo del enfoque, el del eje y el de seguimiento. • Encienda el oscilador y extraiga 1.2 kHz 2 Vp-p. <p>Nota: (Dependiendo en los osciladores, algunos de ellos producen CC cuando son encendidos. Por la tanto, es conveniente conectar el oscilador después del encendido.)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ajuste con el volumen de TRAK GAN de VR4 (Ganancia de seguimiento) de modo que la figura de Lissajous del osciloscopio llegue a ser un círculo horizontal (90° de diferencia de fase).

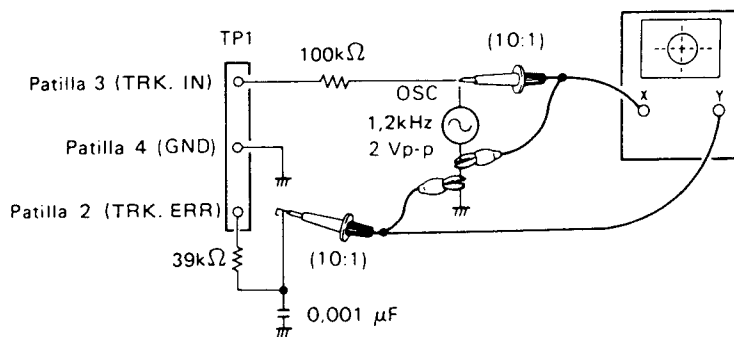


Fig. 9-7




Foto. 9-13 Alta ganancia



Foto. 9-14 Ganancia óptima



Foto. 9-15 Baja ganancia

No. de paso	Ajuste del osciloscopio		Puntos de prueba	Puntos de ajuste	Items de verificación/ Especificaciones de ajuste	Procedimiento de ajuste
	V	H				
10 AJUSTE DE LA FRECUENCIA PROPIA DE VCO						
			Patilla 2 de TP2	VR8 (VCO.ADJ)	4.275 ±0.025 MHz	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ajuste el modo de TEST. (Vea la página 55.) • Haga un cortocircuito entre ASY y la conexión volante de GND con impulsor de retículo, etc. (Fig. 9-1) • Conecte el frecuencímetro, que pueda medir arriba de 10 MHz, a la patilla 2 de TP2. • Ajuste con el volumen VCO ADJ (ajuste de VCO) de VR8 de modo que el valor del frecuencímetro se ponga en 4,275 ±0.025 MHz.
11 METODO PARA CONFIRMAR EL CARACTER S (ERROR DE ENFOQUE)						
						<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ajuste el modo de TEST. (Vea la página 55.) • Haga un cortocircuito entre FCS.IN (Entrada de enfoque) de la patilla 5 de TP1 y GND. • Presione la tecla de TRACK FWD () y observe la forma de onda de FCS.ERR (Error de enfoque) de la patilla 6 de TP1 con un osciloscopio.

10. FOR HB, HP AND SD TYPES

10.1 CONTRAST OF MISCELLANEOUS PARTS

NOTES:

Parts without part number cannot be supplied.

The Δ mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.

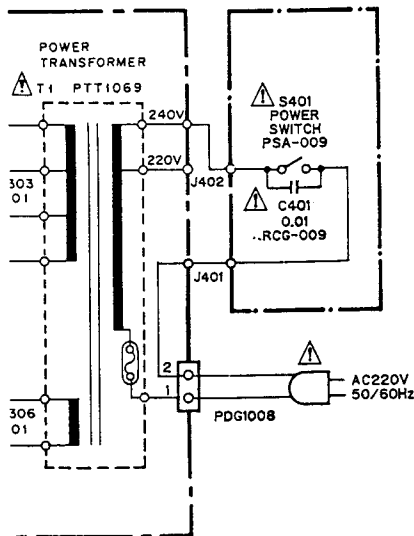
- Parts marked by "⊙" are not always kept in stock. Their delivery time may be longer than usual or they may be unavailable.
Shipment is made with the caution card affixed to the glass door.

The PD-Z82M/HB, HP and SD types are the same as the PD-Z82M/HEM type with the exception of the following sections.

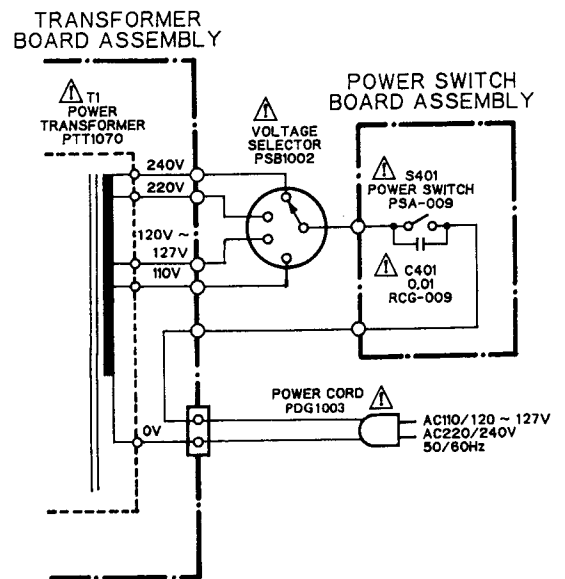
Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.				Remarks
		PD-Z82M/HEM	PD-Z82M/HB	PD-Z82M/HP	PD-Z82M/SD	
Δ	AC power cord	PDG1008	PDG1021	PDG1011	PDG1003	
Δ	Power transformer (AC220/240V)	PTT1069	PTT1069	PTT1069	...	
Δ	Power transformer (AC110/120-127/220/240V)	...	...	...	PTT1070	
Δ	Line voltage selector (110/120-127/220/240V)	...	...	...	PSB1002	
	Operating instructions (English)	...	PRB1080	PRB1080	PRB1080	
	Operating instructions (English/French/German/Italian)	PRE1076	...	...	...
	Operating instructions (Spanish)	...	...	...	PRC1005	

10.2 SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

- For HB and HP types



- For SD type



Line Voltage Selection (for HEM, HB and HP types)

• Line voltage can be changed with the following steps.

1. Disconnect the AC power cord.
2. Remove the bonnet case.
3. Change the connection wire from Power switch board assembly (Terminal NO. ③) to Transformer board assembly (Terminal NO. ① or ②) as follows.

Voltage	Terminal NO. of Transformer board assembly
220V	①
240V	②

4. Stick the line voltage label on the rear panel.

Description	Part No.
220V label	AAX-193
240V label	AAX-192

